



PERÚ

Ministerio
de Relaciones Exteriores



The fight for the eradication of illegal trade in Peru

**DIALOGUE ON ILLICIT TRADE AND THE
SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS**



GENEVA, 18TH JULY, 2019

INTRODUCTION

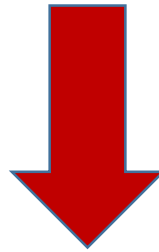


Gobierno del Peru

MAPPING THE IMPACT OF ILLICIT TRADE ON THE SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS

Insufficient attention has been given to the substantial impact that illicit trade has on holding back progress.

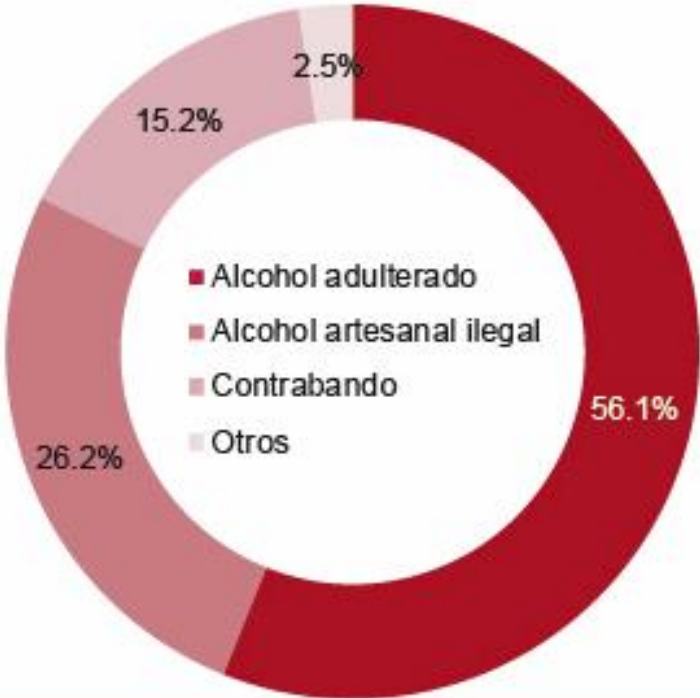
There are notable “macro” impacts where illicit trade cuts deeply across many of the SDGs with mayor consequences over devolvment.



Illicit trades pushes achievement of the goals
further away.

