



The National Treasury & Planning

Kenya Delivering Sustainable Investment through the Private Sector

18 March 2022









Investment Prospects in Kenya





Ease of Doing Business Ranking

Reasons to Invest in Kenya:



GDP of US\$ 99bn and GDP per capita at US\$ 1,838 in 2020



 Leading economy and getaway to at least 150 million people, among fastest growing regions in the world



Has installed capacity of 2,819 MW including 72% renewable energy

- · Focusing on adding further renewable energy capacity
- Well connected by rail, road, water and telecommunication systems



 Kenya's investment climate is strong with FDI flowing in from developed markets and a high number of MNCs with regional and continent-wide presence



 The country enjoys political stability, with a stable five year democratic election cycle, supported by a modern and progressive constitution

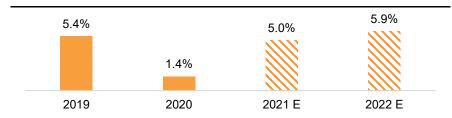


Various legislations have been enacted to support foreign investments, with Foreign Investment
 Protection Act focusing on safeguarding foreign investment



Offers highly skilled and educated workforce with a literacy rate of over 80% and an estimated 59% of the people in the age bracket of 15-64 years

GDP Growth Forecast



Key Investment Highlights

GDP and GDP Per Capita (2020)	Credit Rating (2021)	Protecting Minority Investment (2019)
GDP – US\$ 99bn GDP Per Capita – US\$ 1,838	S&P – B Moody's – B2 Fitch – B+	Rank I by World Bank

World Bank Ease of Doing Business Ranking

	2020	2019	Trend
Rank (1-190)	56	113	"Of the 190 countries reviewed, Kenya's ranking improved by 5 positions to #56
Score (0-100)	73.2	58.1	in the 2020 with a score of 73.2, from #113 in 2016."

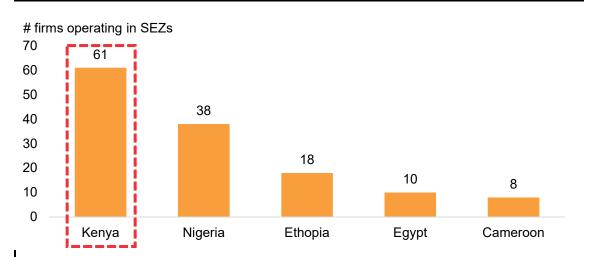




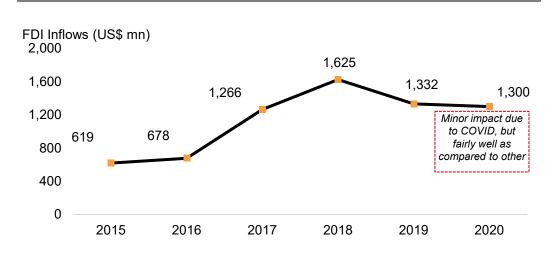
Attractive Flow of Foreign Direct Investments

- In 2020, Kenya received US\$ 1.31bn in Foreign Direct Investment (FDI), it declined by 18%, although fared well when compared to world which saw a dip of 40% in FDI due to COVID-19 pandemic
- The most of the foreign capital inflows into the country last year were concentrated in the energy, health care, IT and agriculture sectors. The telecom, the renewables, banking, real estate, consumer goods manufacturing, infrastructure, and tourism sectors are the other top areas for FDI in Kenya
 - > The Kenyan government's "Big Four" agenda remains a key driver for investment into four sectors of health, housing, agriculture and manufacturing. There has also been increased FDI in the ICT sector
- Kenya has an elaborate and well recognized legal framework on EPZs and SEZs setting out extensive investment incentives for investors within designated zones

Kenya has the largest number of firms operating in the SEZ



FDI Inflow in Kenya







Kenya Has Enacted Various Laws and adopted Policies to Attract Investors

2020

- The Business Laws (Amendment) Act, 2020 was assented to by the President on 18th March 2020 primarily to improve the ease of doing business in Kenya by digitizing transactions, reducing the formalities & documents required to complete transactions and reducing the costs of starting a business in Kenya
- Kenya Trade Remedies Agency activated to investigate & evaluate allegations of dumping and subsidization of imported products in Kenya; and to protect domestic industries from unfair trade practices
- In 2020, the country drafted a Intellectual Property office Bill to stop importing of counterfeit goods

2019

- Kenya Investment Policy launched in order to boost FDI in the country; the policy provides a roadmap for the country to increase its level of public & private investment to at least 32% of GDP by the year 2030
- Integrated Customs Management System includes automated valuation benchmarking, automated release of green-channel cargo, importer validation and declaration, and linkage with iTax

2018

Tax Laws (amended) Bill and the Finance Act – to provide new procedures and provisions relating to taxes, simplifying registration procedures for small businesses, reducing the cost of construction permits, easing the payment of taxes through the iTax platform, and establishing a single window system to speed movement of goods across borders

2017

- The Nairobi International Financial Centre Act enacted with the objective of developing an efficient & globally competitive financial services sector in Kenya
- Launched Infotrade to ease the import export facility
- The Companies Act was amended on the extent of directors' liabilities, on the extent of directors' & disclosures, and on shareholder remedies to better protect investors, including minority investors





