

Institutional and Site Visit Information

CAMBODIAN POLICY MAKERS INDUSTRIAL POLICY STUDY TOUR -INDONESIA

Jakarta and Bandung, 14-18 September 2026



Jakarta

The Study Tour Programme in Jakarta begins with visits to the Ministry of Industry, Jababeka Industrial Park, and the ASEAN Secretariat. All located within the Greater Jakarta Area, locally known as JABODETABEK.

Jabodetabek is a massive metropolitan area covering Indonesia's capital and its surrounding satellite cities. It serves as Indonesia's economic, political, and cultural centre.

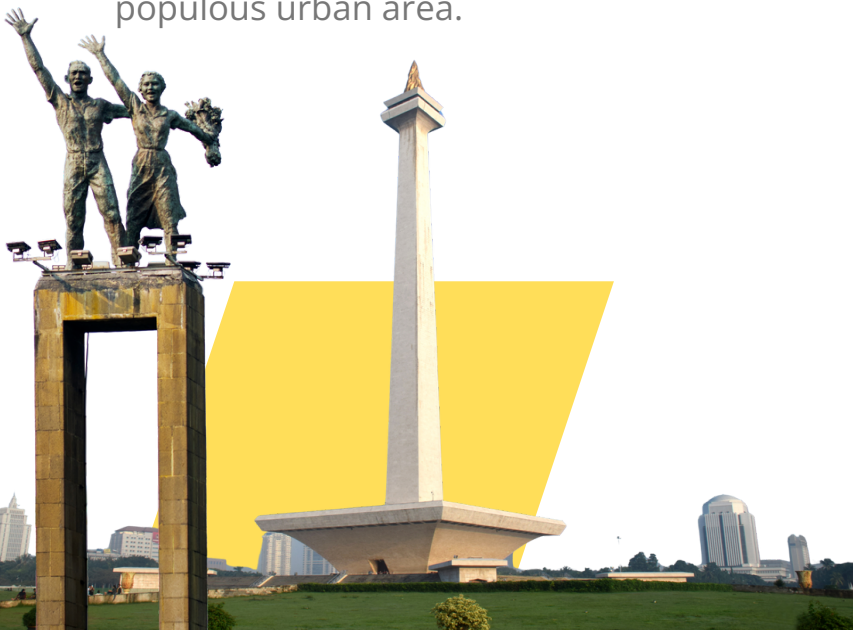
The region covers a 6,800-square-kilometer area. According to 2025 United Nations data, Greater Jakarta has a population of nearly 42 million people, recently surpassing Tokyo and recognised as the world's most populous urban area.



📍 *Cambodian policymakers' study tour destinations. In South Jakarta: the Ministry of Industry and the ASEAN Secretariat. In Bekasi Regency: Jababeka Industrial Park.*

Jabodetabek is an acronym representing five regions: **J**akarta, **B**ogor, **D**epok, **T**angerang, and **B**ekasi. Those regions span across three provinces: the Special Capital Region of Jakarta (DKI Jakarta), West Java, and Banten.

- **Jakarta:** The capital region is divided into five cities: Central, North, East, South, and West Jakarta, and the Kepulauan Seribu (Thousand Islands) regency. Jakarta hosts the presidential palace, national ministries, national corporate and financial headquarters, cultural centres, and key museums.



