REGIONAL MEETING ON PROMOTING SERVICES SECTOR DEVELOPMENT AND TRADE-LED GROWTH IN AFRICA

organized by UNCTAD in collaboration with the African Union Commission (AUC) and the UN Economic Commission for Africa (UNECA) and in partnership with the International Organisation of La Francophonie

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Trade Services across Africa

Opportunities and Challenges.

Sunkanmi Olowo Head, SME / Value Chain Banking, Ecobank Nigeria Limited



Introduction

- •The country of the future is the one that is able to use her services to gain appreciable comparative advantage and grow her wealth.
- •Individual wealth is increasingly moving from brick and mortar to services, intellectual properties and "intangibles".
- •Countries are increasingly growing their GDP faster through services than normal production of goods.
- •The focus for Africa is to develop a robust service industry to develop the economy of the 21st century

Compared to the readily available data and literature on policies affecting trade in goods, data on services and policy on services is very inadequate in Africa

Over 80 percent of GDP in the United States and the European Union originates from services

Services accounts for well over 50 percent in most countries, industrial and developing

With a population of over 1billion people, services offer a very realistic way of growth in Africa



Regional integration in Africa

Basic association to Full integration

- Integration schemes ranges from the Preferential Trading Area (PTA) at the lower end of the integration spectrum to Economic Union at the upper end.
- South African Customs Union (SACU) formed in 1910 and the East African Community (EAC) in 1919.

Major regional groupings

• SSA major regional integration groupings currently in operation the Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa (COMESA), The Economic Community of Central African States (ECCAS), The Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS), The Inter-Governmental Authority on Development (IGAD), and the Southern African Development Community (SADC

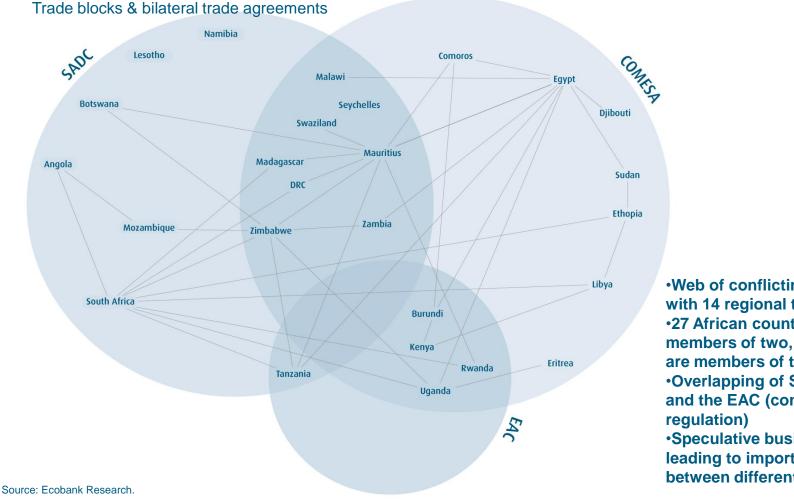
Overlapping functions?

• Others such as the Central African Economic and Monetary Community (CEMAC), the Economic Community of the Great Lake Countries(CEPGL), the East African Community (EAC), the Indian Ocean Commission (IOC), the Mano River Union (MRU) and the West African Economic and Monetary Union (UEMOA are unions with overlapping functions.



Overlapping trade blocks complicate trade

18 African countries are members of three competing trade blocks



 Web of conflicting trade blocks with 14 regional trade blocks:

