





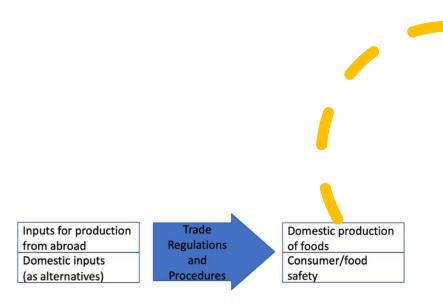
The Joint SDG Programme entitled "Food Security and Livelihoods Resilience Through Analytical, Capacity Building and Policy Support in Response to the Global Crisis on Food, Energy and Finance"

"Assessing the 'grains' value chain for Barbados"

Validation Workshop

16 March 2023

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Project Overview

- The conflict between the Russian Federation and Ukraine has triggered a new food systems crisis on top of existing challenges causing significant disruptions in global food markets. Russia and Ukraine are among the top three exporters of wheat, maize and sunflower oil.
- Global prices of food and other key commodities have experienced a sharp rise over the last two years.

Steps being taken

 Trade data collection and analysis using UNCTAD's costeffectiveness assessment tool-kit to analyse trade related regulations and consumer protection policies with the aim to protect the most vulnerable from external shocks impacting on food security and build resilient business environment.

Project Outputs

Output 1.3: Trade data collection and analysis with costeffectiveness assessment of trade related regulations and consumer protection policies with the aim to protect the most vulnerable from external shocks impacting on food security and build resilient business environment.

UNCTAD - Cost-effectiveness assessment of trade related regulations and consumer protection policies for one selected important staple food product (selection of product based on criteria incl. importance for food security and domestic economy in coordination with JP partners and RCO).



What are Non-tariff Measures and Why Review them?

What are NTMs?

• Non-tariff measures (NTMs) are policy measures, other than ordinary customs tariffs, that can potentially have an economic effect on international trade in goods by changing quantities traded, or prices or both (UNCTAD, 2019). Most NTMs are designed to achieve public policy objectives, such as food safety, consumer protection, or protection of the environment.

Why review them?

• NTMs can unduly increase the cost of doing business or simply fail to meet policy objectives. Poorly designed and inefficiently implemented NTMs create administrative and financial burden for the private sector and government agencies. This may negatively impact international trade and consumers in the form of higher product prices. It requires reviewing NTMs with the objective of minimizing compliance costs, improving design and making implementation processes more effective.

Source: UNCTAD 2019

About the Non-Tariff Measures Cost-Effectiveness Toolkit

Step 1

Product Selection and NTM Mapping

A value chain of interest is selected, all imported intermediate inputs within the value chain are identified at HS6-digit level, and applicable NTMs are mapped and validated

Identify a value chain/sector of interest

Identify imported intermediate inputs within the value chain

Identify all applicable NTMs for the identified intermediate inputs

Step 2

Stakeholder Identification

For the NTMs applicable to the indentified imported inputs, all the NTM focal points in government agencies responsible for NTM design and implementation focal points in regulated private sector firms are identified

Coordinating agency

Focal points in NTM implementation agencies

NTM focal points in regulated firms

Other government agencies

Step 3

Stakeholder Engagement

A 4-tiered approach is used to enagage with stakeholders to get insights into challenges faced by the regulated firms and the loopholes in design and implementation.

Tier I Preliminary Surveys

Tier II Inception Workshop

Tier III In-depth Interviews

Tier IV - Detailed Cost Assesment

Step 4

Stakeholder Input Analysis

Insights, observations and data from stakeholder engagement are brought together and analysed to identify the challenges to NTM compliance as well as the flaws in NTM design and implementation process.

Analysis of Preliminary Surveys

Analysis of inputs from Inception Workshop

Analysis of in-depth interviews

Step 5

Policy Options

Policy options that correspond to the results of the previous step are explored and additional stakeholders, national or international, are involved for buy-in and a final validation. Policy options that correspond to the results of the previous step are explored and additional stakeholders, national or international, are involved for buy-in and a final validation.

Pre-validation

Validation

Key Pillars of the NTM Cost-Effectiveness Toolkit



NTM Design



NTM Implementation



NTM Compliance

Product Selection

IMPORT DATA

'Grains – wheat, maize & soya beans' imports accounted for roughly \$27 million USD for 2021. The United States is the primary source for "grains" imports into Barbados accounting for approximately 99% of the total imports of the product

• DOMESTIC RELEVANCE

High inflation rates, which reached 9.1 % in December 2022 with food prices increasing by 19.5% during the same period

Relevance to the domestic poultry sub-sector and importance of 'bakery products'

• Regional Context

Commitment by CARICOM Heads to increase agri-food production by 25 % by 2025

Key NTMs Applicable to 'Grains" Imports

- Key NTMs applicable relate to:
- Sanitary and Phytosanitary Measures (SPS) such as import authorization and certification, fumigation and inspection requirements and;
- Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) such as labelling specifications, quality and quantity standards for the products.



Research Findings- NTM Design

Inclusion of Importers in the NTM design process

Timely Review and Updating of NTM related Legislation



Research Findings-NTM Implementation

Implementation of Risk-Based Approach for Inspections

Addressing
Staffing Shortages
Which Impact
Workflows



Research Findings-NTM Implementation

Use of Technology for Information Sharing for NTM Related Requirements

Training of Staff on Implementation Procedures

Research Findings-NTM Compliance







Improvement in shipment clearance procedures

Reduction of paperwork requirements

Increase Digitization of Information and Processes



Discussion & Validation of Findings



1. Continue Improvements with Implementation of Key Trade Facilitation Commitments

Ensure that the requirements of the private sector are adequately captured in the design of the National Single Window. More frequent and structured meetings of the National Task Force ib Trade and Business Facilitation

A Trade Information Portal can be useful in serving as a one stop shop to importers for all of the relevant trade and import related requirements from the various entities

TFA commitments such articles 7.4- Risk Management, 7.5 Post-Clearance Audits, and 7.7-Trade Facilitation Measures for Authorised Economic Operators

2. Staff Resourcing and Training with the updating of NTM related Legislation

Allocation of additional human resources

Training for current and any potential new staff to ensure that best practices for the various compliance procedures are adapted

3. Implementation of Risk-Based Approach for Inspections

Risk management is a critical feature to ensuring the efficient use of resources and managing potential risks through product specific risk profile development

Agencies to further development risk management profiles within ASYCUDA World

4. Joint Agency Inspections and Cross-Agency Training

Setting up of a joint inspection agency

Cross-agency training



Policy Recommendation 1. Continue Improvements with Implementation of Key Trade Facilitation Commitments

· ·		How could this be done?	What is the overall benefit?	be involved in	What to do next?
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Policy Recommendation 2. Staff Resourcing and Training with the updating of NTM related Legislation

	What specifically needs to be done?	How could this be done?	What is the overall benefit?	be involved in	What to do next?
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Policy Recommendation 3. of Risk-Based Approach for Inspections

Policy Recommendation 4. Joint Agency Inspections and Cross-Agency Training

Policy Option 4.	What specifically needs to be done?	How could this be done?	What is the overall benefit?	be involved in	What to do next?
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Closing Remarks

- Mr. Ralf Peters
- Chief- Trade Information Section, UNCTAD





THANK YOU!

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