- Jakarta also serves as Southeast Asia's diplomatic capital. It hosts the **ASEAN Secretariat** and several regional bodies, including the ASEAN Centre for Energy (ACE), ASEAN Coordinating Centre for Humanitarian Assistance on disaster management (AHA Centre), and the ASEAN Foundation.
- **Bogor**: Located in the mountainous south, Bogor has fertile soil and cooler weather. It hosts agricultural and forestry research centres, botanical gardens, agricultural, zoological, and natural history museums, and presidential palaces.
- **Depok**: A residential and educational hub situated between Jakarta and Bogor. Home to the University of Indonesia campus.
- **Tangerang** and South Tangerang: The residential area, industrial, and logistics hub, housing the Soekarno-Hatta International Airport and newly developed business centres.
- **Bekasi**: A major industrial manufacturing centre, home to massive integrated industrial estates like MM2100, EJIP, and **Jababeka**. It hosts global conglomerates specialising in electronics, consumer goods, automotive parts, and electronic vehicles.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- **The Cambodian Embassy in Jakarta** is located in South Jakarta (Jl. Pejaten Barat No.26).
- **Traffic** in Jakarta is often heavy and delays schedules. Always spare at least a 60-minute buffer in travel times between meetings.
- **Your hotel** is located on Jl. MH Thamrin in Central Jakarta.
- It is right across from Sarinah, Indonesia's historic department store. There, you can find Indonesian handicrafts, traditional fabrics and clothing, Indonesian and international food, and souvenirs.
- **Indonesian currency** is the Indonesian Rupiah (IDR). The current exchange rate floats between USD 1 = IDR 17,500-18,100.
- **The nearest money changer** is Sari Valas, located in the Sarinah building.



Visit - Day 1

Ministry of Industry *Kementerian Perindustrian* (Kemenperin)

Key Persons

- Minister of Industry: Agus Gumiwang Kartasasmita
- Vice Minister: Faisol Riza
- General Secretary: Eko S.A. Cahyanto

Core Divisions and Directorates:

Structurally organised by sector-specific Directorates General (DG):

- **DG of Agricultural Industries:** Handles food, beverage, and estate crop manufacturing.
- **DG of Chemical, Pharmaceutical, and Textile Industries:** Oversees downstream chemical development and garment sectors.
- **DG of Metal, Machinery, Transportation Equipment, and Electronics Industries:** Directs the vital automotive, heavy machinery, and tech assembly policy.
- **DG of Small, Medium, and Artisan Industries:** Manages local supply chain integration.
- **DG of Industrial Resilience, Regional Affairs, and International Industrial Access:** The critical unit overseeing spatial planning, industrial zones (Special Economic Zones/*Kawasan Industri*), and cross-border trade policy.
- **Agency for Industrial Human Resources Development:** Focuses on labor upskilling and Technical and Vocational Education and Training (TVET) models.

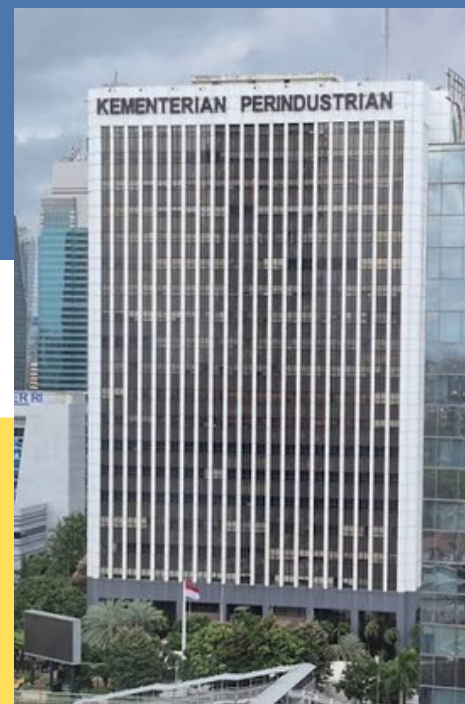
TRAVEL NOTES:

- The Ministry of Industry is located on Jl. Gatot Subroto, South Jakarta.
- Estimated travel time from the Four Points Hotel (Jl. MH Thamrin, Central Jakarta) is 45 minutes due to heavy morning traffic.



THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY

- Minister Agus Gumiwang Kartasasmita has held the position since October 2019, serving under President Joko Widodo's previous administration and continuing in the current Cabinet under President Prabowo Subianto.
- Prior to leading the industrial sector, he served as Minister of Social Affairs from 2018 to 2019.
- Completed his Doctoral degree in Government Studies at Padjajaran University in Bandung, West Java.
- Served as a member of the national parliament (DPR RI) from 2009 to 2018, representing West Java Province.
- The chief architect of Indonesia 4.0. master plan, which aims to digitally transform domestic manufacturing through artificial intelligence, the Internet of Things, and automation.
- Champions the policy of stopping raw commodity exports to focus on building full domestic manufacturing supply chains.