Kenya Has Enacted Various Laws and adopted Policies to Attract Investors

2015

- The Companies Act 2015 the Act is amongst a suite of laws introduced in 2015 with the intention of streamlining business in Kenya and making it easier for entities to establish a presence and operate. The Act takes into consideration developments in technology and procedure to boost the ease of doing business
- The Business Registration Service Act, 2015 was enacted to ensure effective administration of the laws relating to the incorporation, registration, operation and management of companies, partnerships and firms. It establishes the Business Registration Service, which conducts company registrations, maintains corporate registers and records, and carries out other related functions
- The Insolvency Act, 2015 consolidates procedures relating to bankruptcy of natural persons and corporate insolvency matters, bringing them under one Act. The Insolvency Act adopts a rehabilitative approach compared to the prior regime, seeking to revive insolvent companies through administration as opposed to resorting to direct liquidation proceedings
- The Special Economic Zones Act, 2015 enable licensed entities under the SEZA to benefit from tax incentives which include income tax exemptions, value added tax exemptions, customs and excise exemptions and work permit quotas amongst others

2013

■ The Public Private Partnerships Act, 2013 enacted to facilitate the participation of the private sector in public infrastructure development, financing and service delivery. It established the rules of procedure in procuring a public private partnership, laid down substantive considerations in determining whether to contract a public private partnership including value for money, affordability and risk allocation, and laid down procurement rules and contracting principles, besides establishing key PPP institutions mandated to oversee PPP development and procurement and to adjudicate tender-related disputes arising out of a PPP procurement

2010

- Revised in 2010 Foreign Investment Protection Act (FIPA) guarantees capital repatriation and remittance of dividends and interest to foreign investors,
 who are free to convert and repatriate profits including un-capitalized retained profits (proceeds of an investment after payment of the relevant taxes and the
 principal and interest associated with any loan)
- The Competition Act, 2010 seeks to promote and safeguard competition in the economy whilst protecting consumer rights. A key aim of the law is to prevent unfair competition and misleading market conduct in order to create an environment favourable to local and foreign investment

2004

■ The Investment Promotion Act, 2004 seeks to reduce bureaucratic delays in relation to licensing, immigration and negotiating tax incentives and exemptions from the relevant authorities. It establishes the Kenya Investment Authority to implement the goals of the legislation





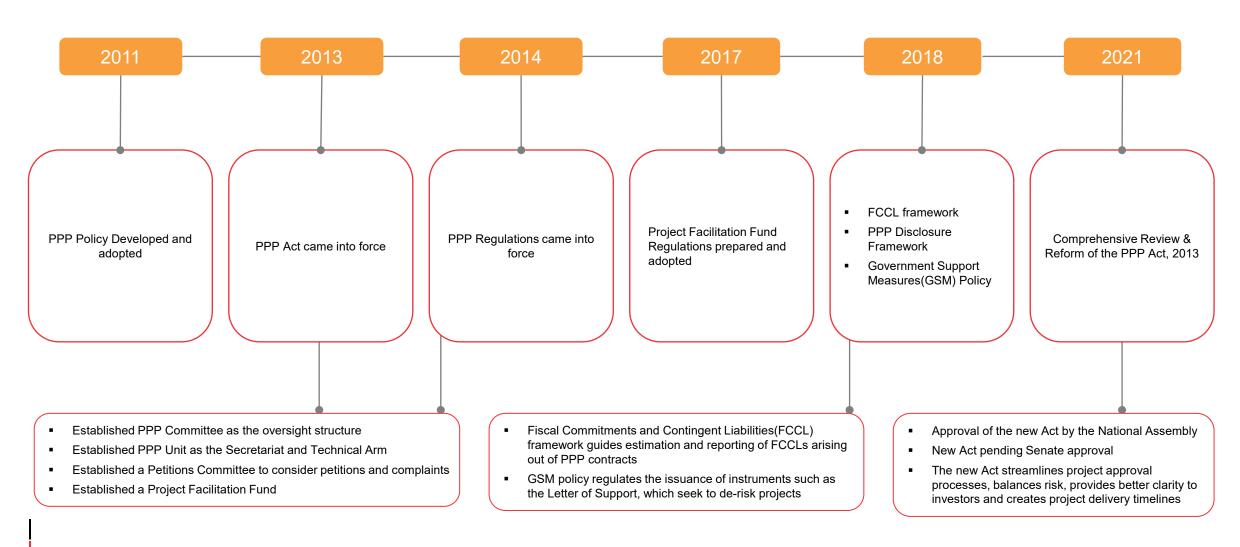


PPP – Framework & Overview and Key Projects





Evolution of Institutional Framework for PPP Project Implementation







PPP Projects are Aligned with and promote the Big 4 Agenda

Project Portfolio by Stage in the Project Cycle



- Financial Close
- Commercial Close
- Contract Negotiations
- Tender process ongoing
- Ready for Tender
- FS Completed
- Feasibility Study ongoing
- Proposal Stage
- Pending Guidance from CA

A Diversified Project Portfolio

Project Portfolio by Sector under PPP



- Roads and Bridges
- Transport
- Port
- Energy
- Health
- Education
- Industry/Manufacturing
- Housing
- Agriculture/Livestock
- Water Supply
- Environment & Sanitation
- Commerce and Tourism

PPP Projects and Kenya's Big 4 Agenda

- Big 4 Agenda:
 - 1. Universal Healthcare
 - 2. Affordable Housing
 - 3. Manufacturing
 - 4. Food Security
- All the 4 agendas are prioritized in the III Medium Term Plan (MTP III) of the Kenya Vision 2030, the Africa Union Agenda 2063 and the UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs)

Affordable Housing

Manufacturing

Lamu Port

sector's share of GDP

Supporting delivery of new affordable housing

Supporting job creation by increasing

Mombassa Industrial park

value addition & raising the manufacturing

 Nairobi Smart Streetlighting & BRT Project supportive infrastructure to affordable housing projects

