Multi-year Expert Meeting on Transport, Trade Logistics and Trade Facilitation:

Trade Logistics and the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development

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by

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Why Sustainable Freight Transport (SFT) Toolkit?

The importance of freight transport as a trade enabler, engine of growth and a driver of social development is widely recognized. However, the associated adverse impacts of freight transport activity on the environment, human health and climate are also cause for concern.

If left unchecked, unsustainable patterns are likely to intensify undermining any progress made to the implementation of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and the 2015 Paris Climate Agreement.

KEY DATA

Global **freight transport volumes** are projected to **grow 4 time by 2050,** driven in particular by economic growth in developing countries.

- •Freight transport energy consumption could increase by 60% from 2012 to 2050 under business-as-usual scenario.
- •Freight transport activity currently account for **7% of Global economy-wide GHG emissions** and are expected to grow by a factor of **3.9 by 2050**.
- •Freight transport activity accounts for about 35-60% of total logistics cost depending on commodity type and supply chain.
- •Transport-related externalities, road accidents, congestion, air pollution in many developing countries accounts for **6-10% of GDP**.



By promoting to **sustainable freight transport systems** today, developing countries will be better prepared to reap future economic, social and environment benefits.

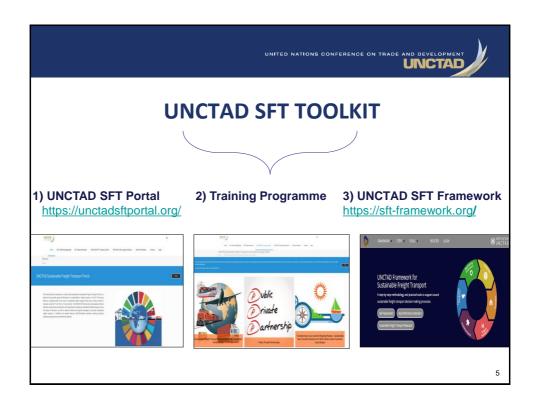
- Promoting sustainable freight transport systems provides an opportunity for developing countries to work towards improving efficiencies in freight transport, addressing the transport infrastructure needs and capacity requirements, while at the same time reducing the sector's negative externalities.
- Not seizing this opportunity may lead to increased future costs, including in terms of retrofitting existing infrastructure and equipment, shifting to new technologies and changing operating practices - given the long life cycles of transport infrastructure and assets that can lock in unsustainable patterns.

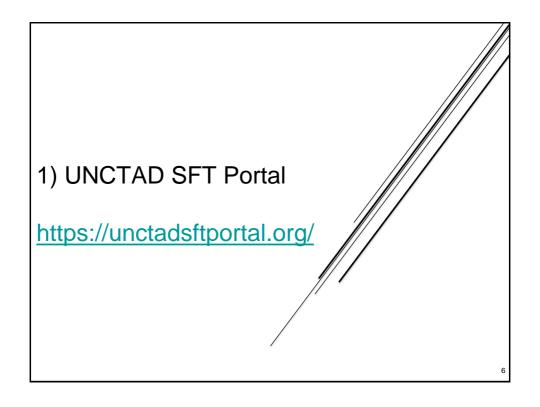
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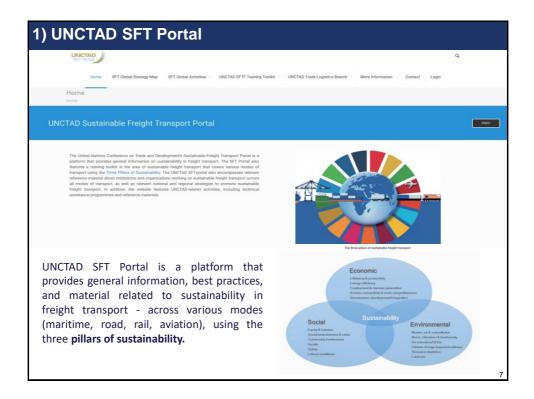


