

1<sup>st</sup> International Forum for National Trade Facilitation Committees Geneva, 24 January 2017

# **UNECE's role in trade facilitation and its advisory services**

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## Trade facilitation and its stakeholders



Business associations Traders & Intermediaries

#### TRADE FACILITATION

"Simplification, harmonisation and standardisation of procedures and associated information flows required to move goods internationally from buyer to seller and to pass payment in the other direction"





Customs

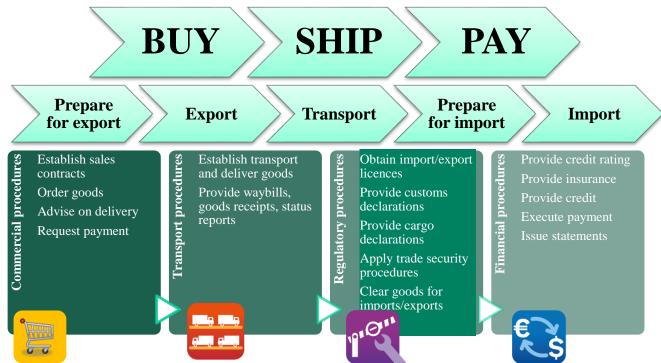






UNECE: WP 4 Int'l trade procedures; UNCEFACT 30+ Recommendations; UNEDIFACT; SW,

# Supply chain perspective to trade facilitation (include all)



The UN/CEFACT Buy Ship Pay Model (Source: UN/CEFACT International Supply Chain Reference Model)

# The scope of Trade Facilitation

Trade Facilitation in the International Supply Chain

#### Trade facilitation in WTO:

- Focus on legal and Customs matters (in order to achieve feasible results in a WTO Agreement)
- WTO TF Agreement measures: transparency, [Customs] procedures, duties and fees, formalities

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multitude of actions along the whole supply chain

> Involving a multitude of actors



# **Trade Facilitation & Int'l Organizations**

## Legal rules (WTO)

Organizations providing technical assistance :

- 1. Bilateral development organizations
- 2. Regional organizations (APEC, EEU, CEFTA2006, etc.)
- 3. World Bank, other development banks
- 4. UNCTAD, ITC

Organizations developing international standards:

- 1. UNECE/UNCEFACT; WCO; ISO (TC154, etc.)
- 2. Sectorial organizations (e.g. FAO / Int'l Plant Protection Convention)

## WTO TF Agreement: 4 areas of UNECE comparative advantage

Welcome Bienvenidos RUSSIAN POERATION 155- VANUARU 157- Bienvenidos 157- 1	art.10.1	• Elimination/decrease of document requirements
	art. 10.3	• Use of international standards (UN Recommendations; UNTDED, WCO Data Model, etc.)
	art. 10.4	<ul> <li>Single Window: «involvement of all relavant agencies»; use of IT, use of relevant internationsl standards; step –by- step approach</li> </ul>
	art. 23.2	National Trade Facilitation bodies
Couplines on Fees and Darges Imposed on or in Connection with Importation and Enter the Importation and Enter the Importation and Enter the Importance of Enter the Impor	Source: WT	O doc. WT/L/931 from 15 July 2014

United Nations Economic Commission for Europe

- Different mandates & goals of various institutions
- Vested interests: legal and illegal
- Complexity of international trade
- Unclear, undefined objectives

UNECE

- Commercial goods and means of transport should conform to various acts and regulations for market entry, exit and conveyance. Different governmental bodies are tasked with ensuring conformity with regulations and intervene in the processes of international trade ⇒
- balance TF with safety and security for society !

## Facilitation & Compliance

Streamline, automate and speed up business processes & movements of goods. Implement international TF standards to simplify crossborder business processes Streamline border-crossing procedures Cut red tape: less paperwork; more efficient filing of documents and information Increase transparency / publish all relevant laws, forms, procedures Facilitation

Increase trade security. Provide public goods better. Harmonize & standardize processes across borders raise efficiency of regulatory agencies; Simpler but better control of cross-border flows of goods; Raise efficiency of official controls of trade; raise efficiency of staff; Better implement regulations and rules to protect society / eliminate corruption; Governance

## What solutions to make agencies work together?

- Strong mandate (binding legal act/decree), strong lead agency
- Border agency cooperation by coordinating respective mandates,
- Focus on concrete function or deliverable (e.g. Single Window)
- Negotiate the objectives, activities, and outputs; share the benefits.
- Listen to business
- Clear plan agreed by stakeholders (binding distribution of tasks)

### Main obstacles for TF committees (UNECE survey)

- Lack of funding and resources (10)
- Lack of knowledge / information on TF (8)
- Lack of cooperation between government and business (8)
- Lack of political will, adverse political situation and corruption (7)

# What to look for in an NTFC

#### **Contents/ Focus / Scope**

#### Organizational matters

- TF along the Supply Chain
- WTO TFA implementation
- Analyze TF issues and propose solutions for SMEs, business, Governments, IOs
- Be a forum for discussing TF issues and finding solutions
- Produce deliverables: edocuments; guides for bordercrossing, training, etc.

- Mandate / ToR
- Structure:
  - Committee / specialized subcommittees
- CEO
- Regular meetings
- Secretariat

#### Financing from

- State budget
- business contributions
- NTFC products international project participation

# UNECE Possible Areas of Focus for the NTFCs

United Nations Economic Commission for Europe

- WTO Trade Facilitation Agreement: self-assessments; TF implementation action plans/roadmaps/strategies; coordination with other programmes and with donors
- Contribute to the legislative process; trade facilitation and compliance
- Single Window implementation / data harmonization / paperless trade
- Time release studies / Business Process Analyses  $\rightarrow$  publishing results
- Focal point for inputs for TF-related indices

# Funding and Sustainability: Key Factors • Government vs business funding

- - Governments to provide funding: Government commitment, but also limits a.
  - b. Business community will support if they see benefit
- Various revenue mechanisms projects and fees (based on business case)
- One size does not fit all! Should be needs driven and focused

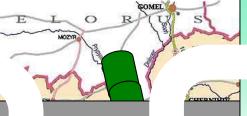
# Success factors:

Political will (chaired by a Minister); programme linked to government/business priorities; high level representatives; dynamic; link to international work

## **UNECE advisory services and capacity-building**

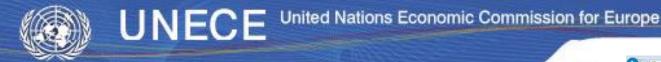
- General trade facilitation (TFIG- Jun'16 Dushanbe, with OSCE)
- Single Window technical assistance (Irpen/Kiev, Oct.2016, with EC, WCO) +
- TFA readiness assessments for Ukraine, Kazakhstan, now Azerbaijan
- Capacity building (w. USAID, WB) on 4 items of the WTO TFA, in which UNECE and UNCEFACT have comparative advantage (Belgrade Nov. 2016)

# Interagency TF Working Group

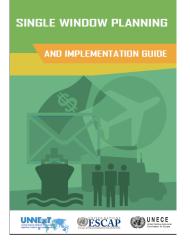


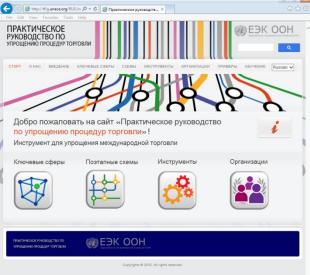
# National TF





#### **Trade Facilitation Implementation Guide** $\rightarrow$





# **Thanks** !

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