> Kenya Big 4 Agenda

Key PPP Projects

<u>Universal Healthcare</u>

Providing universal health coverage thus guaranteeing quality & affordable healthcare

- KNH Project
- MTRH College of Health Sciences
- Meru Cancer Care Center Project

Food Security

Focusing on initiatives that guarantee food security & nutrition

Galana Kulalu Model Farm

Directly linked with Big 4 Agenda

Indirectly linked with Big 4 Agenda





Vision 2030

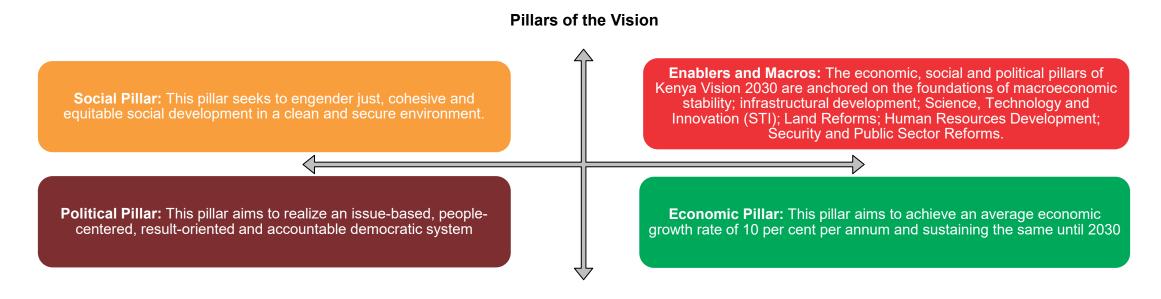
Kenya Vision 2030

Overview:

Kenya Vision 2030 is the long-term development blueprint for the country and is motivated by a collective aspiration for a better society by the year 2030

Objective:

- > The aim of Kenya Vision 2030 is to create "a globally competitive and prosperous country with a high quality of life by 2030"
- > It aims to transform Kenya into "a newly-industrialising, middle income country providing a high quality of life to all its citizens in a clean and secure environment"







Snapshot of PPP Projects in Pipeline

Summary

Sector	Project Name	Status of the Project	Project Snapshot Tale Control of the	
	Bus Rapid Transit (BRT) Project	Project preparation stage	 Comprises of 2 routes: Kaserani- Central Railway Station and Central Railway Station-Kenyatta National Hospital Planned to be operated by a private bus operator under the PPP framework 	• Q2 2022
	Mombasa Industrial Park	Project preparation stage	 569 acres of land will be developed into a hub for market-based industries Already applied for SEZ status for the project land and has access to competitive factors of production including energy and labour 	• -
	Nairobi-Nakuru- Mau Summit Highway	Achieved commercial close & due for financial close	 The project involves upgrading the 175 km link between Mau Summit and Rironi into a four-lane dual and then into a six-lane carriageway in various sections through Nakuru Rift Valley Connect will design, finance, construct, operate, maintain, and transfer the NNMS road 	• Q4 2021
Transport & Infrastructure Maragua 4 Dam Water Supply Project preparation stage	 A flagship project under the Lamu Port, Southern Sudan and Ethiopia Transport Corridor program, that seeks to provide road, rail and pipeline links between the seaport and Kenya's northern neighbors of South Sudan and Ethiopia The project will be developed in 3 phases, where phase II and phase III would be developed under PPP plan 	• Q4 2022		
		 A part of government's Third Medium Term Plan (MTP III) under Big 4 Agenda Objective is to increase bulk water supply to Nairobi City by 120,000m³/day and to serve an additional 830,000 people and reduce the projected water supply deficit for 2025 	• Q4 2022	
	_		 To meet the water demand of Nairobi City and Mavoko areas Aim is to address the shortfall & provide adequate water to all in the region under Athi Water Works Development Agency service coverage 	• Q4 2022
	Management		 To develop a modern Intelligent Traffic System (ITS) for Nairobi City 352 junctions to be procured through PPP The project to be implemented in 2 phases – Phase 1 to be funded by Korea and Phase 2 to be implemented as PPP transaction 	• Q3 2022





Snapshot of PPP Projects in Pipeline

Summary

Se	ector	Project Name	Status of the Project	Project Snapshot	Target Dates
	East Nairobi Sewerage Intensification	Project preparation stage	 To address the current problem of inadequate access to adequate sanitation services in Nairobi Rivers basin and other low income areas The project will connect ~200,000 households to the new sewer system 	• Q4 2022	
		Nairobi Railway City	Project preparation stage	 The project includes the redevelopment of 229 acres into 10 precincts that include – Retail Areas; Office accommodation; Central station & Multi-modal Hub; and MICE Core The first mover projects are – Central Station, Government Precinct & Mixed Use Housing 	• Q3 2022
Tı	ransport &	Roads Annuity Projects	Achieved commercial close for all the 5 projects	 The scope of the projects is construction/ rehabilitation, to bitumen standards, of various roads located in various parts of Kenya There are 5 front-runner projects namely; Lot 3, Lot 15, Lot 18, Lot 32, Lot 33; the financial close for Lot 33 Project has been obtained in May 2018, however it is still pending for other projects 	 Construction complete for Lot 33 For Lot 15, 18 & 32 construction planned to start in Q4 2021
In	frastructure	Kenya Defence Forces Residential Accommodation Project	Project preparation stage	 The Phase I of the project will encompass the development of a total of 2,340 residential units by the private party for the use of Kenya Defence Forces Non-commissioned Officers The Project will deliver an estimated 104,125 sq.m in built-up areas and associated infrastructure, as well as amenities across 5 project sites in various parts of the country In-line with the government's Big Four Agenda of affordable housing 	• Q4 2021
	2 nd Nyali Bridge Project preparation stage Kenya Transmission PPP Project preparation stage	 The bridge project aims to provide additional transport capacity for movements from the Northern part of Mombasa City to the island part of the city 	• Q4 2022		
		Transmission		 Africa50 intends to develop the 2 transmission lines in coordination with Energy Sector Key benefits achieved from this project include - improve system reliability, provide an alternative evacuation path for power produced from Northern Kenya, reinforce the grid and improve system security 400KV D/C Loosuk-Lessos(165Km) and 400KV switching station and 220KV, Kisumu-Musaga(72km) double circuit line 	• Q3 2022