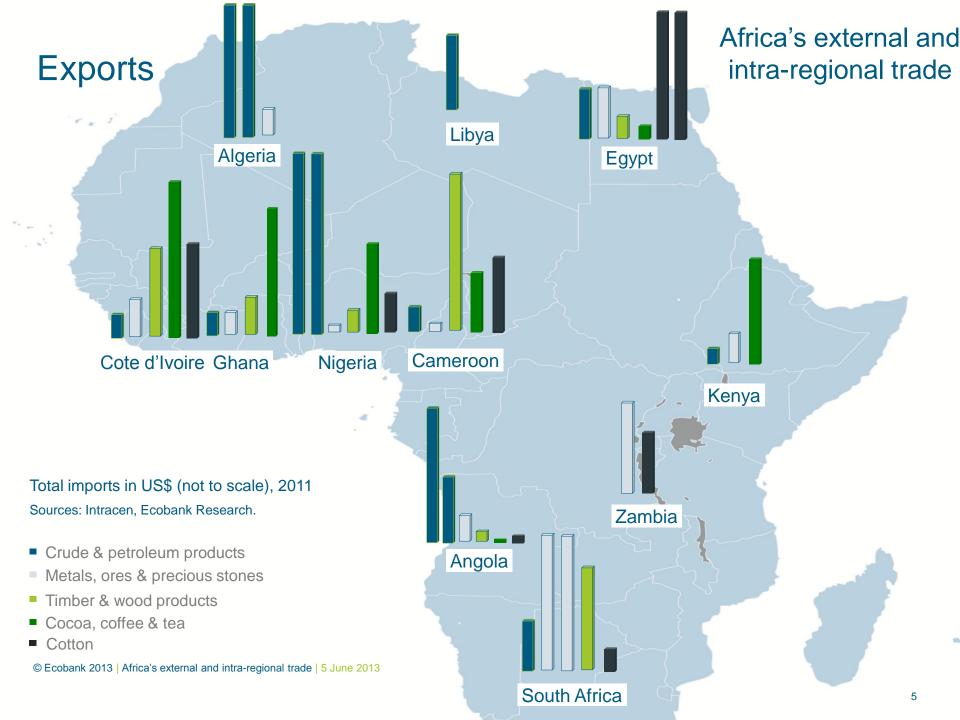
•27 African countries are members of two, and 18 countries are members of three

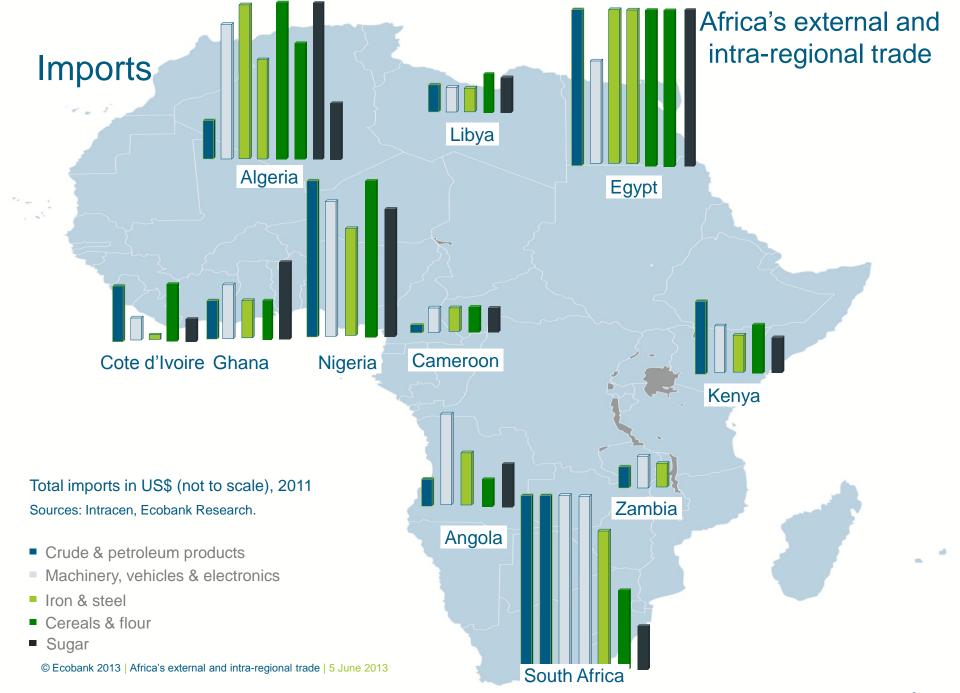
 Overlapping of SADC, COMESA and the EAC (conflicts over trade

 Speculative business practise leading to import duty arbitrage between different trade zones

© Ecobank 2013 | Africa's external and intra-regional trade | June 2013





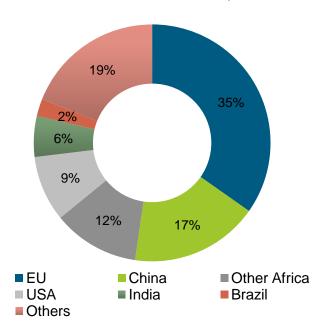


Intra Regional trade Vs bilateral trade

Africa's key trade partners, 2011

	Exports to Im	ports from	Bilateral	
	Africa	Africa	trade	% of
Country	(US\$ m)	(US\$ m)	(US\$ m)	total
EU	186,387	206,125	392,512	34.8%
China	85,212	113,136	198,348	17.6%
Other Africa	70,191	63,024	133,215	11.8%
USA	32,845	68,522	101,367	9.0%
India	23,346	39,780	63,126	5.6%
Brazil	12,210	14,266	26,476	2.3%
Others	125,231	89,131	214,362	19.0%
World	535,422	593,984	1,129,406	100.0%

Africa's trade with the world, 2011



Sources Intracen.

