

11 November 2013

China DFQF ROO

by

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The views expressed are those of the author and do not necessarily reflect the views of UNCTAD



Roo and Procedures

on Goods Eligible for DFQF

Steps in Implementing DFQF

Gradual expansion in 2005,2007,2010

- 60% since 1 July 2010
- 95% since 1 July 2013
- Commitment for 97% in 2015

Implementation - analysis

30 African LDCs

From start to 2010:

value of imports: \$1322 million

duty concessions: 868 million Yuan

Statistics of SPT for 30 African LDCs, 2005-2010 Unit: million USD/Yuan

Year	valu e	duty concessions
2005	101	79
2006	253	183
2007	191	109
2008	165	105
2009	369	236
2010	242	156
Total	1322	868

Implementation - analysis

30African LDCs

From start to 2011:

value of imports: \$867 million

duty concessions: 529 million Yuan

Statistics of Duty Free for 30 African LDCs, 2010.07-2011 Unit: million USD/Yuan

Year	value	duty concessions
2010. 07- 12	262	164
2011	605	365
Total	867	529

Imports from Africa- Analysis



The majority of import are agricultural products, minerals and other primary products.

(sesame seeds, refined copper, goat skin leather, sisal and other textile fibers of the genus agave, cobalt wrought and articles thereof, cocoa beans)

2

The advantages of African products and demand in China are strongly complementary. (2 examples: sesame seeds and refined copper)



3

Largest beneficiary countries: Ethiopia and Mozambique *(import value accounted for 38.5% and 15.0% of all 21beneficiary African countries)*

July 31st, 2010

Goods Be Regarded As Originating

wholly obtained or produced entirely in the beneficiary country not wholly obtained or produced entirely in the beneficiary country , provided that the last substantial transformation has been performed in that country.

Substantial Transformation Criterion

Ad Valorem Percentage or (no less than 40%))

2 Change in Tariff Classification (four-digit)

Product Specific Rules (PSR)

3

Supplementary Rules

Minimal operations or processes
Sets
Neutral elements
Packaging materials and containers
Direct consignment
Operational Procedures

Direct Consignment Rule

(a) goods are transported directly from the beneficiary country to ports of entry in China;

(b) goods which are transported to China through a third country or region, for geographical reasons or by consideration related exclusively to transportation, with or without transshipment or temporary storage shall meet all 3 conditions :

3 Conditions

the goods do not enter into trade or consumption there; and the goods do not undergo any operation there other than unloading and reloading or any other operation required to keep them in good condition; and

2

temporary storage of up to **3 months** in a third country or region shall be subject to customs control in such country or region.

3

Operational Procedures

Certificate of origin

Release of goods upon guarantee

***Verification**

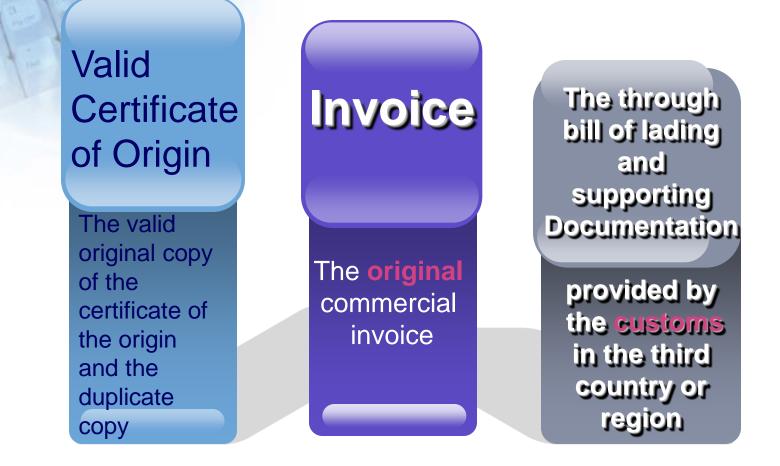
Denial of preference

A Certificate of Origin Shall :

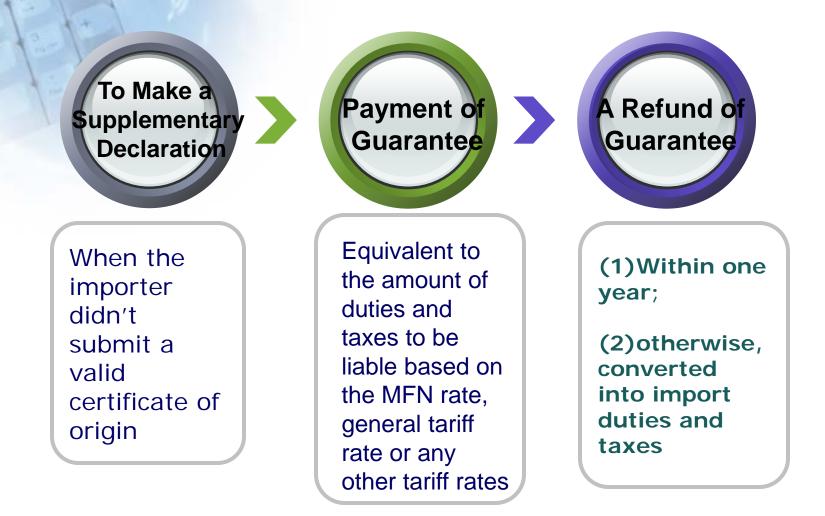
- be issued before or at the time of exportation of the goods;
- remain valid for one year from the date of its issuance;
- be completed in English;
- contain a unique certificate number;
- cover one or more goods under one consignment;
- comprise one original and three carbon copies, inclusive of duplicate, triplicate and quadruplicate.

Declaration:

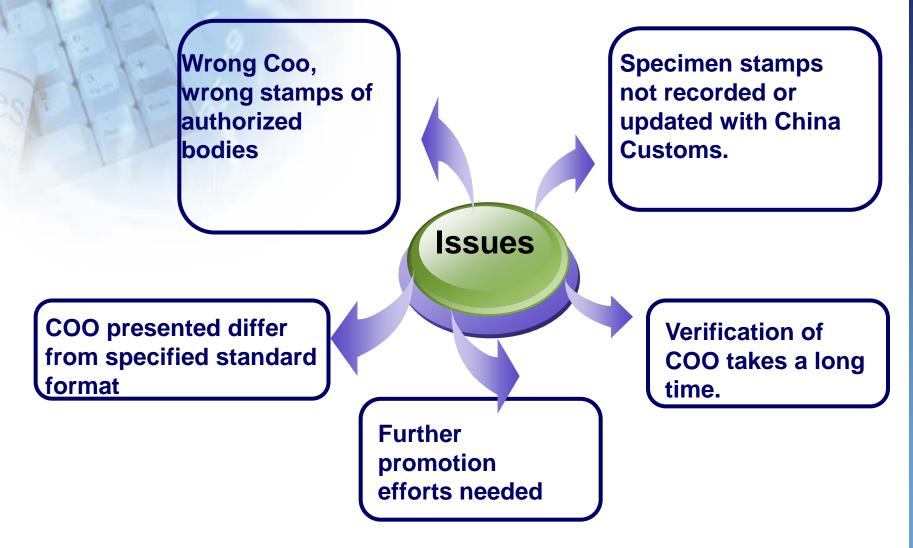
Documentation Submission



Supplementary Declaration



Implementation of SPT - Issues





Thank You !

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