Visit - Day 2

01 Jababeka Industrial Park Cikarang, West Java

Jababeka Industrial Park is a self-contained, fully integrated industrial township.

- Setyono Djuandi Darmono founded Jababeka in 1989. The area was initially a barren plot of land depleted by unsustainable brickmaking industries.
- The Jababeka Group transformed the land into an eco-friendly megahub and became Indonesia's first publicly listed industrial estate developer in 1994.
- It now covers over **5,600 hectares** and houses more than **2,000 multinational companies from 30 countries**.

Core Operational Divisions and Key Infrastructure Elements

- **Industrial Estate Division:** Directs factory zoning, land optimisation, and international-standard environmental systems.
- **Jababeka Infrastructure:** Operates its own **independent 130 MW power plant** (Bekasi Power) and water treatment networks.
- **Cikarang Dry Port (CDP):** An inland port connected directly to the primary Jakarta seaport (Tanjung Priok). It enables customs clearance, container logistics, and tracking within the industrial estate.
- **Education Park (President University):** An on-site international university built inside the park to supply engineering and managerial talent directly to the neighbouring factories.

COMPANIES* IN JABABEKA

1. Fast-Moving Consumer Goods (FMCG) and Cosmetics

- PT Unilever Indonesia Tbk: manufacturing hubs for home and personal care products.
- PT Kao Indonesia: A Japanese multinational company producing consumer hygiene and skincare goods.
- PT Yasulor Indonesia (L'Oréal Manufacturing Indonesia): one of L'Oréal's largest cosmetics production facilities in Southeast Asia.

2. Automotive and Heavy Machinery

- PT Piaggio Indonesia Industrial: domestic assembly for Italian Vespa scooters.
- PT Komatsu Undercarriage Indonesia: heavy construction equipment parts and machinery.
- PT United Tractors Pandu Engineering: large-scale industrial engineering and heavy vehicle component fabrication.

3. Electronics and High-Tech Hardware

- PT Samsung Electronics Indonesia: consumer electronics, televisions, and appliances.
- PT Mattel Indonesia: primary manufacturing facility for global Barbie dolls, utilising massive industrial precision molding and large-scale export operations.

4. Pharmaceuticals and Healthcare Products

- PT Dexa Medica: one of Indonesia's largest domestic pharmaceutical companies.
- Ferron Par Pharmaceuticals.

5. Chemicals, Coatings and Industrial Materials

- PT AkzoNobel Indonesia/ICI Paints: specialised industrial and maritime protective coatings.
- PT Sika Indonesia: building chemicals, industrial adhesives, and manufacturing materials.

The companies listed above represent only a small selection of the **more than 2,000 companies currently operating within Jababeka.*





Visit - Day 2

02 The ASEAN Secretariat South Jakarta

- The Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) was established on 8 August 1967 in Bangkok, Thailand, with the signing of the ASEAN Declaration by the Founding Fathers of ASEAN: Indonesia, Malaysia, the Philippines, Singapore, and Thailand.
- Brunei Darussalam joined ASEAN on 7 January 1984, followed by Viet Nam on 28 July 1995, Lao PDR and Myanmar on 23 July 1997, Cambodia on 30 April 1999, and Timor-Leste on 26 October 2025
- The ASEAN Secretariat was established on February 24, 1976, by ASEAN Foreign Ministers.
- The Secretariat coordinates ASEAN organs, ensures efficient multilateral decision-making, and systematically implements regional projects across all Member States.

Departments and Directorates

The ASEAN Secretariat is led by the Secretary-General and divided into specialised communities:

- **ASEAN Political-Security Community (APSC) Department:** Directs political cooperation, human rights, and regional security frameworks.
- **ASEAN Economic Community (AEC) Department:** Drives regional trade integration, SME development policies, and physical connectivity infrastructure.
- **ASEAN Socio-Cultural Community (ASCC) Department:** Focuses on education, labor, and social welfare initiatives.
- **Community and Corporate Affairs Department:** Manages internal logistics, legal affairs, public relations, and institutional administration.

