



**Ghana Space :**  
Cropwatch Workshop  
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Abuja, Nigeria

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# Agriculture in Ghana

Agriculture accounts - 28% of GDP

Employs – About 50% of labour force,  
Irrigated lands - 0.2%

Cash crops:

Cocoa,  
oil palm,  
rubber

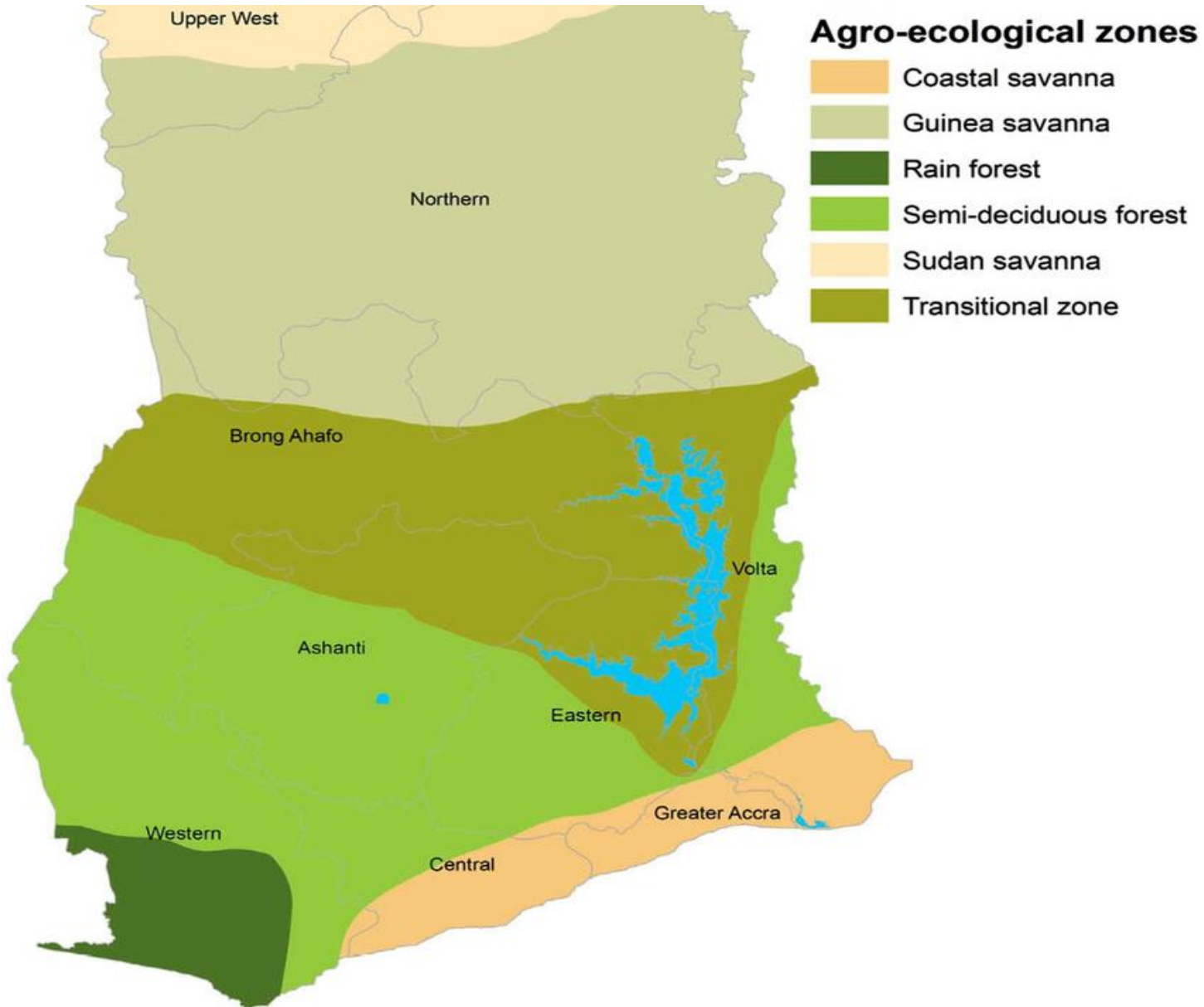
Major staples:

maize,  
cassava,  
plantain,  
yam,  
rice,  
Sorghum  
millet

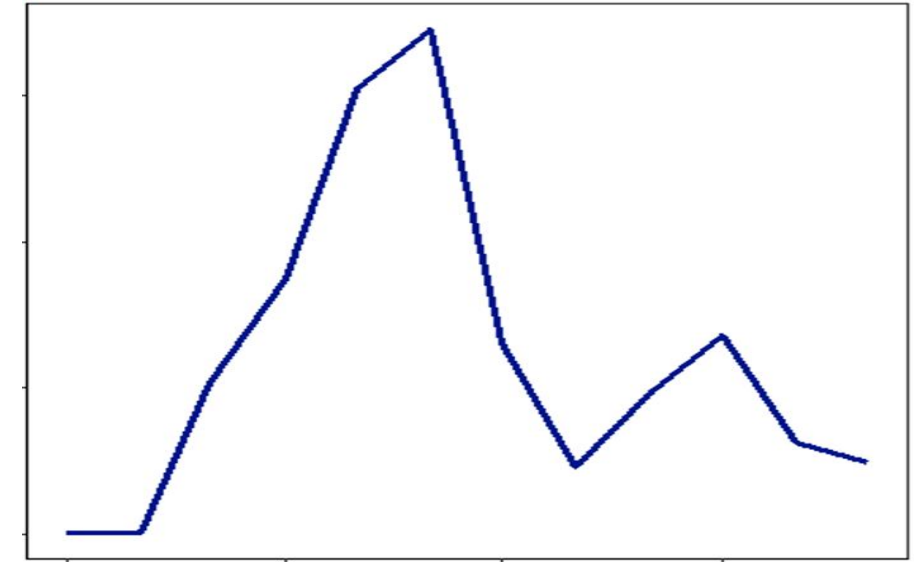
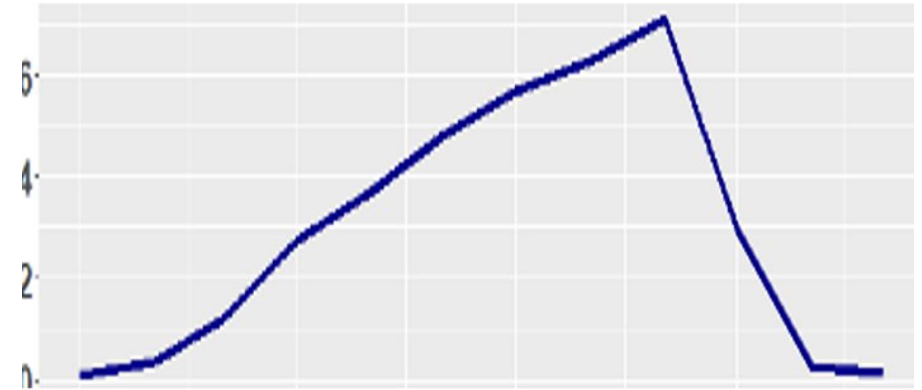


