2023 IMO GHG

Strategy: setting targets for the global fleet on energy efficiency, energy demand and absolute GHG emission reduction



Net-zero target

To reach net-zero GHG emissions by or around, i.e. close to, 2050

2030 targets

- Reduce carbon intensity (CO2 emissions per transport work) by at least 40% by 2030, compared to 2008
- 5%, striving for 10%, of energy used to be (near)zero emissions fuels, technologies or energy sources
- Reduce total GHG emissions by at least 20%, striving for 30%, by 2030 compared to 2008

2040 target

Reduce total GHG emissions by at least 70%, striving for 80%, by 2040 compared to 2008







Implementing the 2023 IMO GHG Strategy: promoting the energy transition of shipping and providing the world fleet with a needed incentive



IMO's 'Net-Zero Framework'

- MEPC 81 agreed on possible draft outline of an "IMO net-zero framework", including a new Chapter 5 in MARPOL Annex VI with regulations on:
 - GHG Fuel Standard, incl. alternative compliance mechanisms and a central GFI registry
 - Economic mechanism(s) incl. central management/oversight of collected revenue and distribution of revenue
- Basket to be adopted in the autumn of 2025, entry into force in 2027

Key elements to be considered

- Potential synergies with existing measures, e.g. CII, to incentivize energy efficiency and operational practices
- Impacts on States to be assessed and taken into account as appropriate before adoption of the measures
- Well-to-wake GHG emissions of marine fuels





