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Parallel Session A8

Climate change adaptation, resiliencebuilding and disaster risk reduction for ports

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The Resilience Imperative for Ports & Coastal Infrastructure

Presentation by

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The Resilience Imperative for Ports & Coastal Infrastructure

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Climate Change Adaptation, Resilience Building & Disaster Risk Resilience (DRR) for Ports

UNCTAD Global Supply Chain Forum

21-26 May, 2024





Coastal infrastructure: Critical, complex, constrained

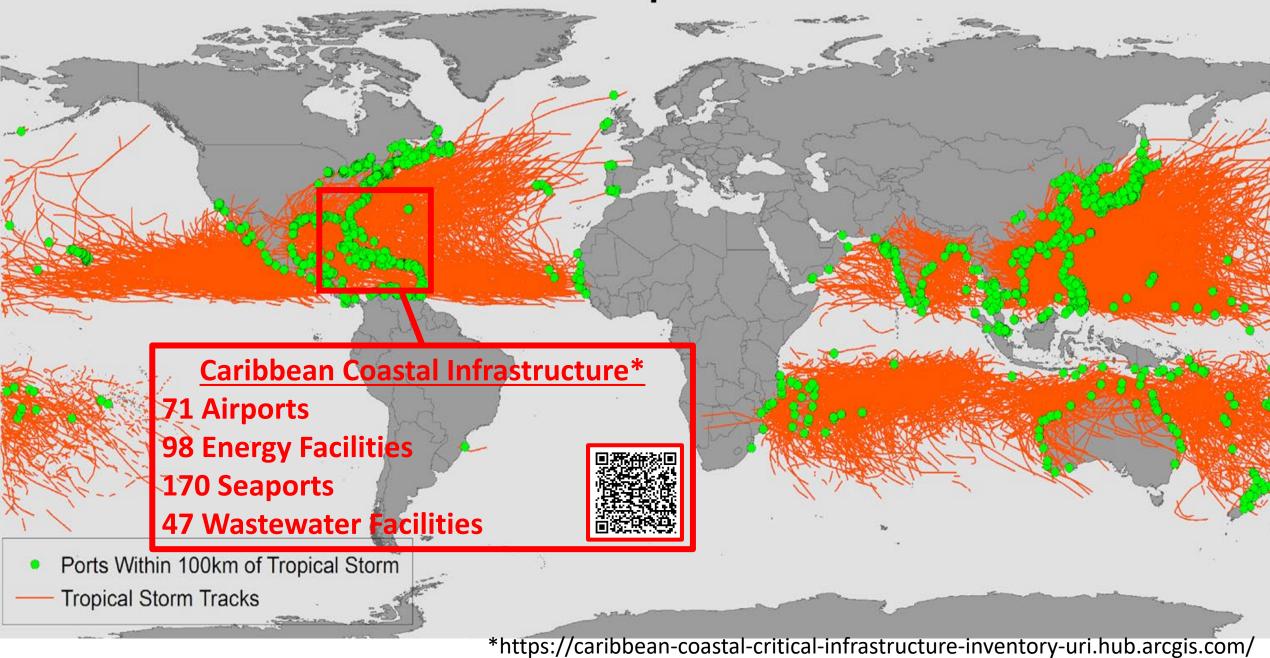


Critical - Economic engines

Complex – Multiple stakeholders & decision makers

Constrained - Specific & ecologically-sensitive locations

Ports Within 100km of Tropical Storm Tracks 1960-2010





Climate change challenges for coastal decision makers



Doubling of Cat 4 and 5 tropical storms

Sea levels to rise 0.75 - 1.9 meters by 2100

Increased precipitation

Graph from Vousdoukas et al, 2018, Hurricane Sandy photos courtesy Mary Lee Clanton, Port of NYNJ

1-in-100 year storm event of today



Annual storm event of 2100

Disaster impacts on ports are broad ranging. . .



Photograph GP 1

1) Direct damages

(e.g., structures, equipment, freight, land, etc.)



2) Indirect costs

(e.g., lost wages, business interruptions, cleanup costs, knock-on effects throughout supply chain)

Rotten Meat From Katrina Still in Gulfport Neighborhood

still remains untouched in various pools on abandoned sites throughout a West Gulfport neighborhood surrounding Regnault Avenue.