Snapshot of PPP Projects in Pipeline

Summary

Sector	Project Name	Status of the Project	Project Snapshot	Target Dates
Transport & Infrastructure	Meru and Greater Kora Conservation Area	Project Preparation Stage	 Aim for conservation of two National Parks To address the issue of inadequate resources & management systems in National Parks 	■ To Come
	Meru Cancer Care Centre	Project preparation stage	 To enhance the capacity of the Cancer Care Centre by making available a 50 bed capacity facility with anatomic pathology and medical imaging capacity Intends to sign a Design, Build, Finance and Maintain (DBFM) contract for 20 years with a private company which would deliver and maintain project assets 	• Q2 2023
Hospital (KNH) Moi Teaching and Referral Hospital		Project preparation stage	 To develop a fully-fledged specialized hospital through PPP model Minimum 300 bed private hospital project, including 2,000 accommodation units and conference facilities for health tourism 	• Q4 2022
	College of Health	Project preparation	 Proposes to expand both teaching facilities and student accommodation under Design Build, Finance, Maintain and Transfer (DBFMT) Contract for 20 years The project scope includes several space types including classrooms/ lecture hall, conference halls & theatres and office space 	• Q2 2023
Agriculture	Galana-Kulalu Model Farm	Project preparation stage	 Aims at driving the food security agenda of the Nation with a focus on increasing the maize production by more than 12mn bags and support growth of other crop enterprises such as sugarcane, horticulture, cotton and orchards, dairy and beef ranching 	• Q1 2022
Utility	Smart Streetlighting Project	Project preparation stage	To establish a smart street lighting system and a common management system	• Q1 2022







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Details of Key Projects in Pipeline





BRT Project

Overview

Bus Rapid Transit (BRT)



 Nairobi is the second-fastest growing city in Africa and its population is expected to reach 7mn by 2030 and 14mn by 2050



NaMATA intends to establish a Bus Rapid Transit (BRT) system in the Metropolitan Area



A BRT pilot project has been proposed comprising of two routes: 1) Kaserani- Central Railway
 Station and 2) Central Railway Station-Kenyatta National Hospital (KNH)



 The BRT infrastructure include the modification of Thika Road and sections of other urban roads of a total length of 28 Km; construction of intermediate stations and a depot



- Fleet: 212 buses; the buses are 12m in length and expected to be electric in propulsion
- Expected footfall is 59.5mn per annum



 An automated fare collection system (AFCS), including the supply of smart cards estimated at 70% of annual ridership



GoK¹ through NaMATA entered into a contract for the modification of the roadway, construction
of the depot and intermediate stations.



 In-line with the social pillar of Kenya's Vision 2030, Kenya's Big 4 Agenda (Affordable Housing)

Project Highlights

Route	Kaserani- Central Railway Station and Central Railway Station-Kenyatta National Hospital		
Length	29 kms and will connect 10 intermediate stations		
Commencement Date	4 th Aug 2020, expected completion by February 2022		
Project Status	Project Preparation Stage		
Estimated Ridership	Estimated ridership/day is 163,040 requiring 212 electric propelled buses including 25% reserve		
Operator	Planned to be operated by a private bus operator under the PPP framework and would be structured to attract more private sector investment		

Benefits

Reduction in Travel Time	Travel time to be reduced by 20 minutes on average across the three routes of the system
Less Pollution	Pollution reduction benefits are estimated to be ~KES 700mn based on a social carbon price of US\$30 per ton

Note: 1) GoK: Government of Kenya Source: AfDB and Press





BRT Project

SDG Mapping

SDG Mapping

UN SDGs Overview The BRT project will run buses with electric propelled engines with an aim of minimizing the 3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY carbon footprint created by fossil fuel. It's also expected to raise awareness on climate change **Carbon Footprint** mitigation & adaptation & Good Health **-**(0) Expected to give access to modern energy technology which reduce emission of hazardous chemicals into nature thus preventing illness & death 1 NO POVERTY 2 ZERO HUNGER 8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH **Economic** The project is expected to yield high economic productivity through direct & indirect means, create **Productivity** job opportunities for the local people and reduce poverty The project will increase access to public transportation, create sustainable urbanization and 9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE reduce negative impacts on the environment Sustainable Infrastructure Will enable development of reliable & sustainable infrastructure with adaptation of clean & environment sound technologies 17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS Global Expected to promote global partnership for sustainable development through public private 8 **Partnership** partnerships





