# Ad hoc Expert Group Meeting on Domestic Requirements and Support Measures in Green Sectors: Economic and Environmental Effectiveness and Implications for Trade

13–14 June 2013 Salle XXI, Palais des Nations, Geneva

#### Notes on Domestic Requirements and Support Measures for Renewable Energy Sources in Brazil

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### Key messages

- Industrial policy for renewables calls for new rationale.
- Brazilian support to renewables focus on local investment and R&D.
- Local conditions matters.



### **General remarks**

### Green economy

## From an economy of scarce resources to an economy of plenty resources:

- Avoid consuming all fossil energy resources: CDM, carbon tax, ETS etc.
- Search of alternative resources: oriented R&D and industrial development
- ⇒ Renewables industrial policy cannot cope with current market signals neither with foreseeable cost benchmarks.



#### Local content for local fuels

## Renewables deal with locally heterogeneous fuels and social and technical conditions:

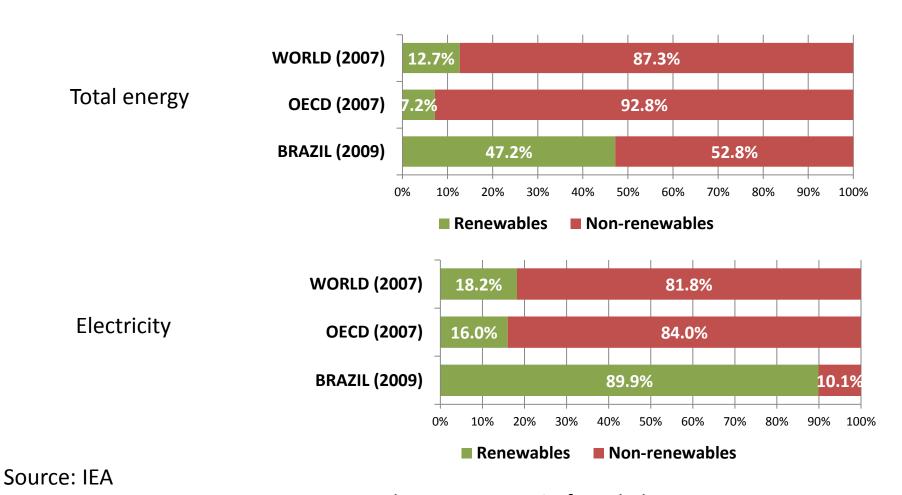
- Biofuels: soil, climate, alternative land uses
- Wind power: climate, "not in my neighborhood"
- Solar: insolation, silicon quality
- ⇒ R&D efforts and knowledge of natural local features are a precondition to long run industrial development.



# Brazilian experience with renewables



#### **International and Brazilian Energy Mix**





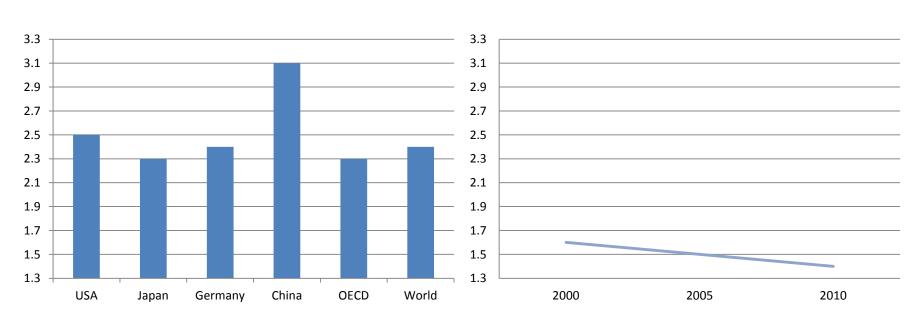
and Foreign Trade



#### Total energy carbon emissions intensity, tCO2/toe

#### Selected countries and regions, 2008

#### Brazil, selected years

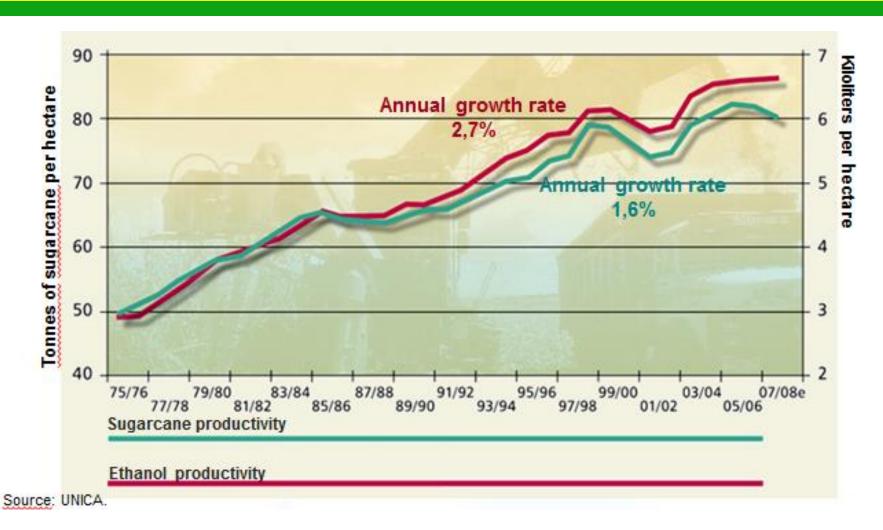


Source: IEA, Mining and Energy Ministry (Brazil)





# Ethanol Production in Brazil: long term Productivity growth



#### **PAIIS**

Joint Plan for Innovation in Sugarenergy and Sugarchemicals, offers US\$ 550+ from main public development institutions (BNDES and Finep) to support dozens of R&D projects for the industrial chain: 2<sup>nd</sup> generation bioethanol, bagasse treatment, enzymes, catalyzers, biotech, new products ("alcoholchemistry"), biorefineries etc.



#### Cost competitiveness of wind power

Wind power is **reaching grid parity quickly** (US\$ 55 MWh). Currently, is second only to hydro power, which is among the lowest cost sources worldwide.

Considering seasonal complementarity between rain and wind regimes, it has become a competitive source for national grid as a whole.



#### Investment attraction

























### Impsa's IWP-100

**First Brazilian developed wind turbine** customized to especial wind conditions of Northeast sites:

- More stable wind blowing (no gust)
- Adapted IEC61400-1 (Design Requirements of Wind Turbines )
- Direct Drive Permanent Magnet Generator
- Federal (Finep) grants of US\$150 mi (2009/12)



#### Metallurgical route to silicon purification

- Renewable electricity made from renewable electricity with charcoal.
- Lower scale intensity.
- Less consumption of chemical and other expensive raw materials.

