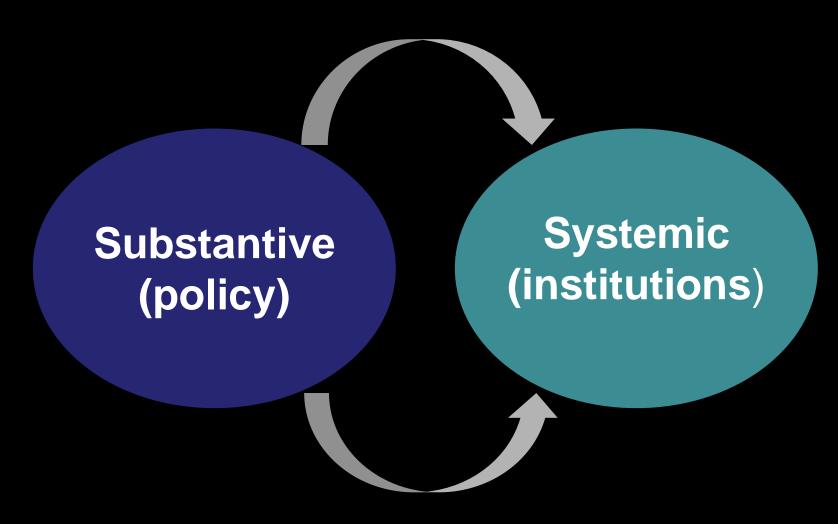
Joining up competition and consumer protection Substantive and systemic frameworks

Professor Caron Beaton-Wells
University of Melbourne

14th Session of Intergovernmental Group of Experts 8 July 2014 Geneva

A big and important topic



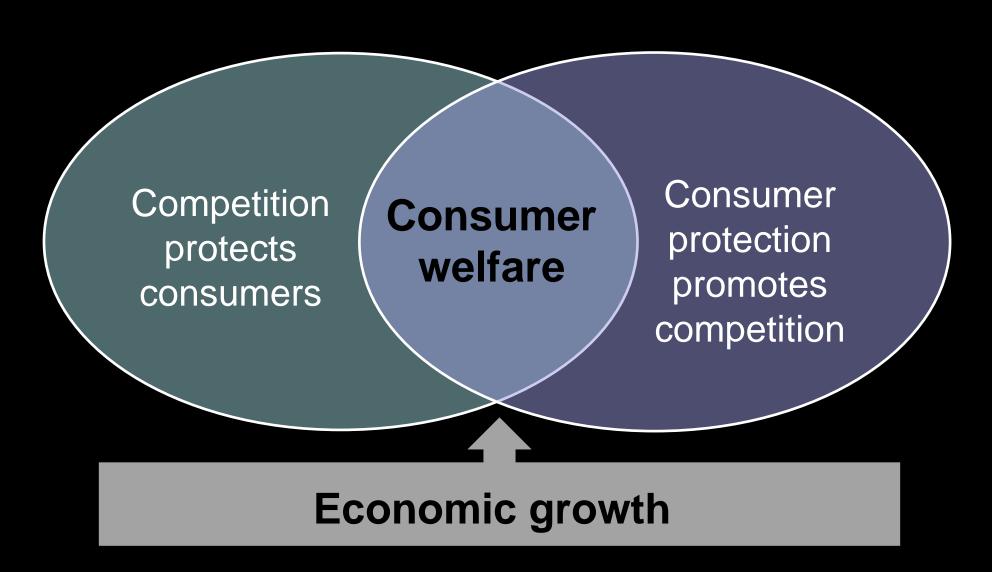
Dimensions / Implications

SUBSTANTIVE DIMENSIONS

Separate policies – traditional view

Dimension	Competition	Consumer
Objectives	Constraint/ freedom Efficiency Development	Information Fairness Safety
Scope	Markets	Transactions
Orientation	Supply side	Demand side
Discipline	Industrial organisation economics	Consumer behaviour
Tools	Enforcement, advocacy	Education, dispute resolution

Connected policies – contemporary view



The new paradigm: making markets work for consumers

"Within the framework of 'enabling markets to work', [competition laws] speak to the protection of the availability of consumer choice; consumer laws, on the other hand, speak to the conditions for the effective exercise of consumer choice. Both are crucial to functioning markets."

Louise Sylvan, former ACCC Commissioner, 2004

Joined-up diagnosis of markets

- 1. High competition, high consumer protection
 - No intervention

- 2. Low competition, low consumer protection
 - Intervene to address competition and consumer protection

Joined-up diagnosis of markets

- 3. Low competition, high consumer protection
 - Consider any trade-off for consumer protection from improving competition
- 4. High competition, low consumer protection
 - Consider any trade-off for competition from improving consumer protection

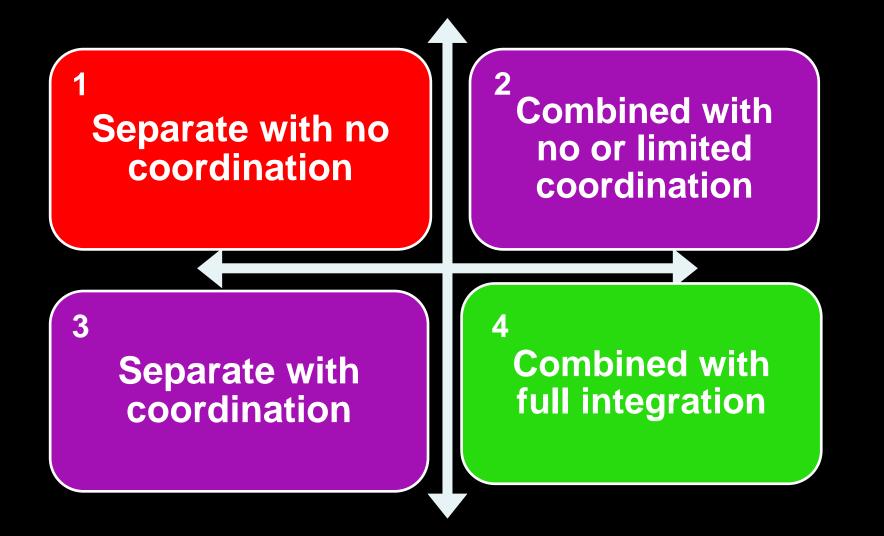
SYSTEMIC DIMENSIONS

"...successful public policy outcomes are the product of good physics AND good engineering..."

Kovacic, 2009

Focus on number of agencies History separate Personalities **Politics** VS combined agencies? **Administrative** culture

Focus on coordination



Comments and questions welcome

c.beaton-wells@unimelb.edu.au