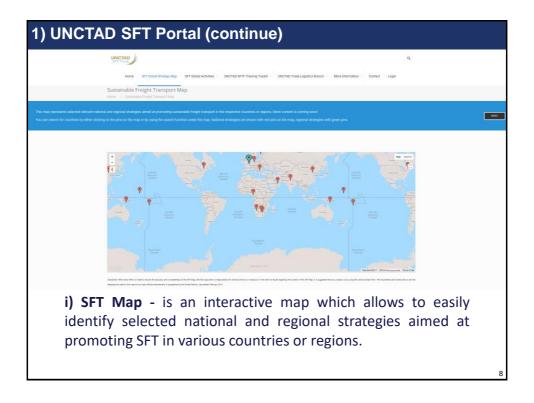
- UNCTAD has, over recent years, intensified its work on sustainable freight transport to help developing countries in mainstreaming sustainability considerations into their freight transport-related policies, plans, operations, and investment decisions.
- UNCTAD's interventions aim to build and strengthen the capacity of key freight transport stakeholders, including government authorities, policy makers, transport infrastructure managers, freight transport and logistic service providers, and shippers, to effectively plan, design, develop, and implement sustainable freight transport solutions.

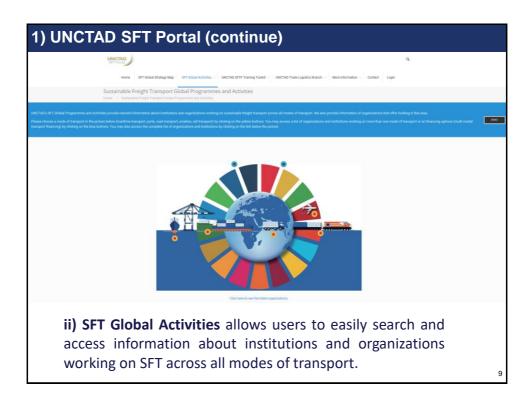
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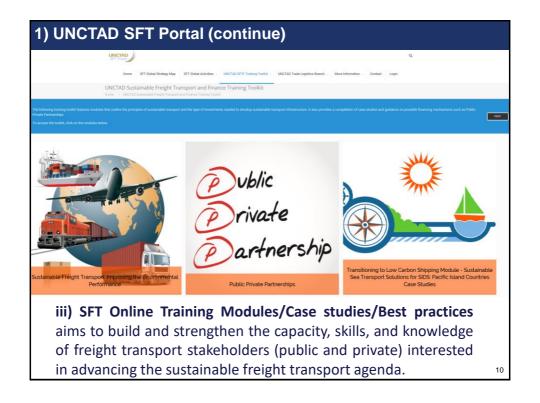


