

NTM Classification Meeting Official Non-Tariff Measures 28 – 29 September 2015

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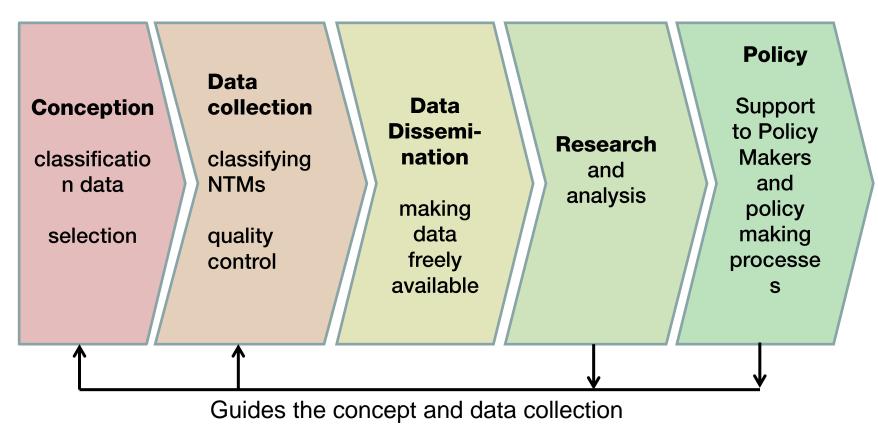
and Commodities

UNCTAD



UNCTAD Non-Tariff Measures Programme

Working along the entire chain



NTM Data: 3 Types of data, not to be mixed

Goods

National legislation

- Inventory data
- Notifications
- STC

Requirements enacted within a legal text or regulation issued officially by a country

Private sector perspective

- Business survey
- Complaints portal

Voluntary standards

- Private standards
- International standards

International Classification of NTMs: The common language

<u>e</u>	e A	Sanitary and Phytosanitary (SPS) measures				
Fechnica	measures	Technical barriers to trade (TBT)				
Te	E C	Pre-shipment inspections and other formalities				
	D	Contingent trade-protective measures				
saures	E	Non-automatic licensing, quotas, prohibitions and quantity-control measures				
mport-related measures	F	Price-control measures, including additional taxes and charges				
Import-related Non-technical measures	G	Finance measures				
ort-r al me	Н	Measures affecting competition				
lmpe hnic	I	Trade-related investment measures				
-tec	J	Distribution restrictions				
Non	K	Restrictions on post-sales services				
	L	Subsidies (excl. export subsidies)				
	M	Government procurement restrictions				
	N	Intellectual property				
	0	Rules of origin				
Export- related measures		Export-related measures				

Tree structure -- for example:

A Sanitary and Phytosanitary (SPS) measures

A1 Prohibitions/restrictions of imports for SPS reasons A11 Temporary geographic prohibition

(...)

A2 Tolerance limits for residues and restricted use of substances

(...)

A3 Labelling, marking, packaging requirements

(..)

A4 Hygienic requirements

(...)

A5 Treatment for the elimination of pests and diseases $% \left\{ \left(1\right) \right\} =\left\{ \left(1\right) \right\}$

A51 Cold/heat treatment

A52 Irradiation

(...)

A6 Requirements on production / post-production processes

(...)

A8 Conformity assessment

A81 Product registration

A82 Testing requirement

A83 Certification requirement

A84 Inspection requirement

A85 Traceability requirement

A851 Origin of materials and parts
A852 Processing history

(...)

