**Measuring South-South cooperation** 

# Global project



Amandine Rushenguziminega, David Boko, Bojan Nastav



### **Outline**

- 1. South-South cooperation in 2030 Agenda
- 2. Growing interest
- 3. Global project







### South-South cooperation in the SDG indicator framework







Conceptual Framework to Measure South-South Cooperation.



Countries asked UN Trade and Development to act as secretariat.



### South-South cooperation in the SDG indicator framework





**UN system came** together with partners to support countries.

Four UN Regional Commissions.









The UN Statistics Division (UNSD) and UN Office for South-South cooperation (UNOSSC).







**UN Trade and Development and** International Forum on TOSSD, hosted by

the OECD, became co-custodians of the indicator. UN Trade and **Development** enables capacity development and the reporting of data on South-South flows. **TOSSD** is the source for North-South flows.









**SDG** indicator 17.3.1 was adopted by all member States.



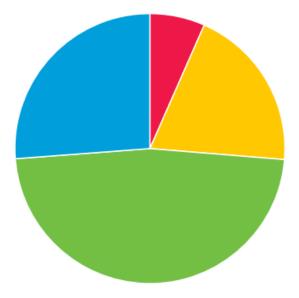






• **Survey** in 2023

75% countries interested to report data soon but need support



- Longer term (after 5 years) (6.6%)
- Medium term (3-5 years) (19.7%)
- Near future (1-2 years) (47.5%)
- Now, as soon as possible (26.2%)

Source: UNCTAD.

- UNCTAD with UN Regional Commissions and other partners
- Experts ask for harmonized tools, analysis, reporting

# **Xey findings**



- Countries showed strong willingness to engage, strengthen capacities and start measuring South-South cooperation for the SDGs.
- Collaboration will be key to measuring South-South cooperation.
- Most often the key agencies to participate in collecting or sharing data are the ministries of foreign affairs, finance, economy and planning, national statistical offices, development cooperation agencies and central banks.



Peru

## Global project to enhance capacities under the UN Development Account





Team: UNCTAD with UNSD, ECA, ECLAC, ESCAP, **ESCWA** Partners welcome!



Malaysia



Namibia Nigeria

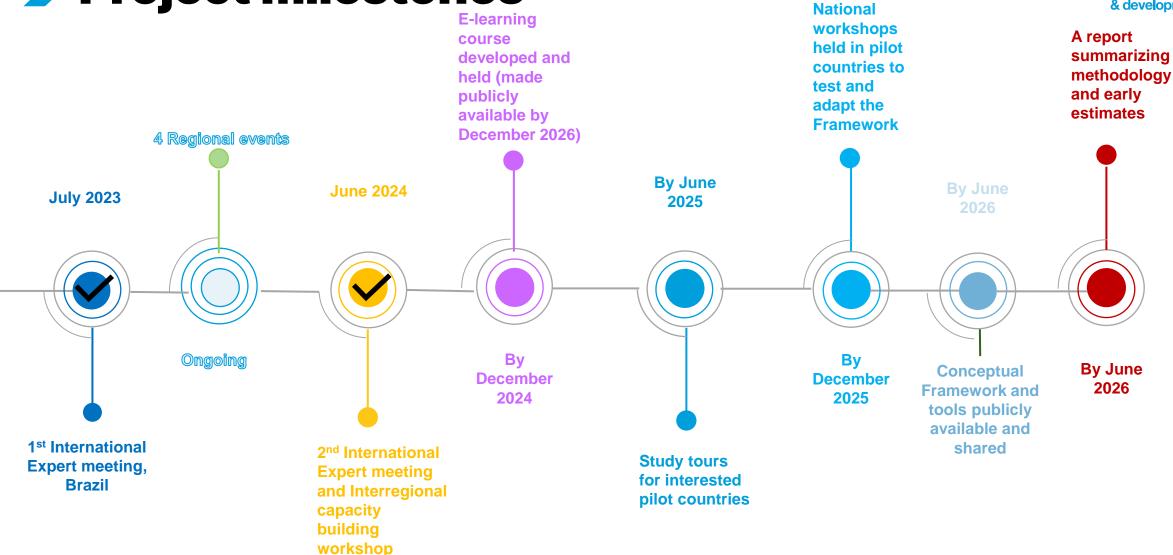


To strengthen developing countries' capacity to measure and report data on South-South cooperation to manage and mobilize resources for the 2030 Agenda



# > Project milestones





# >Achievements to date

The Conceptual
Framework to Measure
South-South Cooperation
was collaboratively
developed by countries
of the global South.



- Adopted by the UN Statistical Commission and the General Assembly in 2022.
- Elaborates both financial and non-financial modalities of South-South cooperation.



Manual for South-South data The Manual provides

The Manual provides practical guidance to countries for pilot testing collection of data for the Framework and reporting to SDG indicator 17.3.1.



The Manual now enables:

- The collection of South-South data to achieve more globally balanced, inclusive and representative information on development support.
- South-South data to be reported to SDG indicator 17.3.1 alongside long-existing North-South flow data for the first time.

Collaborative and inclusive implementation

UN system and partners, including Ibero-American Secretariat and Islamic Development Bank.







- Pilot testing concepts and methods in four regions.
- Over 60 countries requested technical training and exchange.

Knowledge Exchange for reporting South-South cooperation data.



- 1st Inter-Regional Expert meeting in Brazil, July 2023: 51 participants from 16 countries and 10 international and regional organizations.
- 2nd Inter-Regional Expert meeting in Qatar, June 2024: 146 participants from 71 countries, and 15 international and regionalorganizations.



### > Pilot studies to test the Framework



### Depending on country context, pilots will involve the following steps:



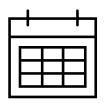
- Mapping of agencies and data sources
  - Identify agencies with mandates and data
  - Review information that exists on South-South cooperation
  - Assess the legal framework for measuring South-South cooperation



- Pilot data compilation
  - Form a technical inter-agency cooperation group and mechanisms
  - Collect data and identify gaps to test the framework
  - Compile aggregates on South-South cooperation flows

### > Pilot studies to test the Framework





### Future planning

- Share outcomes and lessons learned
- Provide feedback to refine the framework, methods and tools
- Inform national action plans to address priority data gaps

In-country activities will be supported by a national/regional consultant.