ILLEGAL ALCOHOL IN PERU

**Mercado ilegal de bebidas alcohólicas,
por categoría (2017)**

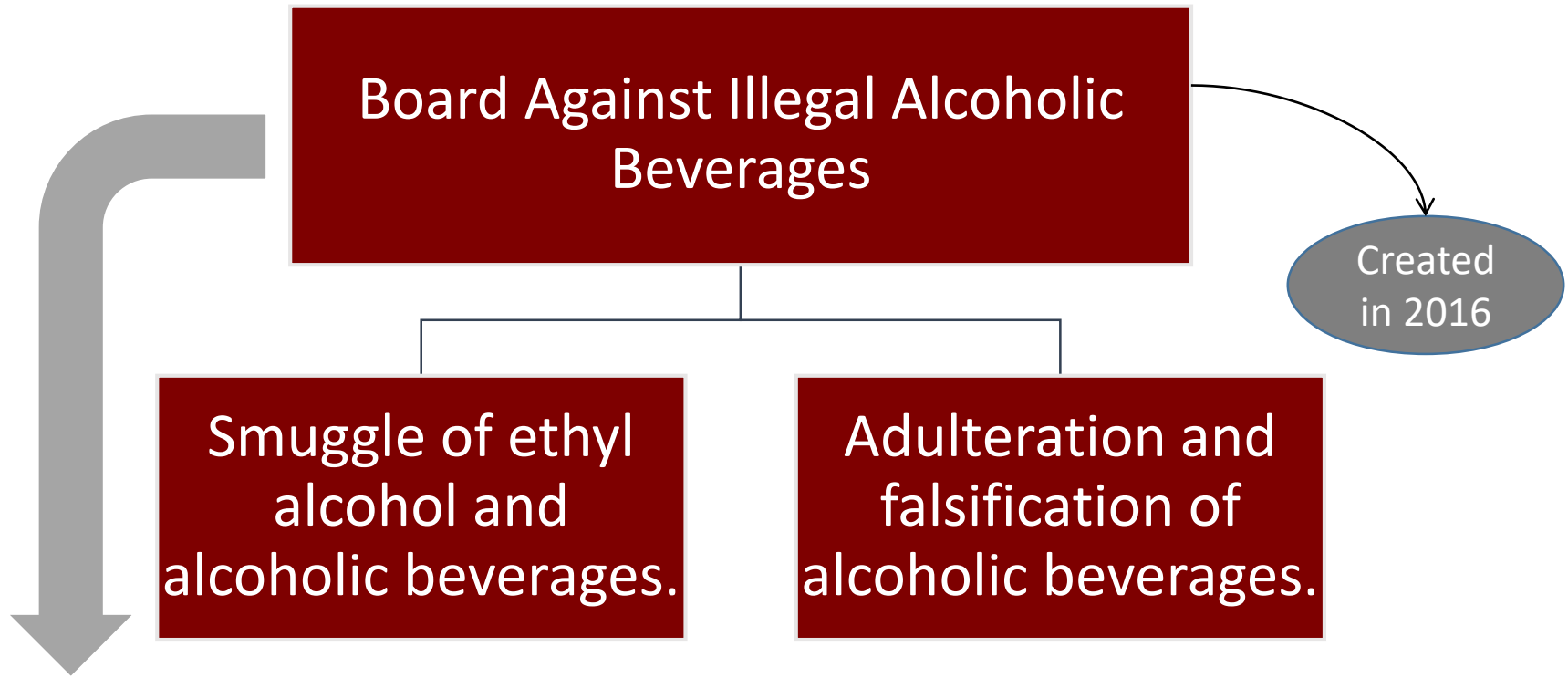


Fuente: Euromonitor International.