Meru Cancer Care Centre Project

Overview

Meru Cancer Care Centre

- Meru Teaching and Referral Hospital is a Level 5 Public health facility in Meru County, comprises of nine level 4 Sub-county hospitals and additional level 3 healthcare facilities
- The project seeks to enhance the capacity of the hospital by adding a 50 bed facility with anatomic pathology & medical imaging and also rendering chemotherapy, radiotherapy and surgery as treatment options
- It is also expected to deliver 4 satellite clinics at the Sub-county hospitals which are expected to provide screening services; pathological laboratories and administer chemotherapy cycles
- It entails the design, build, finance and maintain (DBFM) contract with a private company (ProjectCo) for a term of 20 years
- Meru Teaching and Referral Hospital will retain the clinical functions of the facility, including responsibility for generating patient traffic as well as payroll management and staffing
- The ProjectCo will be remunerated on availability & performance basis

Key Highlights

Total built up area	6,831 sqm
Clinical Built up area	1,101 sqm per inpatient bed
Project scope	A 50 bed facility with anatomic pathology & medical imaging and also rendering chemotherapy, radiotherapy & surgery
Government Focus	GoK has considered to engage on social investments through establishing a cancer care facility
Big 4 Agenda	In line with the social pillar of Kenya's Vision 2030 and Big 4 Agenda (Universal Health Care)
Project Status	Project Preparation Stage





Meru Cancer Care Centre Project

SDG Mapping

SDG Mapping

	UN SDG	S		Overview
Good Health	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING			 The project is expected to create a 50 bed capacity facility with anatomic pathology and medical imaging capacity and would also be able to render chemotherapy, radiotherapy and surgery as treatment options
Economic Productivity	1 NO POVERTY	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH		 The project is expected to yield high economic productivity through direct & indirect means, create job opportunities for the local people and reduce poverty
Sustainable Infrastructure & Global Partnership	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	 It is based upon PPP model & provide opportunities for private & international players to invest in building sustainable infrastructure Strengthen the country's public health system and overall infrastructure





Nairobi Smart Street Lighting Project

Overview

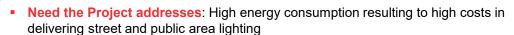
Smart Streetlighting



 Nairobi has ~3,000 kilometers of road & related transportation structures and is illuminated by 55,000 street lights owned by the County government of Nairobi, setup by either Kenya Power, Private Sector or the County itself



The current public street lighting energy consumption is estimated at 48mn kWh where the energy bills range between US\$ 0.37mn (KES 40mn) to US\$ 0.49mn (KES 54mn) per month



 Other challenges faced include vandalism of poles for scrap metal, damage by motor vehicle accidents, lack of maintenance due to faulty/ vandalized cables & the need for automation and expansion of public lighting on new road sections



- The Proposed Project seeks to establish a smart street lighting system, which will entail:
 - Estimated 100,000 lighting units over 3000km road kms
 - · Installation of new lighting fixtures and LED lamps



- Retrofitting existing lighting fixtures with LED lamps
- A Common Management System (CMS) underpinned by ultra-narrowband technology i.e. streetlights to be connected – usually using a wireless technology - and for each individual streetlight to be represented digitally in a CMS so that it can be controlled and managed via a central dashboard



Facilitate the implementation of variable lighting policies in Nairobi County and will combine LED lighting and smart controls into a single system



 A dynamic street lighting asset inventory for Nairobi County, which is considered critical for billing and maintenance purposes

Project Highlights

	Establish a smart street lighting system, common management system and support variable lighting policies			
Estimated installation of 100,000 lighting units				
Nairobi				
10 years				
Design, finance	e, install, ope	erate, m	aintenance	
To be finalized				
The project can be accommodated within the "legal" framework				
Administrative Law establishing Nairobi County and Nairobi Metropolitan Services (NMS)				
•Public Procurement Lav			•Public financial management law	
•Sector laws & regulatory frameworks e.g. for setting of energy tariffs				
•Companies Act		•Enviro	•Environmental law and regulations	
•Laws and regulations governing land acquisition and ownership				
•Licensing requirements, particularly for international firms				
•Tax rules	•Employme	ent law	 Accounting standards 	Competition Law
	Nairobi 10 years Design, finance To be finalized The project car • Administrative Metropolitan Se • Public Procure • Sector laws & • Companies Ac • Laws and regulations	Nairobi 10 years Design, finance, install, oper To be finalized The project can be accome • Administrative Law estable Metropolitan Services (NM • Public Procurement Law • Sector laws & regulatory for the sector laws & regulatory for the sector laws and regulations gover the sector laws are gulations gove	Nairobi 10 years Design, finance, install, operate, m. To be finalized The project can be accommodated • Administrative Law establishing N Metropolitan Services (NMS) •Public Procurement Law •Sector laws & regulatory framewo •Companies Act •Environ •Laws and regulations governing late •Licensing requirements, particular	Nairobi 10 years Design, finance, install, operate, maintenance To be finalized The project can be accommodated within the "legal" • Administrative Law establishing Nairobi County and Metropolitan Services (NMS) •Public Procurement Law •Public financial estatements and estatements are regulatory frameworks e.g. for setting •Companies Act •Environmental law and recommendations governing land acquisition and estatements are represented by the second of

Benefits

Reduced Energy Consumption & Carbon emissions	Energy consumption by LEDs is ~40-50% less than other traditions lighting systems resulting to energy cost savings
Community Development	Flexible lighting system grouping areas as either residential, crime areas or high/low traffic zones will increase urban ambience, road safety, safety of properties and economic opportunities resulting into safer, more liveable places to live and work
Improved Maintenance & Operations	Dynamic street lighting asset inventory will result in optimal asset availability, improved billing and maintenance