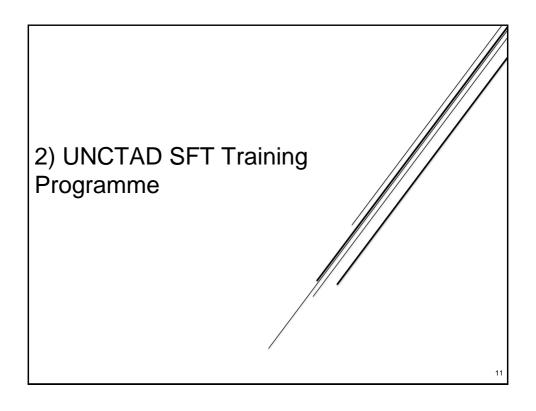


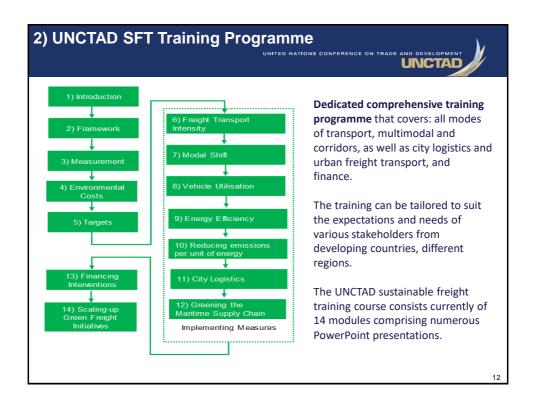


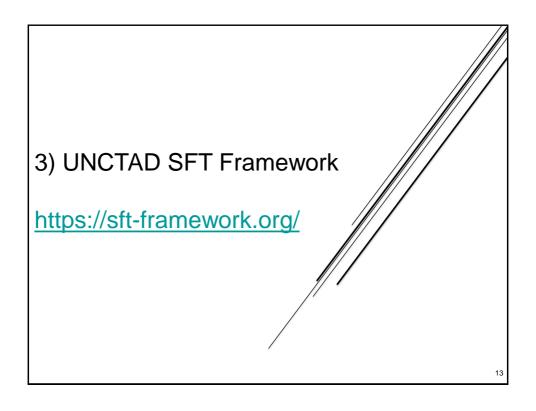


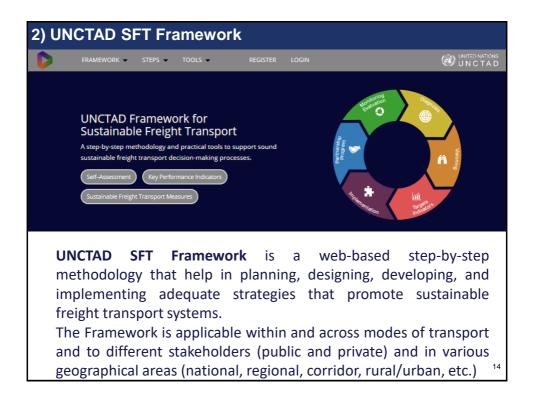


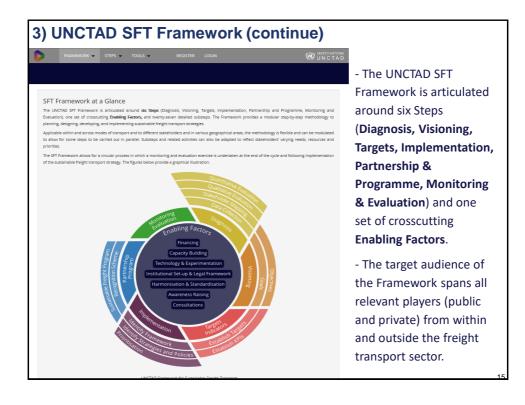


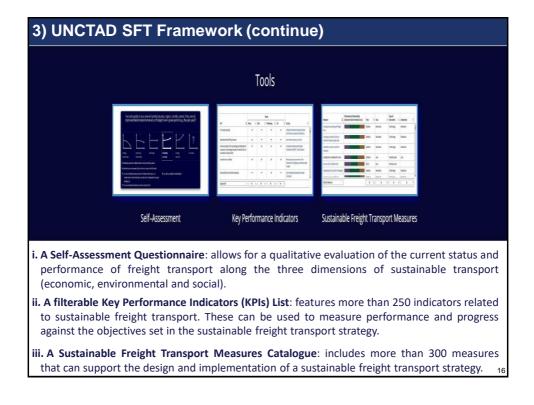


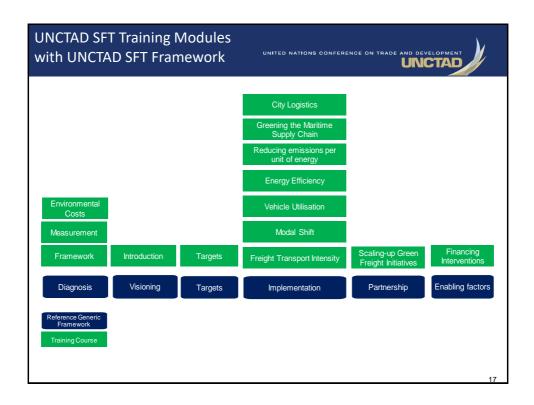












Thank you

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18