- Intra-regional trade totalled US\$133bn in 2011which amount to 11.8% of Africa's trade with world
- Key trade partners are the EU (35%), China (18%) and the USA (9%)
- Africa's share of world trade is just 3.1%, a proportion that has been stable for years



Major services imports to Africa

<u> IVIAI</u>	<u> </u>	<u>CI VIC</u>	<u>, C3</u>		<u> </u>	<u>.U </u>	H	<u>1. </u>
Total services imports to A 000s	frica, US\$							
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Commercial services	71,513,922	85,994,328	109,740,777	141,823,547	125,022,178	137,113,216	153,869,894	107,074,267
								39,298,529
·								18,672,270
								10,364,203
Government services,				10,608,044				5,536,614
Royalties and license fees								2,379,702
_								2,273,018
				9,779,923				1,647,079
Communications services								1,213,600
				1,492,847				776,540
			117,644,801			149,990,606		
Data available is or		mport to Afric	ca		-6-1-1-1-1-1			

• With many of the services rendered in unofficial platform, capturing of data has been difficult. **ECODANK** Items in red are estimated figures by UNCTAD and WTO and ITC
Source Intracen

The Pan African Bank

Values and growth of exports services from Africa

	Q1 2010	Q2 2010	Q3 2010	Q4 2010	Q1 2011	Q2 2011	Q3 2011	Q4 2011	Q1 2012	Q2 2012	Q3 2012	Q4 2012	Q1 2013
FLOW													
Botswana	144.81	198.12	125.06	250.08	276.99	247.52	195.50	143.67	136.65	175.68	235.30	178.72	
Cape Verde	66.46	60.86	75.33	99.72	74.91	80.65	83.25	80.29	75.50	69.72	75.80	73.27	70.08
Ethiopia	591.05	683.17	544.75	727.52	644.93	762.91	854.54	1,059.83	894.79	865.91	857.42		
Gambia	19.56	19.27	17.25	17.10	19.34	16.14	14.67	18.08					
Ghana	816.28	721.99	705.49	757.79	1,114.24	712.07	793.26	1,049.99	1,273.21	965.19	662.36	672.01	
Guinea	64.58	64.93	163.12	102.90	86.07	129.02	218.42	138.47	224.63	270.63	245.11		
Kenya	261.88	230.71	264.18	417.88	460.89	526.64	838.47	329.84	310.46	206.12	634.55	441.55	617.59
Lesotho	132.78	107.14	115.90	119.77	147.41	157.10	123.07	114.55	179.09	148.76			
Mozambique	312.61	269.15	348.09	387.90	287.10	353.56	393.36	476.15	419.45	700.39	673.94	787.32	
Namibia	161.64	151.62	179.55	210.54	190.44	194.10	177.31	155.94	166.13	162.83	160.89	152.95	163.39
Nigeria	5,233.43	5,004.08	5,997.81	5,354.56	5,344.28	5,201.52	7,003.71	7,226.50	5,841.41	5,062.33	4,937.80	6,674.99	
South Africa	4,214.28	4,463.78	4,749.26	5,029.05	4,848.25	5,310.44	5,040.63	4,464.83	4,440.27	4,465.71	4,483.25	4,282.15	4,133.09
Sudan	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	911.16	1,120.37	433.65		
Swaziland	170.74	171.31	173.02	186.32	183.55	204.51	223.17	222.97	249.00				
Uganda	419.66	472.30		466.60	613.99	638.77	578.41	599.15	597.57	596.46	620.76	604.67	582.29
Zambia	216.90	253.00	254.30	215.60	249.70	293.40	323.60	263.70					
Botswana	144.81	198.12	125.06	250.08	276.99	247.52	195.50	143.67	136.65	175.68	235.30	178.72	

Data available is on services export from Africa to other parts of the world.