Source: Proposed Smart Streetlight PPP Project - Draft Business Case





Nairobi Smart Street Lighting Project

SDG Mapping

SDG Mapping

	UN SDGs	Overview
Carbon Footprint & Affordable Energy	7 AFFORDABLE AND CLIMATE 13 CLIMATE ACTION	 The Smart Streetlighting project will introduce modern energy management systems within the community and reduce the overall carbon emissions due to less heat generation by the system Variable lighting policies will increase the awareness within the community for energy consumption, along with making the overall operations & maintenance more affordable for the county
Economic Productivity	1 NO POVERTY 8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH AND PRODUCTION AND PRODUCTION AND PRODUCTION	 The project will reduce the overall energy consumption and thus will lower energy costs and provide better management for energy bills & maintenance The direct or indirect employment opportunities created within the community will drive economic development and help in reduction of poverty
Sustainable Infrastructure	9 MOUSTRY, INNOVATION 11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS 16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS INSTITUTIONS	 The project will deploy smart controls facilitating the variable lighting policies and will provide customizable lighting services by grouping areas as residential, crime areas or traffic areas and will create more safer and livable places for the community This variable lighting needs will also allow to reduce the per capita negative impact on the environment and create more sustainable infrastructure
Global Partnership	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	 This project is going to promote global partnership for sustainable development along with public private partnership





Kenyatta National Hospital Project

Overview

Kenyatta National Hospital (KNH)



- KNH is currently the largest hospital in Kenya and in the East African region with a capacity of over 2.000 beds
- Intends to further develop minimum 300 bed private hospital Project under PPP arrangement



 The KNH PPP Hospital Project will be established as a Center of Excellence providing specialty care services



 In-line with the social pillar of Kenya's Vision 2030, Kenya's Big 4 Agenda (Universal Health Care) and KNH's Strategic Plan 2018-2023



- Will provide Kenyans with more local access to specialty care services, thereby reducing the need to travel abroad
 - ~7000 to 10,000, Kenyans go abroad for medical treatment and incur ~US\$ 70mn US\$ 100mn expenditure



The completion of the KNH PPP Hospital Project would enable the Kenyatta National Hospital Board (KNHB) to repurpose the existing 222 beds at KNH Prime Care Centre (KPCC), in line with the needs of the main hospital, allowing it to better serve additional public patients

Project Highlights

Beds	300 beds of Level 6 facility		
Stage	Feasibility study completed		
Big 4 Agenda	Supports key objectives of Big 4 Agenda (Universal Health)		
Project Status	Project Preparation Stage		

Benefits

Health Care	 Healthier nation by providing Kenyans access to medical care services Reduced mortality Increased number of hospital beds for specialized care 		
Training & Research	 Opportunity for researching medical conditions and treatments Additional specialist training avenue for medical practitioners 		
Technology	 Will be equipped with the latest medical equipment Enable to provide innovative procedures in handling specialized medical cases 		





Kenyatta National Hospital Project

SDG Mapping

SDG Mapping

UN SDGs

1 NO POVERTY





Overview

Health Care & Economic Productivity





- Strengthen the country's public health system
- Would provide employment opportunity to people & reduce poverty
- Contribute immensely to the national growth & help in eradicating hunger

Sustainable Infrastructure & **Global Partnership**







■ It is based upon PPP model & provide opportunities for private & international players to invest in building sustainable infrastructure





Mombasa Industrial Park Project

Overview

Mombasa Industrial Park (MIP)



 Mombasa is a Port city, a regional economic hub for Kenya's Coastal Region that connects DRC (Congo), Uganda, Rwanda, South Sudan & Burundi



 Has access to landlocked counties in East Africa resulting in 8.6mt of transit cargo, of which Uganda accounted for 82%; and has a capacity of 1.65 TUEs



 ~569 acres of land will be developed into a hub for market-based industries and logistics focused on value-addition of local products, logistics support services, cotton ginning and processing of textiles and, motor vehicle assembly



 Key impact areas of the project include: increased investor attractiveness, and increased regional / global trade



Major focus areas include Automotive industry; Cotton, Textile & Apparel;
 Pharmaceuticals; and Logistics



 The land commands a strategic location with proximity to Mombasa Airport, The Standard Gauge Railway Terminus and the Mombasa Container Port



 Estimated economic impacts include 10,231 new jobs and an additional US\$50 mn in income per annum for citizens of the county and region



In-line with the social pillar of Kenya's Vision 2030 and Big 4 Agenda (Manufacturing)

Project Highlights

Location	Bonje Area of Jomvu Kuu ward in Mombasa city			
Strategic location	From Airport 8 Km, from Standard Gauge Railway station 7km & 12km from Mombasa Container Port			
Key Project Benefits	Already applied for SEZ status for the project land and has access to competitive factors of production including energy and labour			

Key Benefits

Increased Employment	To create ~10,231 new jobs either directly or indirectly		
Economic Growth	Significant impact on the region's economy & would provide growth opportunities for local industries		
Investor Attractiveness Expected to attract significant attention from global investors and improve local industry			





Mombasa Industrial Park Project

SDG Mapping

SDG Mapping

UN SDGs

1 POVERTY





Overview

- Would focus on industrial transformation and environmental innovation; and further support in reducing the negative environmental impact of the local industries
- The project would provide employment opportunities within the community either through direct or indirect means and thus will support in eradicating poverty & hunger

Economic Growth & Sustainable Infrastructure

Carbon Footprint & Good Health







- Would offer industrial value-addition of local products, logistics support services, cotton ginning and processing of textiles and motor vehicle assembly
- Promote local industries and may attract global / regional companies which would improve the
 economic productivity, per capita income and create avenues from better infrastructure projects in
 the future
- These economic improvements would offer better work opportunities and more developed cities for the local community