**Geographic Variation:** Root and tuber crops in the south, grain crops in the north

# Agro - Ecological Zones/Rainfall Regime;



Unimodal - North



Bio modal - South

# Crop Phenology

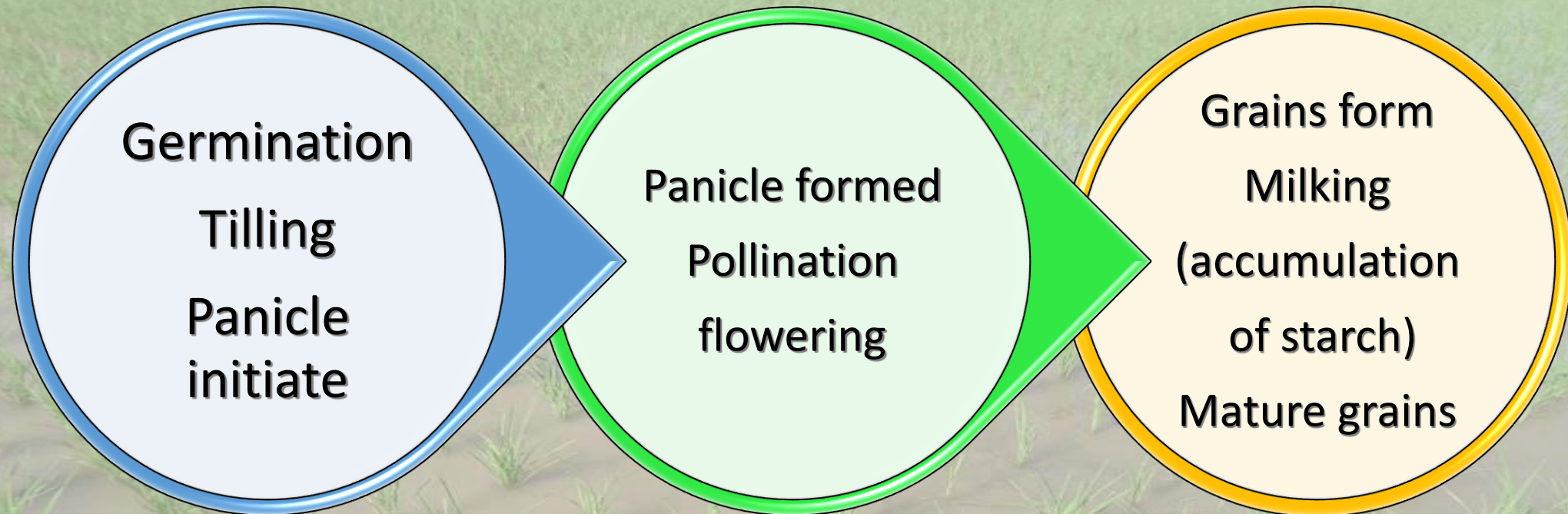
Growth stage  
2 leaf to flat  
leaf

- Vegetative Stage
- 8-10 weeks

Tasseling(2 weeks)  
Silking (2 weeks)  
Curbing (4 weeks)  
Black layer

- Reproductive Stage
- Physiological Maturity
- Harvest
- 120 days depends on variety

# Crop Phenology



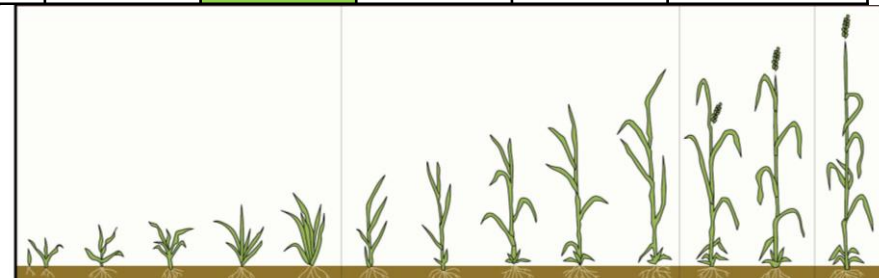
- Vegetative stage
- 40-100days
- Depends on variety

- Reproductive stage
- 35 days

- Ripening
- Maturity
- Harvest
- 30days

# Growing Season – Maize – Northern Ghana

<b>STAGE / ACTIVITY</b>	<b>JAN</b>	<b>FEB</b>	<b>MAR</b>	<b>APR</b>	<b>MAY</b>	<b>JUN</b>	<b>JUL</b>	<b>AUG</b>	<b>SEP</b>	<b>OCT</b>	<b>NOV</b>	<b>DEC</b>	<b>No. OF DAYS</b>
<b>Sowing</b>													<b>0</b>
<b>Emergence</b>													<b>5</b>
<b>Establishment</b>													15-20
<b>Vegetative</b>													25-40
<b>Flowering / tasseling</b>													15-20
<b>Yield formation / cobbing</b>													35-45
<b>Ripening / drying</b>													10-15



# Space Applications



Satellite data

Temporal  
Spatial



Crop type classification



Climate – rainfall, temperature etc



Yield measurement

Mapping maize yields for farms  
Detect positive yield  
associations with inputs.



Biophysical data

LAI  
Chlorophyll

# Monitoring platform



- Crop monitoring System:
  - Crop health monitoring
  - Crop yield assessment
- Good and timely capture of crop condition at a large scale for planning and decision making
- Prototype – interactive app
- Develop and expand our services



# Challenges



Big **yield gap**

Low soil fertility

Low soil water retention capability

Little use of fertilizer (Below ECOWAS/AU average)



Access to high resolution satellite data



Grounding data for validation



Huge **variability** in smallholder farming

**Rainfed** agriculture

**Family-managed** farms

Low investment / Limited access to inputs

Not mechanizes



Climate Change

Variable growing seasons.

unpredictable weather patterns

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# Expectations

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Build capacity in using crop watch



Downscale and customize Cropwatch to Ghana



Next steps in implementing Cropwatch in Ghana



Build a robust crop monitoring system for Ghana

# Thank you

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