TRAVEL NOTES:

- The distance between Jababeka Industrial Park and the ASEAN Secretariat is approximately 64 kilometers.
- Travel time ranges from 1.5 to 2.5 hours because of heavy traffic on this route.



THE SECRETARY-GENERAL

- **H.E. Dr. Kao Kim Hourn** has served as ASEAN Secretary-General since January 2023.
- He served the Cambodian government for two decades, including as Minister Delegate to the Prime Minister (2013–2022) and Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs (2004–2013).
- He served as Cambodia's ASEAN Senior Officials' Meeting (SOM) Leader (2001–2012) and represented Cambodia in drafting the **ASEAN Charter**.
- He founded **The University of Cambodia** in 2003, established an ASEAN-focused think tank, and authored books on regional affairs.

ASEAN VISION 2045

Titled "ASEAN 2045: Our Shared Future", ASEAN Vision 2025 is a 20-year strategic roadmap adopted at the 46th ASEAN Summit in May 2025. It charts ASEAN's direction to establish a resilient, innovative, dynamic, and people-centred ASEAN Community over the next two decades.

1. **Political-Security Community:** Focused on maintaining peace, maritime safety, regional stability, and rules-based operations while ensuring ASEAN Centrality in regional diplomacy.
2. **Economic Community:** Aiming to establish the bloc as the fourth-largest global economy. Priorities include building a unified \$2 trillion digital market through the Digital Economy Framework Agreement (DEFA), trade facilitation, and promoting the Blue Economy.
3. **Socio-Cultural Community:** Creating an inclusive, socially cohesive, and healthy population. Emphasises women's empowerment, youth participation, civic engagement, and leaving no one behind.
4. **ASEAN Connectivity:** Newly elevated as its own formal pillar. It calls for a comprehensive regional blueprint to advance physical infrastructure, transport networks, digital transformation, and people-to-people ties.

Bandung

Bandung is rich in history, arts, culinary heritage, and creative communities. It is also known as Indonesia's "Fashion Capital" and is home to top-tier science and engineering colleges.

Bandung serves as West Java's primary economic, cultural, and political hub. Located roughly 140 kilometers southeast of Jakarta, it sits in a river basin surrounded by volcanic mountains.

The city itself has an estimated population of 2.8 million people. Its surrounding area, known as Greater Bandung (*Bandung Raya*), expands to over 8.5 million residents.

Sitting at an elevation of 768 meters above sea level, Bandung offers a cool tropical highland climate. Daily temperatures range between the comfortable 20°C to 28°C.

In 1955, the City hosted the landmark Asian-African Conference (Bandung Conference), which played a crucial role in the global non-aligned movement and in the independence of developing nations.

Bandung is home to Indonesia's most prestigious top-tier universities, most notably the Institut Teknologi Bandung (ITB). As a result, Bandung is also the "birthplace" and **home to prominent Indonesian scientists, researchers, and engineers.**

Bandung is the **historical and creative centre of Indonesia's textile and fashion industry.** The relationship between its heavy industrial fashion production and its youth-driven subcultures has shaped the City into a vibrant fashion landscape, with hundreds of fashion outlets that domestic and international visitors frequent for fashion items.



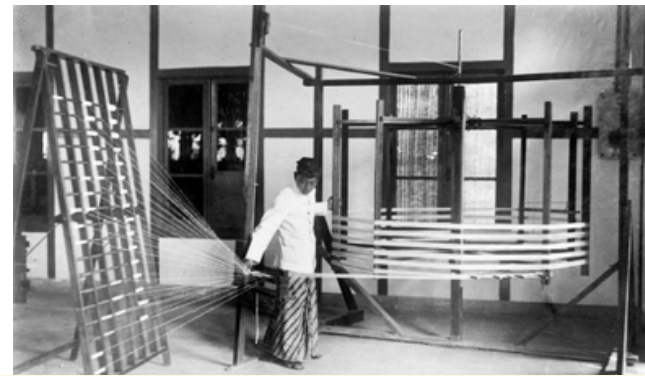
Visit - Day 3

01 Politeknik STTT Bandung (Textile Technology Vocational College)

Politeknik STTT's history traces back to 1922, when the Dutch colonial administration established the Textiel Inrichting Bandoeng (TIB) to modernise weaving infrastructure and human resources in West Java

As the textile industry grew and machine looms developed, a higher level of education became necessary. Ir. H. R. Safioen, a textile graduate from India, led the establishment of *Kursus Tekstil Tinggi* (High-Level Textile Course), a textile technology higher education institution, in 1954. Mr. Safioen later became the Director General of the Textile Industry.

