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Please enter your contact details: Bulgaria, Sofia University "St. Kl. Ohridski" Faculty of Mathematics and Informatics 5 James Bouchier Blvd. Sofia 1164, Bulgaria

krassen@fmi.uni-sofia.bg

1. Which stakeholder category do you belong to? Non-Government

If non-government, please indicate: Technical and academic community

If non-government, please indicate if you are:

2. What do you think is the significance, purpose and scope of enhanced cooperation as per the Tunis Agenda? a) Significance b) Purpose c) Scope

(a) Significance: Enhanced cooperation is the main approach for achieving the global human rights in the new information society as stated in the Millennium Development Goals for example.

(b) Purpose: The main purpose is to allow different nations to share knowledge and responsibility for future Internet governance and for forming the new Knowledge society based on the wide use of ICT and Internet.

(c) Scope: The scope of this enhanced cooperation is mainly targeted to the management. governance and future free use of Internet and all modern ICT tools and services for the benefit of the new information society.

3. To what extent has or has not enhanced cooperation been implemented? Please use the space below to explain and to provide examples to support your answer.

This enhanced cooperation is definitely in place. But it is difficult to measure how far is the society in the direction of achieving the Tunis Agenda goals.

Latest free democratic movements in many countries organized through Internet are the main achievement and show the great importance of Internet and sharing of knowledge and ideas inside knowledge society, helping people in different regions to improve their life. Different crime and terrorist actions also organized through Internet show one definite weakness of the enhance cooperation and shows directions for improvement in order to guarantee secure life for all citizens and the society as a whole.

4. What are the relevant international public policy issues pertaining to the Internet?

Management and free access of the Internet's root, management and free secure access to the DNS, management and free allocation of IP addresses, free network interconnection, Free and unlimited Internet access for everybody, High speed broadband and mobile broadband, preservation of human rights, protection of personal data, defence against terrorrism.

5. What are the roles and responsibilities of the different stakeholders, including governments, in implementation of the various aspects of enhanced cooperation?

Major international well-recognized organizations like UN,EC and other public bodies should be responsible for the global Internet management and regulations to allow free and unlimited access to all.

National governments should take care of local communication infrastructure, providing rich set of information services, removing all barriers for free access to all information resources, to fight against illegal and criminal use of Internet and preserving all major human rights. Many non-government organizations at national and international level should play the role of inspecting and controlling other organizations and stakeholders.

6. How should enhanced cooperation be implemented to enable governments, on an equal footing, to carry out their roles and responsibilities in international public policy issues pertaining to the Internet?

The role of UN and different mechanisms around suitable UN committees should play the major role in helping, fostering and controlling governments to play their roles and responsibilities.

7. How can enhanced cooperation enable other stakeholders to carry out their roles and responsibilities?

The role of UN and different mechanisms around suitable UN committees should play the major role in helping, fostering and controlling all other stakeholders to play their roles and responsibilities.

8. What are the most appropriate mechanisms to fully implement enhanced cooperation as recognized in the Tunis Agenda, including on international public policy issues pertaining to the Internet and public policy issues associated with coordination and management of critical Internet resources?

The role of UN and different mechanisms around suitable UN committees should play the major role in implementing international public policy issues pertaining to the Internet and public policy issues associated with coordination and management of critical Internet resources.

9. What is the possible relationship between enhanced cooperation and the IGF?

The possible role of IGF should be: Discuss public policy issues related to Internet governance; analyse and identify problems between bodies dealing with different international public policies regarding the Internet and discuss issues that do not fall within the scope of any existing body; Exchange of information and best practices of the academic, scientific and technical communities; Identify emerging issues, bringing them to the attention of the relevant bodies and making recommendations.

10. How can the role of developing countries be made more effective in global Internet governance?

Here we need strong support and motivation for developing countries using different mechanisms of UN, UNESCO and other relevant international organizations.

11. What barriers remain for all stakeholders to fully participate in their respective roles in global Internet governance? How can these barriers best be overcome?

The main barrier is to find the proper way in which UN, UNESCO and other relevant international organizations can play their major role in managing the whole process and ensuring the desired progress will be made.

12. What actions are needed to promote effective participation of all marginalised people in the global information society?

The only way to involve marginalized people in the global information society is through the development of strong local civilian societies and the support of non-government organizations aiming to develop local civilian societies in different regions, especially in developing countries.

13. How can enhanced cooperation address key issues toward global, social and economic development?

The global, social and economic development can be achieved only through the strong local civilian societies. So, enhanced cooperation should focus on any measures, supporting and helping the growth of the strong local civilian societies in different regions of the world, and especially in the developing countries.

14. What is the role of various stakeholders in promoting the development of local language content?

Global stakeholders should promote the use of multi language and multi cultural software tools and systems and ability for meaningful translations of all important information to all major languages.

Local stakeholders should promote and facilitate the use of local language in order to preserve all the local knowledge and wisdom available.

15. What are the international internet-related public policy issues that are of special relevance to developing countries?

Management and free access of the Internet's root, management and free secure access to the DNS, management and free allocation of IP addresses, free network interconnection, Free and unlimited Internet access for everybody, High speed broadband and mobile broadband, Preservation of human rights, protection of personal data.

16. What are the key issues to be addressed to promote the affordability of the Internet, in particular in developing countries and least developed countries?

The key issues to promote affordable Internet access in developing countries are related to creation of high speed broadband and mobile Internet infrastructure and offering free and unlimited Internet access to this infrastructure. UN, UNESCO and other relevan international organizations should play key role for covering all the needed expenses.

17. What are the national capacities to be developed and modalities to be considered for national governments to develop Internet-related public policy with participation of all stakeholders?

Each government and local authorities should develop and offer the basic set of Egovernment, E-business and E-learning services to all, in order to ensure the real participation of all the citizens in developing the Internet public policy and culture of use.

18. Are there other comments, or areas of concern, on enhanced cooperation you would like to submit?