

BIOSECURITY SOLOMON ISLANDS

SPS – ISSUES & CHALLENGES.

Presentation

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Presentation Outline

- Background
- Update
- Challenges
- Way forward
- Conclusion.



Update

- 42 Staffs.
- Solomon Islands operates under a new Biosecurity legislation since 2013.
- New Biosecurity regulation- 2015
- Work instruction- 2015
- Two international airport and two international seaport
- Two international border (PNG, Vanuatu)

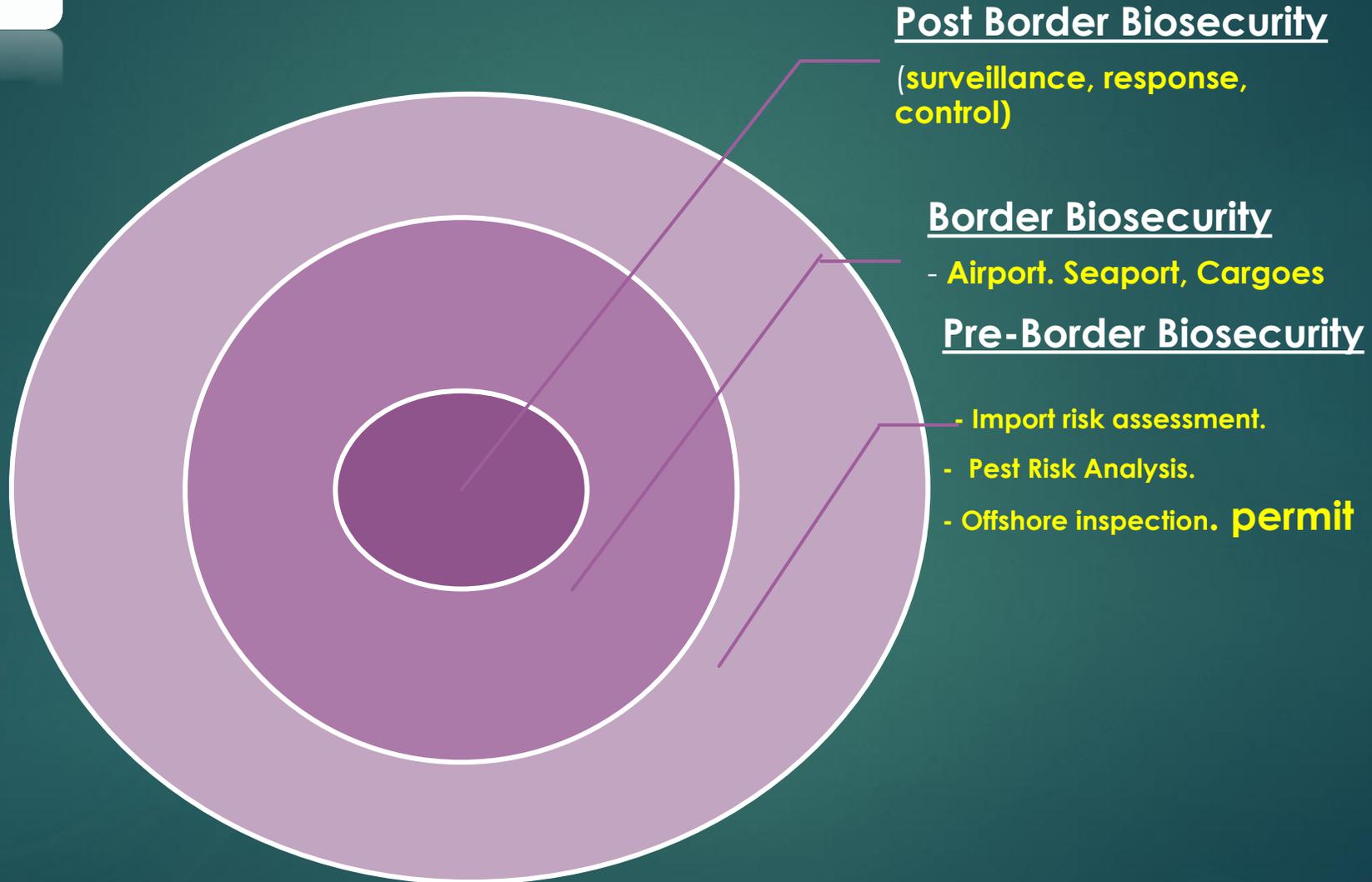


BIOSECURITY OPERATIONAL AREAS.