A86 Quarantine requirement

A89 Other conformity assessments





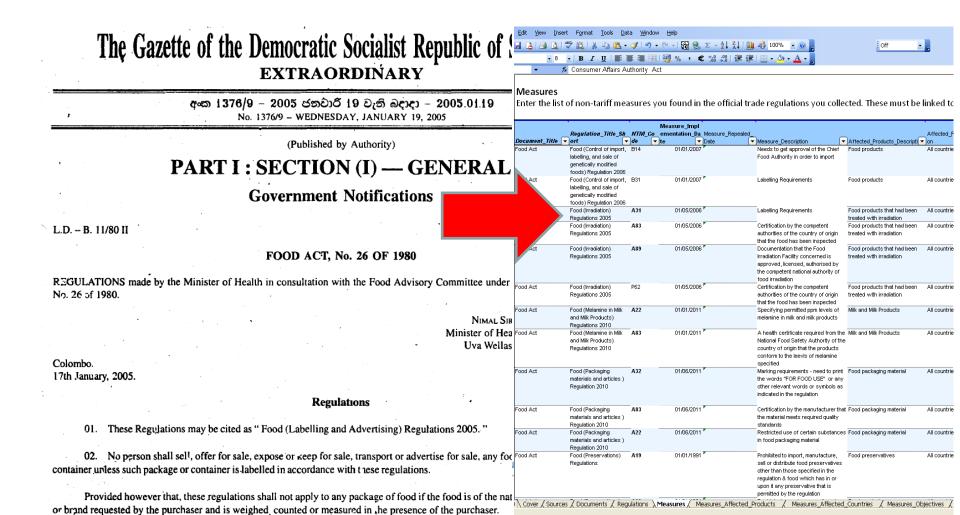
FEBRUARY 2012 VERSIO



Official NTM data collection

From here...

...to here



How is the data collected?

Regulation



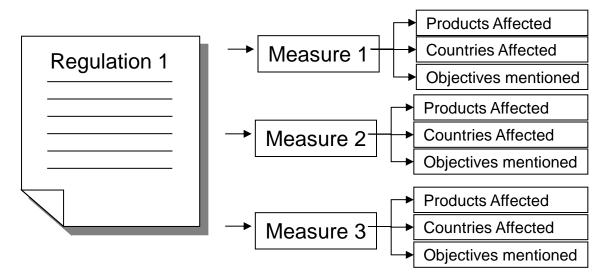
Law, decree, etc. issued officially by a government