ACTIONS TAKEN BY PERU

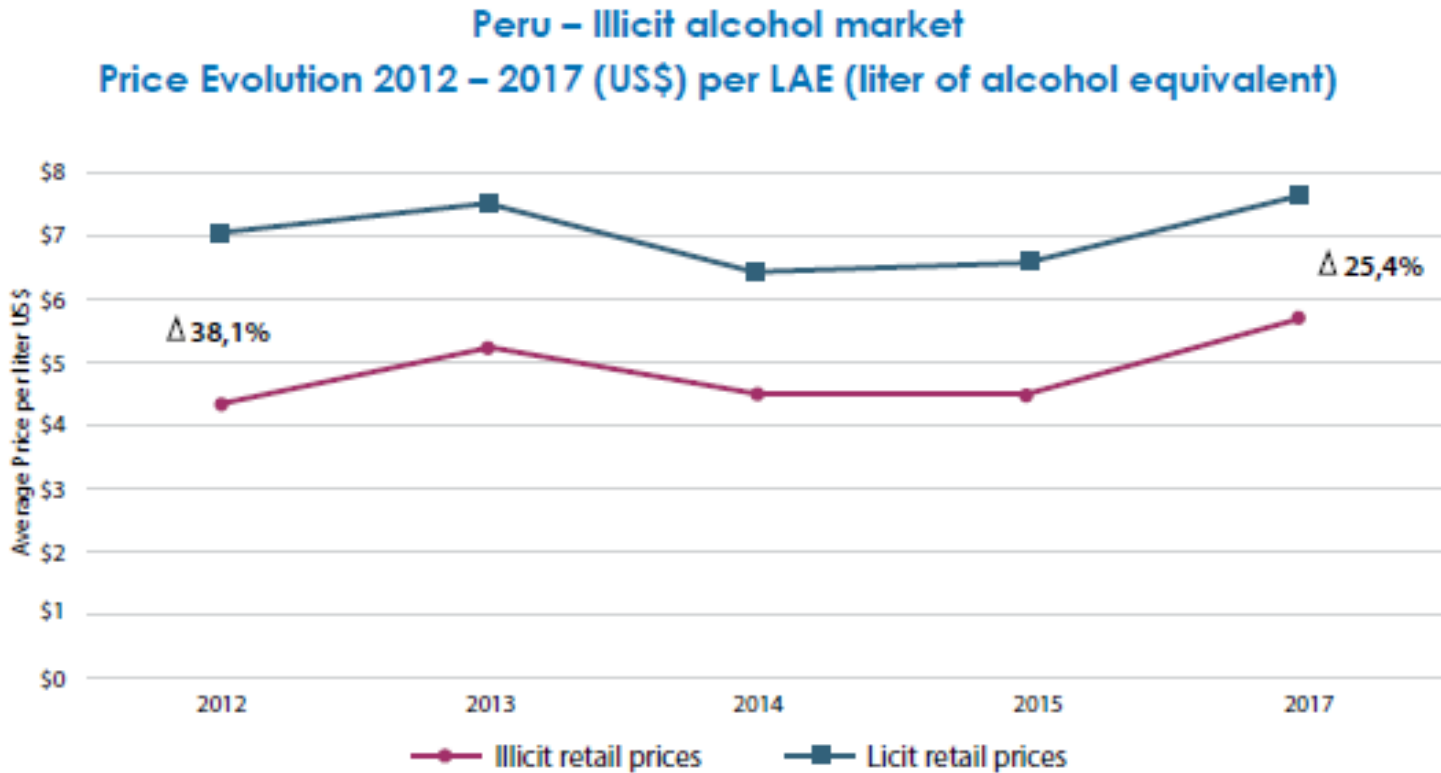


ACTIONS TAKEN BY PERU



- Articulates the public and private sector, looking for joint mechanisms to sensitize the population about the consumption of illegal alcoholic beverages
- Plans and executes interdiction activities to suppress illegal production and trade.

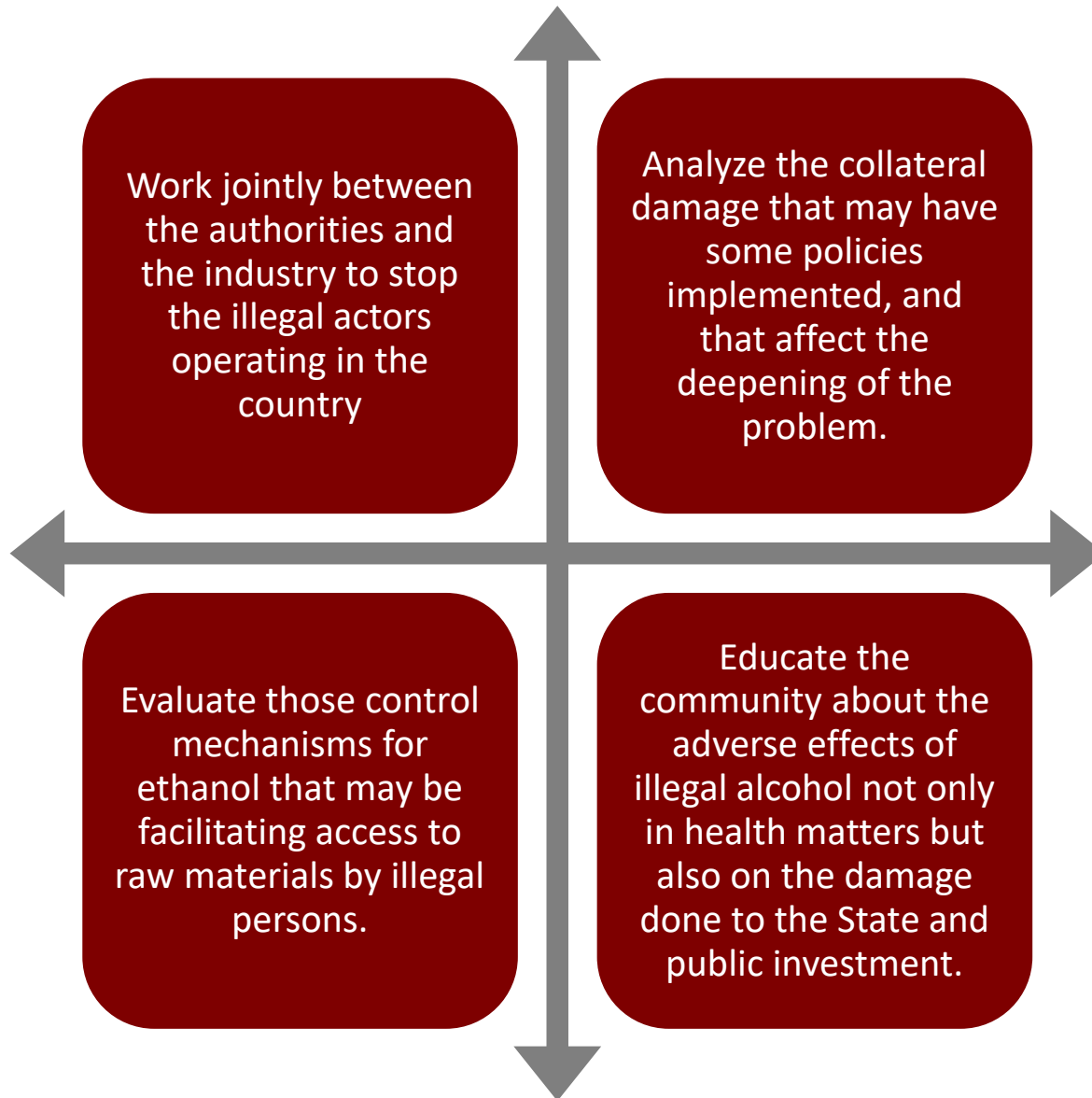
ALLIANCE BETWEEN PERUVIAN'S GOVERNMENT – AB InBev