After a series of programmatic restructuring, it changed its name to **Politeknik STTT Bandung** in 2015 to better align with vocational industry requirements.



Politeknik STTT is a direct state-sponsored institution under the Ministry of Industry. It coordinates with national and international textile conglomerates. Its students benefit from integrated industrial internships, technological research collaborations, and extensive career networks, making it the primary hub for specialised management and engineering talent in Indonesia's massive fashion and textile supply chains.



Study Programmes

Applied Bachelor's Degree (Diploma IV) Programmes

- **Textile Engineering:** Focusing on spinning, weaving, knitting, and comprehensive raw material evaluations.
- **Textile Chemistry:** specialising in dyeing, printing, finishing, and color science.
- **Garment Production:** Covering operational industry processes, apparel manufacturing, and product management (offered with an optional concentration in Fashion Design).

Applied Master's Degree Programme

Textile and Apparel Engineering: Launched in 2018, this is the only applied master's degree programme on textiles in Indonesia

Visit - Day 3

02 BBSPJIBBT (Centre for Standardisation and Industrial Services for Materials and Engineering Goods / B4T)

BBSPJIBBT Bandung stands for *Balai Besar Standardisasi dan Pelayanan Jasa Industri Bahan dan Barang Teknik* (Centre for Standardisation and Industrial Services for Materials and Engineering Goods). Known in the industry by its historic acronym B4T, it is a technical public service agency operating under Indonesia's Ministry of Industry (Kemenperin).

It is one of Indonesia's oldest technical institutes, originally established by the Dutch colonial administration in 1909 in Batavia (Jakarta) as *Laboratorium Voor Metaal Onderzoek* (Metal Research Laboratory).

It moved to its permanent base in Bandung in 1921, positioned right next to the Technische Hogeschool (which later became ITB).

BBSPJIBBT operates as a government-backed **technical service provider focused on materials engineering, industrial standardisation, and quality assurance**.



Core Services and Functions

- **Testing and Calibration:** Operates fully accredited laboratories to conduct destructive and non-destructive material testing and calibrate high-precision tools.
- **Technical Inspection:** Inspects industrial assets (both metallic and non-metallic) to measure asset integrity and evaluate the Remaining Lifetime Assessment (RLA) of factory heavy equipment.
- **Product Certification:** Issues product quality certifications, verifies compliance with Indonesian National Standard (SNI), evaluates Green Industry certifications, and assesses Domestic Component Level (TKDN) verifications.
- **Expert Training:** Hosts globally recognised vocational certification courses for highly specialised engineering careers, such as producing internationally qualified Welding Inspectors and Welding Engineers.
- **Industry 4.0 Readiness:** Mentors manufacturing plants through digital transformations and structural upgrades to align with the Making Indonesia 4.0 roadmap.

WHOOSH

The fastest train in the Earth's Southern Hemisphere.

To travel from Jakarta to Bandung and back, the study tour participants will ride Whoosh, Indonesia's high-speed bullet train.

Bandung has always been Jakartans' favorite holiday destination. Conversely, people from Bandung also commute frequently to Jakarta for its attractions and airports. This volume of travelers brings uncomfortable consequences: notorious traffic and unpredictable trip durations.

Whoosh's groundbreaking began in 2016 under President Joko Widodo's leadership. After multi-year delays caused by land acquisition challenges and the COVID-19 pandemic, the bullet train was officially inaugurated on October 2, 2023.

Whoosh, Indonesia's bullet train, marked a historical milestone as **the first high-speed railway in Southeast Asia and the Southern Hemisphere**. It travels at a maximum operating speed of **350 km/h (217 mph)**.

At that speed, it cuts a traffic-heavy 3- to 5-hour journey to just **35 minutes**, making it a popular commuting option between the two cities.