Intra regional services has been difficult to capture.

Major exporters of selected services

Exporters USD' 000	in 2008	Exported value in 2009	Exported value in 2010	Exported value in 2011	Exported value in 2012
Africa Aggregation	90,011,633	81,340,151	90,149,983	91,644,044	89,986,133
Egypt	24,911,900	21,519,800	23,807,000	19,139,600	21,766,800
South Africa	12,805,400	12,020,400	14,003,500	14,823,500	15,148,335
Morocco	13,416,400	12,336,000	12,545,400	13,963,100	13,516,499
Tunisia	6,013,590	5,498,660	5,805,300	4,778,931	5,237,360
Kenya	3,250,770	2,882,830	3,760,236	4,099,731	5,090,119
Algeria	3,490,000	2,983,000	3,566,000	3,737,606	3,540,396
Mauritius	2,543,870	2,238,964	2,695,086	3,283,140	3,407,932
Ghana	1,800,900	1,769,710	1,477,300	1,871,120	2,970,780
Nigeria	2,263,750	2,217,870	3,091,938	3,386,875	2,929,957
Ethiopia	1,959,300	1,894,920	2,244,480	2,834,435	2,775,621
Tanzania	1,998,760	1,854,640	2,045,747	2,362,500	2,696,688
Uganda	798,782	989,985	1,241,476	1,720,933	1,993,860
Madagascar	1,226,450	892,440	1,038,940	1,102,780	1,347,925
Senegal	1,294,110	1,022,100	1,052,116	1,133,902	
Côte d'Ivoire Others	1,024,500 11,213,151	1,020,494 10,198,338	1,046,014 10,729,450	926,779 12,479,112	

Data available is on services export from Africa to other parts of the world.

Ecobank • Increasing growth of telecoms and other services is contributing to the GDP in many African does and other services is contributing to the GDP in many African does also be a serviced by the contribution of the contribution o

Intra regional services has been difficult to capture.

Huge potential for service growth in Africa



- Ugandan universities offer education for students from across the East Africa region.
- Thousands of Nigeria students are pursuing secondary and university education in Ghana, Benin republic, Togo and South Africa.
- South Africa Universities are generating increasing revenues from students of African



Ethiopia Airline earned FX of over \$2billion in 2010 / 2012, the airline revenue between 2007 and 2010 was on the average twice as much as that brought in by coffee ("Guang Chen, World Bank Country Director for Ethiopia), Vision 2025" of the Airline is to provide service to about 5.4 billion people within a ten-hour radius of Addis Ababa.

- South Africa Airways is increasingly flying to many destinations in Africa and the world
- the efficiency of Kenya Airline is key to the growth and retention of huge revenue from tourism in Kenya.
- Egypt Air has performed creditably well prior to the Arab spring.
- Arik is fast becoming a regional Airline of choice in West Africa.



- Kenyan doctors are finding their ways into many countries in East Africa.
- South African Hospitals are fast becoming alternative destinations to Nigerians seeking qualitative medical attention.
- · A large proportion of Nigerian Doctors are working outside Nigeria



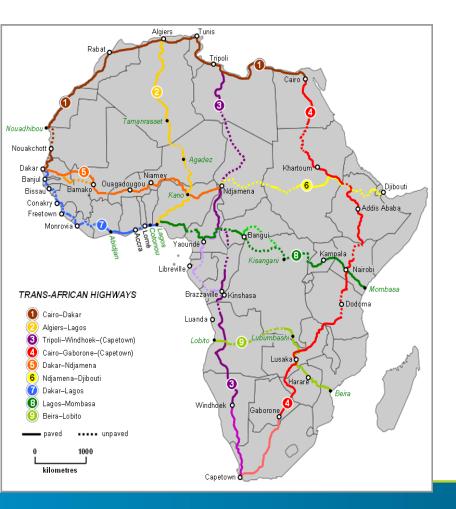
The big Accounting firms have always operated across borders.

- MTN, Vodacom and other major Telecom professionals are finding their ways to countries other than their place of origin
- big Accounting firms have always operated across borders
- Nigeria Nollywood has been rated as the second biggest film industry in the world.
- There is in general a booming entertainment industry across the continent.



