FIJI'S TRADE AND INVESTMENT: EXPLORING OPPORTUNITIES AND CHALLENGES

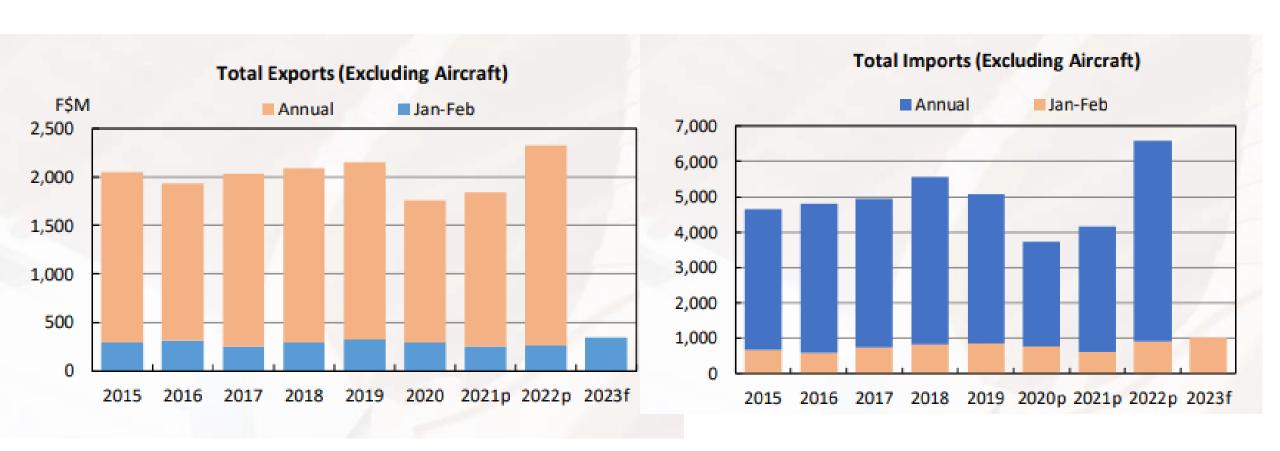
ROLE OF THE TRADE UNIT

- Ministry of Trade, Co-operatives, SMEs and Communications
- Trade Unit responsibilities:
- 1. formulate and implement policies related to international trade,
- 2. trade and investment missions,
- 3. trade negotiations and market access for Fijian goods and services,
- 4. monitors the performance of four Trade Commissions, Film Fiji and Investment Fiji
- 5. Business Reforms and Skilled Professionals Evaluation Committee
- 6. Guided by the Fijian Trade Policy Framework (2015-2025)

TRADE LANSCAPE

- **Regional Trade:** Pacific Island Countries Trade Agreement (PICTA), South Pacific Regional Trade and Economic Cooperation Agreement (SPARTECA), Melanesian Spearhead Group Trade Agreement (MSGTA), Interim Economic Partnership Agreement (EU and UK).
- Multilateral Trade: The World Trade Organization (WTO) established in 1995, Trade Facilitation Agreement, Agreement on Fisheries Subsidies.
- **Plurilateral Trade:** Agreement on Climate Change, Trade and Sustainability (ACCTS) currently under negotiation; Indo-Pacific Economic Framework.
- **Bilateral Trade:** Trade and Investment Framework Agreement (TIFA) with the US

FIJI EXPORTS AND IMPORTS



TRADE PARTNERS AND PRODUCTS

- **Top export partners:** United States, Australia, New Zealand, PIC's, Japan, EU countries, China.
- **Top import partners:** Singapore, China, Australia, New Zealand, Malaysia, India, Thailand, United States
- **Top export commodities:** Mineral water, gold, textiles and textile article, sugar, animal products, wood and articles of wood.
- **Top import commodities:** mineral products (diesel, fuel, heavy fuel oil), Machinery, mechanical & electrical appliances, Vehicles, aircraft, vessels and associated transport equipment, animal products, chemicals etc.

INVESTMENTS

Countries investments are received from:

Australia, New Zealand, China, United States, EU countries, others

Areas of investments:

Tourism, telecommunications, ICT, Financial services, transport and storage, other service sectors such as BPO.

CHALLENGES

- Infrastructure: Need for upgrades in transportation, ports, and utilities.
- Limited Market Size: Small domestic market requires focus on exports.
- Climate Change Vulnerability: Addressing climate resilience and adaptation.
- Access to finance: access to capital and finance is a challenge for MSMEs
- Trade dependency and vulnerable to global market fluctuations
- Capacity constraints: limited human and institutional capacities (brain drain)

OPPORTUNITIES

- Strategic Location: Hub for trade between Asia, Australia, and New Zealand.
- **Natural Resources:** Abundant resources in mining, forestry, and fisheries.
- Tourism Sector: Pristine beaches and vibrant culture attract tourists.
- Agriculture and Agro-processing: Favorable climate for agricultural products.
- Renewable Energy: Promoting hydro, solar, and wind power.