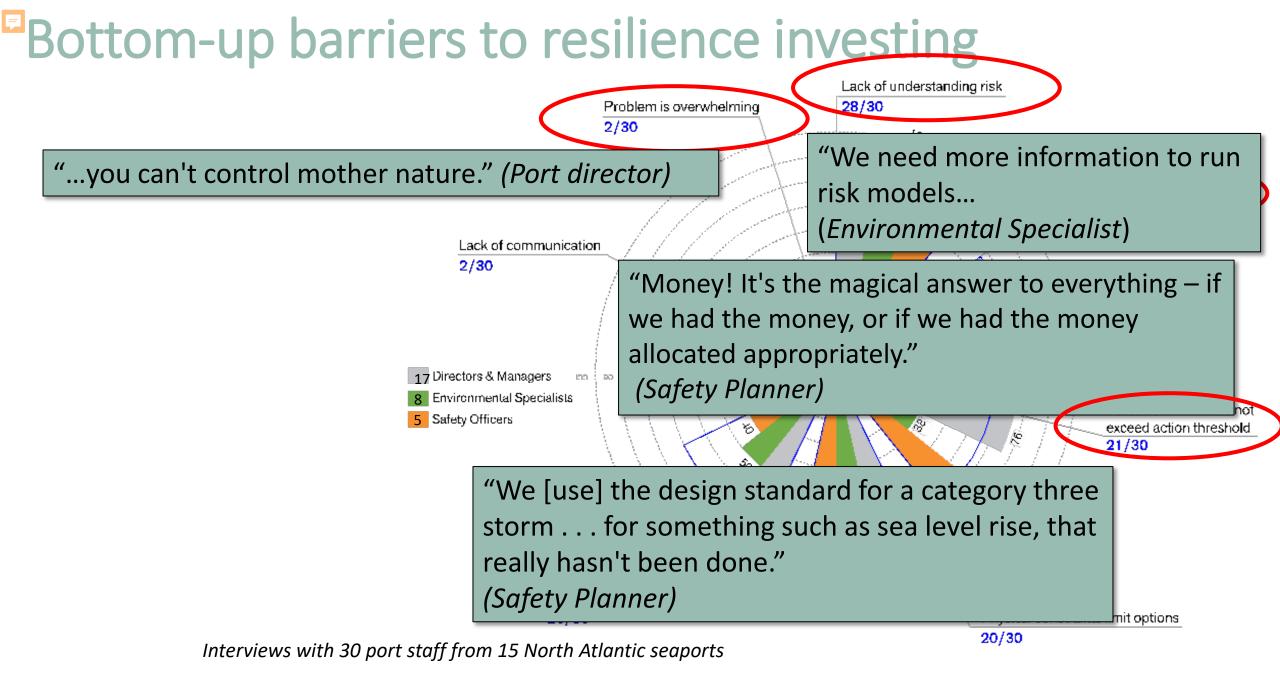
"It's nine months now. They say, "Well, you ought to be used to it by now.' You ain't gonna get used to that smell. My gosh," said resident Gary Tatum.

The meat had been stored at the Port of Gulfport. Katrina washed it in to yards covering an eight block span. The meat in the yards has been picked up, but the meat in hard-to-see areas has not

3) Intangible consequences

(e.g., quality of life, environmental damages, loss of essential services)

Becker, A. H., P. Matson, M. Fischer and M. D. Mastrandrea (2015). "Towards seaport resilience for climate change adaptation: Stakeholder perceptions of hurricane impacts in Gulfport (MS) and Providence (RI)." Progress in Planning 99: 1-49.



McLean, E. L. and A. Becker (2019). "Decision makers' barriers to climate and extreme weather adaptation: a study of North Atlantic high- and medium-use seaports." Sustainability Science.

top-down leadership voids...