Trade corridors will drive growth in intra-regional trade & Services

Pan-African Highway, proposed routes



- Long-standing trade routes exist along the West African coast and from coastal countries into the interior provide vehicle for services growth.
- Initiatives being championed by pressure groups such as the Borderless alliance (USAID, NEXIM etc) is working to remove barriers on the West African trade routes.
- Implementation of key protocols in the regional trade agreement will enhance free movement of people and services.
- Though there is free entry and waiver of Visa requirements in many blocks, the ability to work and live freely in member countries are still a huge challenge.
- Some are in early stages (e.g. the LAPSSET project), but others are progressing well (e.g. the Maputo Development Corridor)
- Key focus on improving coastal route along southern Mediterranean and trade corridors from Atlantic and Pacific Ocean coasts into the interior
- Free movement of goods and services are key to growth.



Challenges to intra regional trade

Challenges

- Weak data to track service gaps.
- Language barrier
- Duplicity of agencies and functions.
- Barriers to free trade and movement (border post, Customs, quarantine agencies)
- Poorly developed infrastructure service sector

Challenges

- Lack of documentation of transaction volume.
- Underdeveloped financial sector
- High cost of doing business
- Majority of services are routed through unofficial sources
- Trade barriers

Challenges

- High and sometimes, prohibitive cost of transport.
- Discriminatory processes / policies (Nollywood)
- Near monopoly / oligopoly in key sectors(Telecoms)
- Air and rail transport services face high barriers to trade across the continent.



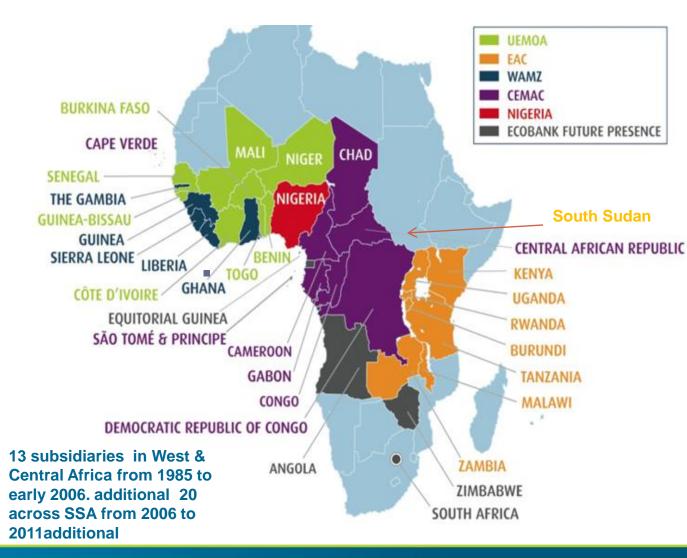
Effects of non integration in Africa

- Sub optimal economy, law of comparative advantage.
- Restriction in free flow of labour and capital.
- Poor quality of services rendered due to lack of competition.
- Inability to access huge FDI for development.
- Inefficient and bureaucratic delays in simple transactions.
- Conduction of intra country transactions through unofficial means.
- Stunted growth across the region.
- Capital flight, brain drain
- High cost of doing business across the region.
- Higher trade volumes with countries outside the region on services that can be provided within the region.



- Leading independent Pan African banking group
- Present in 33 countries in Africa; in more countries in Africa than any other bank in the world.
- In addition to the 33countries across Africa, the Group also operates corporate offices in South Africa (Johannesburg), as well as France (Paris), UAE (Dubai) and London (UK).
- We have extensive partnerships with Nedbank (South Africa) and Bank of China (China) to provide integrated and enhanced services in both markets
- Ecobank Group is focused on the provision of convenient, accessible and reliable financial products and services
- Recently acquired Oceanic Bank in Nigeria becoming 3rd largest bank in branch network and 5th in balance sheet size

