

BioTrade and Non-Tariff measures

Hanoi, 23-24 June 2016

Workshop on the identification of barriers to the trade of biodiversity based and BioTrade products from Viet Nam

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wiss Confederation

Federal Departement of Economic Affairs, Education and Research EAER State Secretariat for Economic Affairs SECO



Content



BioTrade scope and impact

- Market trends
- Non-tariff measures example

Current work on identification of barriers to the trade of biodiversity/BioTrade products



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Linkages between livelihoods, BD and markets



BioTrade and UNCTAD



UNCTAD is the programme of the United Nations dedicated to promoting the development –friendly integration of developing countries into the world economy



The BioTrade Initiative of UNCTAD – Launched in 1996 – aims to promote trade and investment in biodiversity derived products and services to further sustainable development

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Network with national, regional and international partners

Africa: Botswana, Burkina Provides economic, social and environmental^{Aadagascar,} Malawi, Mozambique, benefits: Namibia, South Africa, Swaziland, Tanzania, € 4.3 bn turnover of BT companies/associations (2015) 3.500 value chains Asia: Indonesia, Malaysia, Singapore, and Viet Nam Around 5 million beneficiaries worldwide n America: (producers/farmers, collectors/hunters, workers, etc)State of Bolivia, Brazil, Colombia, Ecuador, Mexico and Peru



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Engaging in international trade – BioTrade example

BioTrade products are based on **native** species – " exotic" and lack of information/understanding in target markets

Example: Baobab fruit powder

- Novel Food Regulation (EC. No. 258/97)
 - Lengthy and costly process: 3,5 yrs. €250K -€350K







Barriers to trade of biodiversity-based products



Identify barriers to the trade of biodiversity-based/BioTrade products in from the food, personal care and phyto-pharma sectors

- Import markets: China, EU, Japan, USA and Switzerland
- Export markets: Colombia, Peru and Viet Nam



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Mapping of NTMs applicable to BioTrade Products

Mapping of NTMs applicable to BioTrade products (based on HS codes previously identified)

Carried out by

UNCTAD's Trade Analysis Branch (TAB): China, EU, Japan, USA
 & ITC: Switzerland

Based on HS codes given by partners in Viet Nam & used by BioTrade (or potential) companies:

• 25 HS codes grouped into edible vegetables, fruits and nuts, oil seeds, gums and resins, extracts, vegetable fats and oils

Revision of laws, decrees, etc. in import markets to document in a database

Companies surveys



- Complements the NTM work of mapping NTMs
- Survey targeted companies in the selected markets and sectors
 - General information on company and products traded
 - Challenges faced when exporting or importing e.g.
 related to certain regulation and procedure
- Further identify the measures that are hindering the trade of BioTrade and biodiversity-derived products

Results



- Factsheets providing information for the selected markets, biodiversity-based sectors and products:
 - A snapshot of the key trade barriers and constraints
 - Identify the most harmful barriers
- A database listing all non-tariff measures applicable to the HS codes provided
- Disseminate the results through workshops organized in 2016 – Viet Nam (June), Colombia & Peru (August)

Questions and answers



Thank you

For further information: www.biotrade.org





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