Global Partnership



The project being strategically located at the regional economic hub would attract investments from both local and global investors and hence, will create multiple avenues for global partnerships





Nairobi Nakuru Mau Summit Highway Project

Overview

Nairobi Nakuru Mau Summit Highway

■ The project involves :



i) widening of 175km of the A8 highway between Rironi and Mau Summit to become a four lane dual carriageway

ii) rehabilitation of ~57km of the A8 South highway between Rironi and Naivasha via Mai Mahiu



 Would facilitate interstate and transit trade, between the Burundi, Democratic Republic of Congo, Kenya, Rwanda, Uganda and South Sudan



Undertaken by Rift Valley Highways Limited (RVHL)



• The contractor would build, maintain, manage and operate the road and recover the investment from motorists in the form of user fees



- The Nairobi Nakuru Mau Summit Road will be implemented by KeNHA
- The National Treasury to provide supporting instruments to lower premiums factored for political risks in order to reduce cost & ensure bankability of the project



 The project would also involve widening the existing Rironi- Mai Mahiu-Naivasha road to becoming a 7 metre carriageway

Project Highlights

Distance	Widening of 175km of the A8 highway between Rironi & Mau Summit to become a 4 lane dual carriageway Future augmentation into a six-lane carriageway depending upon traffic volumes			
PPP Operator	Rift Valley Highways Limited will design, finance, construct, operate, maintain, and transfer the Nairobi-Nakuru-Mau Summit road			
Concession for the Road	30 years			
Development Objective	To expand capacity, improve quality and safety for the Nairobi-Nakuru-Mau Summit Road			
Project Status	Achieved commercial close and due for financial close			

Benefits

Trade	The road is used for transporting most of the westbound cargo from the Port of Mombasa and Nairobi			
Economic Growth	Provide supporting instruments to lower premiums factored for political risks in order to reduce cost & ensure bankability of the project			
Ease in Traffic	Will improve connectivity and reduce travel time from Nairobi to Rift Valley and Western Kenya			
Time and Safety The road users would benefit from enhanced safet reduced travel time				





Nairobi Nakuru Mau Summit Highway Project

SDG Mapping

SDG Mapping

UN SDGs

Overview

Economic Growth







- The project would increase the trade flow between the Burundi, Democratic Republic of Congo, Kenya, Rwanda, Uganda and South Sudan
- Would also generate employment from construction phase to its end of life, which would help in growth of GDP & employment

Sustainable Infrastructure & Good Health





 Good road infrastructure will help reduce the number of deaths and injuries from road traffic accident





Lamu Port Project

Overview

Lamu Port



The Lamu Port is a flagship project under the Lamu Port, Southern Sudan and Ethiopia
 Transport Corridor program, that seeks to provide road, rail and pipeline links between the
 seaport and Kenya's northern neighbors of South Sudan and Ethiopia



Complement the Port of Mombasa and reduce congestion



 Improve inter-regional trade for importers and exporters from Ethiopia, South Sudan, and Kenya



 Can handle large vessels with a carrying capacity ranging from 12,000 twenty-foot equivalent units (TEUs) to 18,000 TEUs



 A SEZ to be built next to Lamu Port to manufacture goods for both local and international markets (in-line with Kenya's Big 4 Agenda of Manufacturing)

Project Highlights

Contracting Authority	Kenya Ports Authority			
Project Location	Manda Bay in Lamu County			
Construction Status	The first 3 berths have been commissioned			
Capability	Projected to have 23 berths with a quay length of 400metres each and a depth of minus 17.5 capable of accommodating Panamax and new Panamax vessels with a capacity of over 10,000 TEUs			
Project Status	Project Preparation Stage			

Benefits

Economic Growth	Creation of substantial job opportunities				
Savings	Provide direct benefits within the region by passing on savings derived from lower marine costs (due to faster ship turnaround time) and at the same time reduce the cost of doing business				





Lamu Port Project

SDG Mapping

SDG Mapping

G wapping			
UN SDGs			Overview
Economic Growth	1 NO 2 ZERO HUNGER	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	 Creation of substantial job opportunities that covers jobs related to the port operations and also indirect jobs of all fields (such as agriculture, fishery, manufacturing, logistics, transport, trade, commerce, etc.) The project would increase the trade flow between various countries including Ethiopia, South Sudan, and Kenya
Resilient Infrastructure	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH 9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND AND INFRASTRUCTURE 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ON 11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	 Improving sustainable mobility and reducing congestion for both employees and goods Development of the port within the region will promote local industries and may attract global / regional companies which will improve the economic productivity, per capita income and create avenues from better infrastructure projects in the future Restoring ecosystems and making the port accessible & attractive for people in neighboring urban areas
Partnership	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS		 Provides a platform for projects and initiatives by partnering organizations





Moi Teaching & Referral Hospital – CHS Project

Overview

Moi Teaching & Referral Hospital - College of Health Sciences (CHS)

Moi Teaching and Referral is the 2nd largest referral Hospital in the country



- Moi Teaching and Referral Hospital established the Moi Teaching and Referral College of Health Sciences (CHS) in 2004
- CHS is the only institution in the Western part of Kenya that offers the Anesthetic Assistant and Mortician Services certificate courses



 MTRH proposes to construct an ultra-modern teaching facility and student accommodation facilities at a new project site



 With respect to teaching facilities, the project scope is comprised of several space types including classrooms / lecture halls, conference halls & theatres and office space, library and skills labs



 The student accommodation component of the proposed project is intended to make available capacity of 718-beds (including 592 medical students beds and 126 bedsitter rooms for the working professionals)