1. Border Operations (Seaport, Airport, Cargo, Mail)
Provincial Operations (Western Province, Eastern Province)
2. Surveillance, internal control and PEQ Operations.
3. Compliance, enforcement and Audit Operations.
4. Publicity and Communications.
5. Strategy and Governance.
6. Market Access & trade.



Biosecurity Continuum





BIOSECURITY FUNCTIONS

- 1: Issues Phytosanitary Certificates for plants & Plant products. (Export)
- 2: Issues Sanitary Certificates for animal & animal products.
- 3: Carry out Pest Risk analysis for import products
- 4: Risk Assessments for animal products.
- 5: Inspection of imported Biosecurity risk cargoes.
6. Inspection of incoming passengers, vessels.
7. Issue multiple, single commercial permits both for plants/ animal products.(Import)
8. Issue personal consumption permits (25kg)
9. Surveillance,
10. Charge non-compliance
- 11: Disinfestation of consignments.
- 12; Capacity building (Legislation)



MARKET ACCESS.

1. Bilateral discussions is progressing with NPPO Kiribati.
2. Bilateral discussion is progressing with PRC.
3. SIG procure VHT equipment from Japan-
4. SI is maintaining access to the traditional export (cocoa, coconut, Kava, yellow Cassava).
5. Noni has be slowing down.
6. No fruits and vegetable being exported.
7. Complete System approach training.
8. PRA – for orchids from Fiji.
9. PRA- Onion from China.



MANAGEMENT OF ESTABLISH PEST

- 1: Monitoring & Surveillance of pest free areas.
- 2: Eradicate, control and containment
- 3: Internal Biosecurity Control
- 4: Public Awareness on pest management.
- 5: Notification of any pest out break to IPPC.



MARKET ACCESS- EXPORT

- 1: Biosecurity Export Regulation - Vetting at AG chambers.
- 2: Issue of Phytosanitary Certificate.
3. Export pathway for SPS products.
4. Issue of Export Certificate for wildlife, Live animal.
5. Export Certificate and Fumigation.
6. Monitoring and Compliance of export pathways.
7. Import Requirements of importing countries.



ISSUES & CHALLENGES.

- 1: STRICK BIOSECURITY REQUIREMENTS FROM IMPORTING COUNTRIES.**
- 2: INADEQUATE CAPACITY TO DEAL WITH EXPORTS/ IMPORTS.**
- 3: LACK OF TECHNICAL CAPACITY TO MITIGATE BIOSECURITY RISKS.**
- 4; SOLOMON ISLANDS VULNARABLE TO NATURAL DISASTERS.**
- 5: LACK OF LARGE COMMERCIAL FARMS IN THE COUNTRY.**
- 6. LOW PRODUCTS EXPORTED OVERSEAS.**
- 7: LACK OF PROPER FACILITIES TO MEET INTERNATIONAL REQUIREMENTS.**
- 8: LACK OF PEST MANAGEMENT.**
- 9: CHANGES IN IMPORT STANDARDS FROM TRADING COUNTRIES.**
- 10: POOR COMMUNICATION & COORDINATION BETWEEN OTHER KEY STAKEHOLDERS.**
- 11: LIMITED MANAGEMENT SKILLS TO MANAGE CHALLENGES ASSOCIATED WITH DELIVERY OF SPS REQUIREMENTS.**
- 12: LACK OF UPDATED PESTLIST.**



RECOMMENDATION

- 1: INCREASE CAPACITY TO ADDRESS PEST & DISEASE MANAGEMENT.
- 2: CAPACITY BUILDING FOR CHANGES IN SPS REQUIREMENTS.
- 3: SUPPORT IN DISINFECTION FACILITIES TO COMPLY WITH SPS REQUIREMENTS.
- 4: BETTER COLLABORATION BETWEEN EXPORTERS AND SPS FORCAL POINTS TO ACCESS MARKETS.
- 5: CAPACITY BUILDING REQUIREMENTS FOR COMMODITY VALUE CHAINS.
- 6: IMPROVEMENT IN INFRASTRUCTURE, STORAGE/ CONSOLIDATION FACILITIES AND TREATMENTS TO ENSURE PROPER COMPLIANCE FROM FIELD TO DESTINATION (FOR EXPORT)



Way forward and Conclusion

- ❑ Biosecurity Solomon Islands to become a state own enterprise (Biosecurity Authority of Solomon Islands)