Source: Euromonitor International

In the last 5 years, the illicit alcohol market has decreased from 31 to 26 percent of the total alcohol market. At the same time, the difference between the prices of licit and illicit alcoholic beverages in Peru has narrowed significantly from 38 to 25 percent.

THE WAY FORWARD...




ILLICIT TRADE IN WOOD IN PERU

The estimated annual retail value of illegal logging is US\$52 to 157 billion, making it the world's most profitable natural resource crime, with knock-on effects of reducing government tax revenue on sales and exports.



Permanent Multisector Commission of Fight against
illegal logging-CMLTI

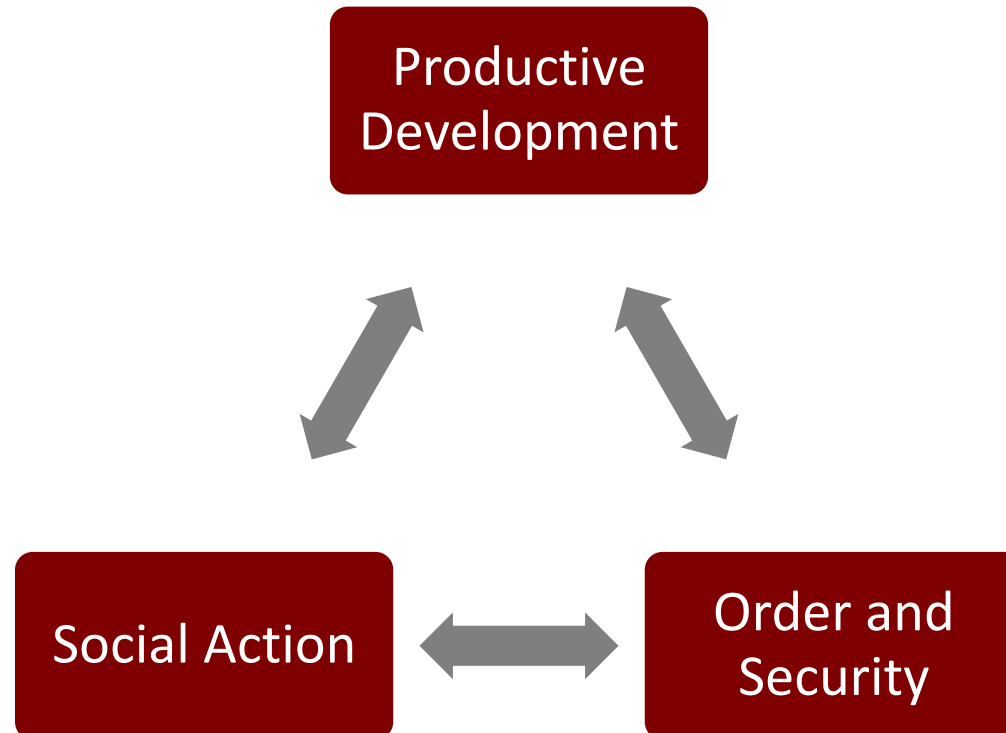
Permanent Multisector Commission of Fight against illegal logging-CMLTI



Propose actions that contribute to the fight against illegal logging, in defense of forest resources and wildlife as part of the policy of protection and defense of forest heritage and biodiversity, in compliance with international conventions and national standards in this area.

ILEGAL TRAFFIC IN GOLD

“Poorly managed or illegal mining and the subsequent trade in illegally sourced resources can lead to environmental degradation, human rights abuse and conflict, while providing a significant source of revenue for organized crime and terrorist groups. Moreover, the presence of criminal groups in the mining and minerals sector drives corruption and negatively impacts stability, governance, development and the rule of law”



Thank you!
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