The Ecobank solution





Corporate accounts opening requirements

		PU	ratt	, act	Juli	to op	<u>/C11111</u>	510	quitti	.1101/	105	
COUNTRY	LETTER OF INTRODU CTION	OF	CERTIFICA TE OF	M/ARTICLE ΓS OF	CERTIFICATE TO	RESIDENCE PERMIT	FOREIGN CURRENCY AGREEMENT FORM	DEPOSIT	RESOLUTION T FROM DIRECTORS TO OPEN ACCOUNT		SATISFACTO RY SEARCH REPORT	TAX IDENTIFICATI ON CERTIFICAT E
BENIN	NM	Υ	Υ	NM	NM	Υ	Υ	Υ	NM	Υ	NM	NM
BURKINA	NM	Υ	Υ	Υ	NM	NM	Υ	Υ	N	Υ	NM	N
BURUNDI	Υ	Υ	Y	Y	NM	NM	NM	N	Υ	N	N	N
CAMEROUN	N	Y	Y	Y	N	Υ	Υ	N	Υ	N	N	Υ
CAPE VERDE	N	N	Υ	N	N	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	N	N
CENTRAL AFRICAN REP	Y	NM	NM	N	NM	Y	Υ	N	Υ	NM	N	N
CHAD	NM	NM	Υ	NM	NM	Υ	Υ	N	N	N	NM	Y
CONGO BRAZAVILLE	NM	Υ	Y	Y	NM	Y	Y	N	N	NM	Y	Y
COTE D'IVOIRE	NM	Y	Υ	Υ	NM	Y	Y	N	N	Y	N	N
GABON	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	NM	Υ	NM
GAMBIA	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	N	Υ	NM	N	Υ
GHANA	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	NM	N	Υ	Υ	N	N
GUINEA	Y	Υ	Υ	Υ	NM	Υ	NM	N	N		N	N
			V	Doguiros	1/Mandatar	21					JUUC	JI IIN

Y=Required / Mandatory
N= Not required
NM= Required but not mandatory

The Pan African Bank

Corporate accounts opening requirements in SSA

N= Not required

COUNTRY	LETTER OF INTRODU CTION	ORATIO	CERTIFICA TE OF REGISTRAT ION OF BUSINESS	S OF ASSOCIATI	CERTIFICATE TO COMMENCE BUSINESS	RESIDENCE PERMIT	FOREIGN CURRENCY AGREEMENT FORM		RESOLUTION FROM DIRECTORS TO OPEN ACCOUNT	BANKERS	SATISFACTO RY SEARCH REPORT	TAX IDENTIFICATI ON CERTIFICAT E
GUINEA CONAKRY	N	Y	Y	N	NM	NM	Y	N	N	Y	N	N
KENYA	Y	Y	Y	Υ	NM	Υ	NM	N	Υ	Y	Υ	N
LIBERIA	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	NM	NM	NM	N	N	Y	N	N
MALAWI	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	NM	NM	N	N	Υ	NM	NM	N
MALI	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	NM	Y	Υ	N	N	Υ	N	N
NIGER	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	NM	NM	NM	N	N	Y	N	N
NIGERIA	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	NM	Υ	NM	N	Υ	Υ	Υ	N
RD CONGO	Y	Y	Y	Y	Υ	NM	Υ	N	NM	NM	Y	Υ
RWANDA	NM	Y	Y	Y	NM	NM	NM	N	Υ	NM	N	NM
SAO TOME	Y	Y	Y	Y	NM	NM	NM	N	N	Y	N	N
SENEGAL	NM	Y	Υ	Υ	NM	Y	Y	Υ	Y	Y	Y	Y
SIERRA LEONE	Υ	Y	Y	Y	Υ	Υ	Y	N	Y	Y	NM	Υ
TANZANIA	Y	Y	N	N	Υ	Υ	Y	Υ	NM	Y	N	Y
TOGO	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	NM	Y	Υ	N	N	Y	N	N
UGANDA	Υ	Y	Υ	Υ	NM	NM	N	NM	Υ	NM	Y	Υ

Different Corporate accounts opening requirements

A search report must be done in 7 out of

A acounts anoning peakage, existence of mandata

the 29 sampled countries before the

accounts opened for the company.

Rules / Articles of Association / Memorandum of

Additional contificate to commone business is required in

Bankers reference are mandatory documentation required

in 17 of the countries sampled.

Association are not mandatory or out rightly

sampled

required to open account in 6nof the countries

Additional certificate to commence business is required in 6 of the countries sampled to enable a corporate accounts to be opened	accounts opening package, existence of mandate cards, production of proof of identification, KYC issue and production of passport photograph are requirements general to all the countries.
A search report must be done in 7 out of the 29 sampled countries before the accounts opened for the company.	Production of letter of introduction / reference letter are not mandatory or out rightly not required in 10 out of the 29 countries sampled.
Additional identification certificate is required in 10 of the countries sampled in order to complete accounts opening documentation.	Production of the company certificate of incorporation is not mandatory before an account can be opened in 2 of the countries (CAR & Chad).
10 out of the sampled countries do not require the production of residence permit of key officials before a foreign owned company can open account	Foreign currency agreement form is required by 17 of the countries sampled while this is not a mandatory requirement in other countries.
Investment deposit form is required by 7 of the countries sampled as a mandatory documentation for accounts opening.	Resolution of the board of directors of a company is not a mandatory requirement to open account in 17 of the countries sampled.

