UNCTAD's Ocean economy pillars

UNCTAD's OCEANS ECONOMY PILLARS (based on trade related targets of SDG 14)	Economic and Trade pillar	 Promote sustainable economic growth in key oceans sectors Sustainably trade and market access for oceans-based products and services Seek to enable connectivity for people and markets Increase value addition Strengthening value chains integration and forward and backwards linkages with relevant goods and services production
	Environmental pillar	 Sustainably access and use of living and non-living resources within safe ecological limits (MSY) Apply the precautionary and ecosystem approaches Seek to address climate change mitigation and adaptation
	Social pillar	 Incorporate the maintenance of coastal populations livelihoods, specially of small scale and artisanal fishermen Consider local employment sources Respect access and tenure and rights over marine resources by local communities
	Scientific and technology pillar	 Incorporate low carbon activities and technologies Promote investment in applied R&D Seek to enable access to knowledge, transfer of technology and knowledge cooperative frameworks
	Governance pillar	 Include regulatory and policy obligations under UNCLOS and other United Nations treaties and soft law In compliance with Multilateral Trade and Fisheries Agreements (WTO, UNCTAD and FAO) In line with national development priorities/plans (including marine spatial planning) Promote interagency and intergovernmental cooperation (internal, regional or multilateral)
		Source: UNCTAD (2017)