The Whoosh project was built by PT KCIC (Kereta Cepat Indonesia China), a joint consortium of Indonesian state-owned enterprises and China Railway International.

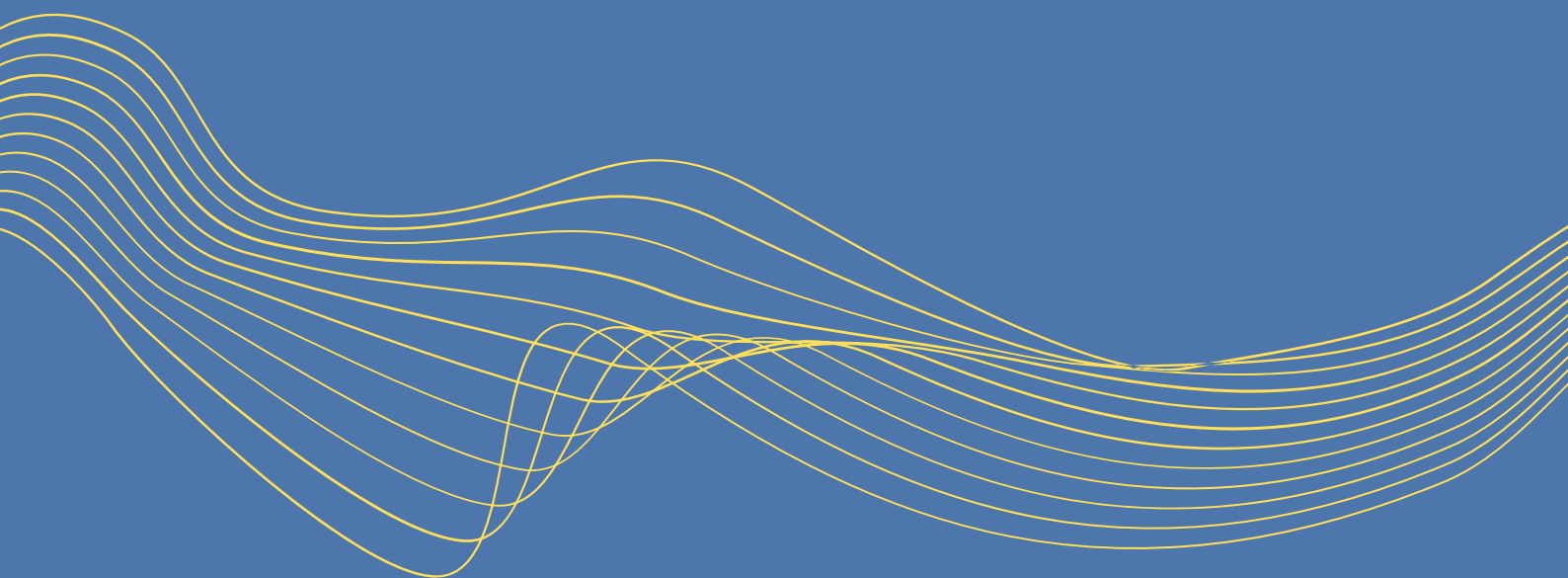
WHOOSH FACTS

- "Whoosh" is an onomatopoeia to mimic the rushing, sweeping sound of a modern bullet train at top speed.
- Formally, Whoosh is an acronym that stands for an Indonesian phrase: *Waktu Hemat, Operasi Optimal, Sistem Hebat/Handal*, which translates directly to "Time-saving, Optimal Operation, Reliable/Excellent System"
- The trains are customised for Indonesia's natural landscape. They feature an intelligent sensor designed to protect the train against earthquakes, heavy floods, fires, and lightning strikes.
- Whoosh tracks and trains are engineered with incredible stability. Passengers love placing a coin vertically on the windowsill to see that even at 350 km/h, the coin stays perfectly upright without falling over.



Important Note

To account for Jakarta's heavy, unpredictable traffic, please note that departures from the hotel and site visits will be scheduled 45 to 60 minutes earlier than the normal estimated arrival time. This buffer ensures we arrive safely and on time.



Important Address & Contact Numbers

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