Limits on Funds transfer in selected SSA Countries								
ZONE	COUNTRY	MAXIMUM LIMIT FOR TRANSFER WITHIN SSA	SENDING FREQUENCY PER CUSTOMER					
CEEAC	Cameroon	\$1,000.00	Open, upon justification and KYC					
CEEAC	Centrafrique	\$1,800.00	2					
CEEAC	Congo Brazzaville	\$1,250.00	4					
CEEAC	Gabon	\$1,250.00	4					
ESA	Burundi	\$1,000.00	up to a max of \$10 000					
ESA	Kenya	\$10,000.00	1					
ESA	Rwanda	\$8,305.50	\$8,305.50					
SADC	Zambia	\$5,000.00	US\$5,000.00					
SADC	Zimbabwe	\$ 10 000	once a week					
UEMOA	Benin	NO LIMIT	Not any					
UEMOA	Burkina Faso	\$ 10 000	up to a max of \$10 000					
UEMOA	Cape Verde	\$1,000.00	2					

*No limit within UEMOA USD 1,000 out of

up to a max of \$10 000

Not more than \$10,000 per annum

\$30,000 per week

NO LIMIT

CEEAC	Cameroon	\$1,000.00	Open, upon justification and KYC
CEEAC	Centrafrique	\$1,800.00	2
CEEAC	Congo Brazzaville	\$1,250.00	4
		\$1,250.00	4
ESA	Burundi	\$1,000.00	up to a max of \$10 000
ESA	Kenya	\$10,000.00	1
ESA	Rwanda	\$8,305.50	\$8,305.50

UEMOA

\$ 10 000

\$ 10 000

\$10,000.00

\$10,000.00

\$10,000.00

\$1,000.00

Côte d'Ivoire

Niger

Nigeria

Gambia

Ghana

Guinea Bissau

Guinée Conakry

UEMOA

UEMOA

UEMOA

WAMZ

WAMZ

WAMZ

WAMZ

Limits on Funds transfer in selected SSA Countries

- Different limits of funds transfer within the same economic union.
- Ability of a country to earn foreign exchange determines how much is allowed as transfers from the country.
- Linkages of payment platforms will remove some of the restrictions inhibiting free flow of funds.
- Unrestricted repatriation of investment proceeds is a key requirement for opening up of a country economy



Any lesson for service providers from the growth of Ecobank franchise?

- Setting up of best practices and strong adherence to ethics.
- Rigorous compliance with local regulations and policies
- Recruitment of pools of talented personnel across the world.
- Vision that is built on the long term rather than immediate gain
- Ecobank Group is focused on the provision of convenient, accessible and reliable financial products and services.

- More interactions among staff across different countries
- Increasing perception as the Africa focused bank.
- Marketing management focused on Africa (The Pan African Bank, the future is Africa, our focus is Africa, the Africa expert)
- All affiliates migrated to the same banking platform with uniform Switching centre in Accra interconnecting all affiliates

- Each affiliate operate as a member of a group (subsidiary of ETI)
- Africa expert- understand the terrain across SSA.
- Multicurrency, multicultural, multi-language institution operating in different times zones across Africa.
- Integration focus products :ATM, Rapid Transfer, Diaspora Account.
- Harmonization of operating policy and products across the region



What to do

- Adoption of a uniform payment system that integrates the countries.
- Immediate implementation of all protocols of various economic communities.
- The adoption of common external tariff is a prerequisite for free flow of trades in the region.
- Adoption of a single monetary union modeled after the Euro, NAFTA etc (Eco in West Africa etc)
- Harmonization of legal and documentary requirements for doing business across the region.
- Cross border implementation of financial supervision of the central bank.
- Removal of all restrictions to trade among countries in SSA in line with WTO agreements.
- Appropriate training and capitalization of indigenous companies
- Incentives to professional and service sectors for doing business across the region (ECOWAS export promotion incentive).
- Infrastructural funding by multilateral banking institutions
- Familiarization with the operations and cultures of the neighboring countries
- Be multilingual.



Thank you

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