Overlapping jurisdictions



Limited mandates

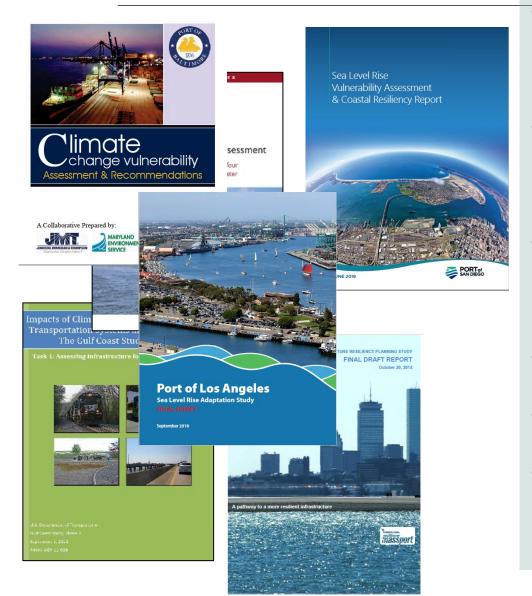


Resource constraints



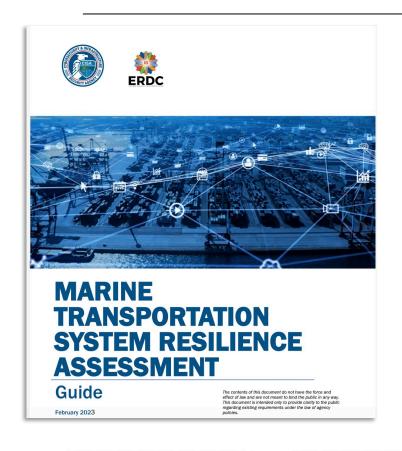
Limits of political will

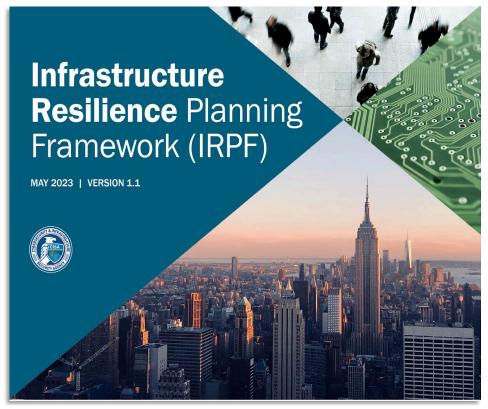
Resilience assessments increase adaptive capacity

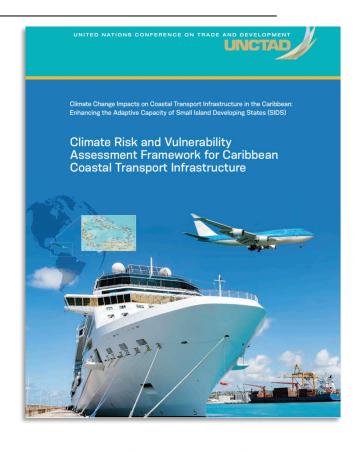


- Gain understanding of vulnerabilities
- Enhance relationships with external/internal stakeholders
- Educate port leadership on climate issues
- Identify funding opportunities
- Formalize a planning approach
- Facilitate dialogue, resource sharing, and collaborations

Guidance has been developed...







Lay the Foundation

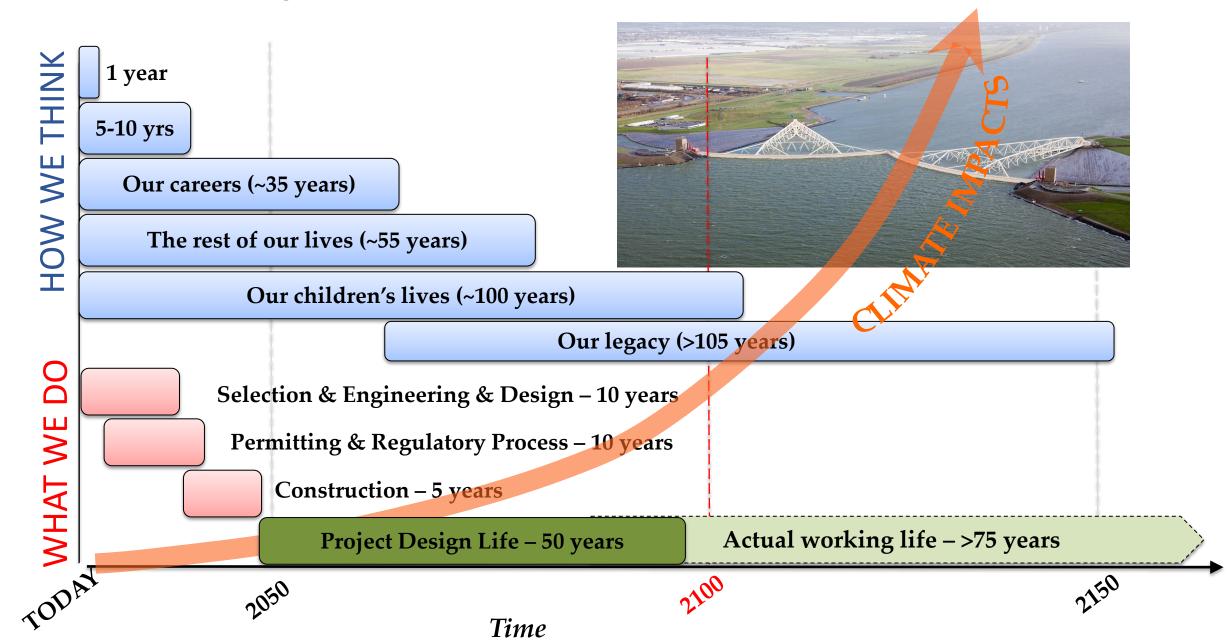
Critical Infrastructure Identification

Risk Assessment

Develop Actions

Implement & Evaluate

Resilience requires a fundamental shift



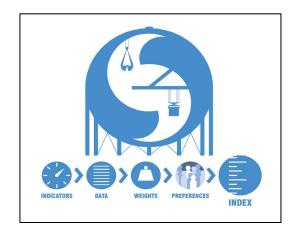
Key messages for ports and decision makers

 Climate change - growing crisis for port-dependent economies, especially SIDS

Resilience planning - reduces economic impacts & human suffering

Deep engagement & collaboration - addresses institutional constraints

Thank you!











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