Measure



One official regulation could bear several NTM

Currently chapters A – I and P

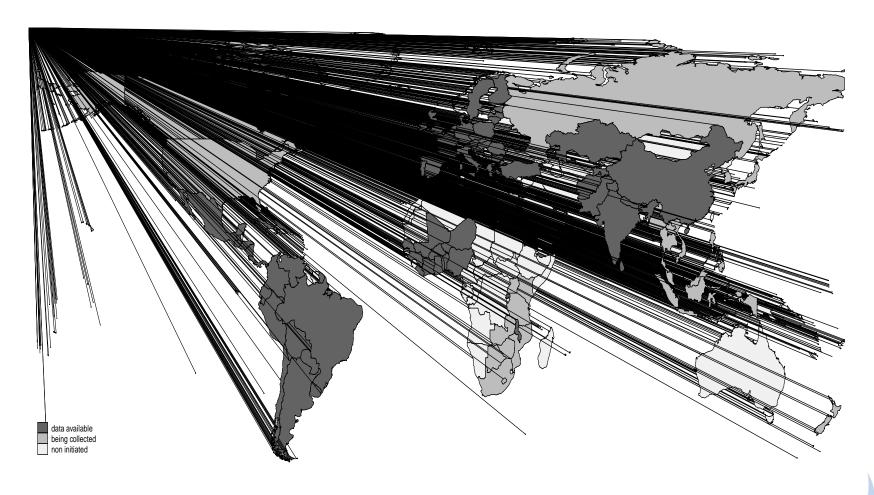


Data Availability

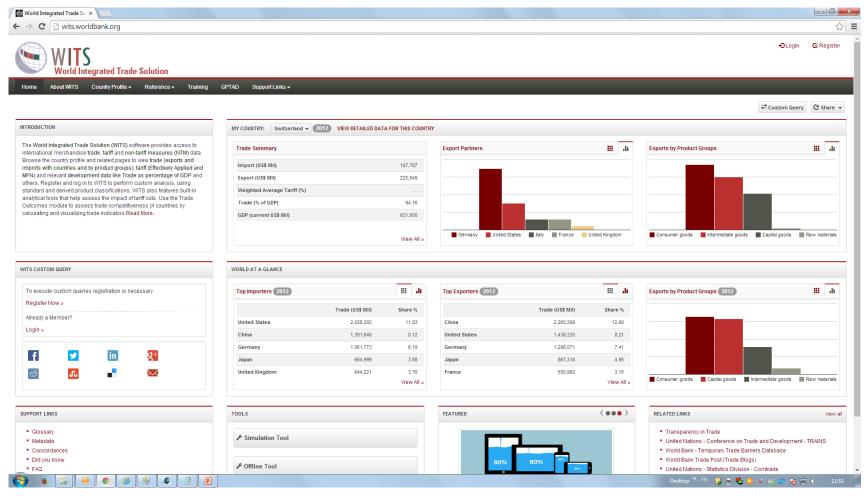
Latin America and the Caribbean	North America	Europe and Central Asia	Middle East and North Africa	Sub-Saharan Africa	South Asia	East-Asia and the Pacific
Argentina	US	E.U.	Egypt	Burkina Faso	Afghanistan	China
Bolivia	Canada	Kazakhstan	Lebanon	Cote d'Ivoire	India	Japan
Brazil		Russia	Morocco	Guinea	Nepal	Hong Kong, C
Chile		Tajikistan	Tunisia	Madagascar	Pakistan	Australia
Colombia		Belarus	Algeria	Mauritius	Sri Lanka	New Zealand
Costa Rica			Jordan	Namibia		All ASEAN
Cuba			Palestine	Senegal		Korea
Ecuador				Tanzania		
Guatemala				Kenya		
Mexico				Malawi		
Paraguay				Rwanda		
Peru				Nigeria		
Uruguay				Benin		
Venezuela				Cape Verde	Liberia	
El Salvador				Gambia	Mali	
Honduras				Ghana	All TRIPARTITE	
Nicaragua				Guinea Bissau		

NITED NATIONS CONFERENCE ON TRADE AND DEVELOPMENT

Map of Data Availability

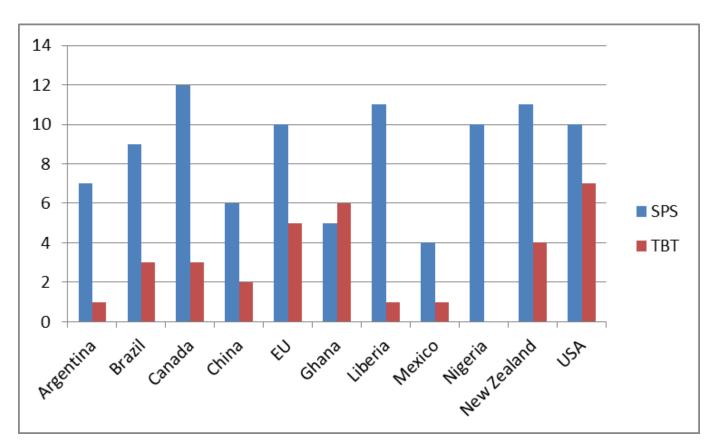


World Integrated Trade Solution website: wits.worldbank.org



Example: Many distinct SPS measures on fish products

Average number of distinct SPS and TBT measures by country



Main Challenges with NTM data collection

Comprehensiveness

Quality

Regulations

Measures within Regulations

NTM classification

HS classification

Towards high quality data

Before

Selection, Training, Preparation (e.g. sources, "legal architecture")

During

Being constant/ly/with the classifier

After

- Automated data review
 - Data consistent (e.g. all mandatory fields filled in)
 - Anti-dumping measure for one product
- Semi-automated review (supporting manual review, e.g. flagging issues)
 - SPS measures mainly for food prøducts
 - Flag partial coverage with large product groups
- Manuel data review
 - Sources
 - NTM classification
 - Product classification



Still ... challenges remain

- Labour intensive and time consuming
- Sometimes difficulties to classify, e.g. SPS vs TBT
 - Often difficult judgement to make
 - Internal "committee"
- HS classification is a huge effort (1/3 of time)
 - Often groups of products
 - Often for specific use
- Difficult but doable



www.unctad.org unctad.org/ntm