- In line with the requirement by regulators to provide facilities for extracurricular activities; the scheme will provide for a 500-pax multi-purpose hall
- Also, expected to provide for outdoor games facilities

Project Highlights

Contracting Authority	• MTRH			
Project Location	• Eldoret, Uasin Gishu County			
Concession Period	• 20 years			
Development Objective	To create an Ultra-modern College of health sciences to increase the number of students trained at the facility			
Project Status	Project Preparation Stage			

Benefits

More Healthcare Workers	 Help curb the shortfall of healthcare workers in the region
Infrastructure & Education	 Will provide a sustainable infrastructure to the country
	Promote innovative health professional education





Moi Teaching & Referral Hospital – CHS Project

SDG Mapping

SDG Mapping

UN SDGs			Overview	
Good Health & Education	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BRING	4 QUALITY EDUCATION		 Enable to prepare health professionals to help communities as well as individuals by improving health and quality of life; and help curb the shortfall of healthcare workers in the region The facility will comprise of a teaching complex that can host up to 3,000 students, providing higher education to medical students
Economic Growth	8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION AND INFRASTRUCTURE	11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND COMMUNITIES	 Provide scholarship/ financial assistance schemes for students Employment opportunities for staff at the teaching complex, as well as at the student accommodation center Sustainable & resilient building infrastructure to minimise the environmental impact Implementing best practice pollution control and waste management processes & policies Providing safe and affordable on-campus and/or university supported housing / accommodation center
Global Partnership	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS			Opportunities for private & international players to invest in building sustainable infrastructure





Maragua 4 Dam Water Supply Project

Overview

Maragua 4 Dam Water Supply



 Athi Water Works Development Authority proposes to develop the Maragua 4 Dam Water Supply Project to increase bulk water supply in Nairobi City by 120,000m3/day to serve an additional 830,000 city dwellers



- The project scope includes the construction of a 3.36Km long and 3m wide water tunnel; an Embankment Dam; 37Km Raw Water Gravity Pipelines; Ndunyu Chege and Kigumo Water Treatment Plants; and, 41Km Treated Water Gravity Mains
- The project will enhance food security for over 300,000 people by providing water supply for irrigation through the implementation of Thiririka Dam, Ruabura Dam and Pesi Dam



 National Environment Management Authority has issued an EIA License for the Dam and Resettlement Action Plan was undertaken in 2012

Project Highlights

Contracting Authority	Athi Water Works Development Authority (AWWDA)
Project Location	Maragua River Basin, Aberdare
Storage Capacity	60mn m ³
Project Objective	To reduce the current water deficit for Nairobi City
Project Status	Project Preparation Stage

Benefits

Reduce Water Deficit	Cater for the reduction of water deficit and meet future demand	
Food Security	The project will also provide water for irrigation and help in agricultural growth in the region	
Economic	Economic benefits resulting from increased agricultural activities	





Maragua 4 Dam Water Supply Project

SDG Mapping

SDG Mapping

UN SDGs Overview

Sustainable Community







- The project will provide clean water to the Nairobi Metropolitan City and equip the city better for future sustainable urbanization
- The project will also supply water for irrigation in the Aberdare region, which will improve yield & hence enhance the food security of the country

Economic Growth





- The project will generate employment opportunity for the community during it's construction phase till its complete life
- It will help in realizing the goal of eradicating poverty via the income generated and contribute to GDP growth of the country

Social Development & Global Partnership







- The project will encourage people to develop skills to leverage from employment opportunities, and help in bringing economic parity within the society
- As the project is based upon PPP model, it will help in collaboration of various parties for single purpose of sustainable development





Galana Kulalu Model Farm Project

Overview

Galana-Kulalu Model Farm



 The project focuses on increasing the maize production by over 12mn bags and support growth of other crop enterprises such as sugarcane, horticulture, cotton and orchards, dairy and beef ranching



 Infrastructure scope of the project covers provision of water storage, water conveyance and distribution, irrigation, aquaculture, road network, and ancillary structures



 Major impact sectors include the growth of the agriculture value chain industries (~85% of land for the maize production) and support other sectors such as service, tourism, and recreation



 Key assets to be conceded to the private party include 10,000 acres land on sublease; an additional 10,000 acres; a centre pivot and drip irrigation system covering 10,000 acres; agricultural and other machinery estimated at US\$ 4.8mn



 The project is being implemented in a phased manner where a 10,000 acre model farm is being constructed in Phase I, followed by 215,000 acres in Phase II



 Government plans to invite bids for the concession of the farm to a private operator through a competitive bidding process

Project Highlights

Location	Galana-Kulalu ranch in the coastal region within Kilifi and Tana River Counties	
PPP Operator	Private party to be competitively procured	
Land Area	10,000 acres (Phase I); 215,000 acres (Phase II)	
Year of Commencement	2022 forecasted close of concession procurement	
Crop Focus	Maize Production (~85% of the land)	
Big 4 Agenda	Aligned towards Food Security & Nutrition agenda by lowering food cost and increase farmer's average income	
Project Status	Project Preparation Stage	

Benefits

Growth of Agri- Industries	Promote the agriculture & agri-processing industries within the region
Infrastructure Development	~18 acres are reserved for development of trunk infrastructure – roads, water & sewerage, energy & telecom
Lower Food Cost	Cost of production under irrigation is ~40% lower than the conventional way of planting maize





Galana-Kulalu Model Farm Project

SDG Mapping

SDG Mapping

UN SDGs

Overview

Good Health & Reduced Poverty







- Increase the total agricultural output and improve availability of food for the local community and as a result will support in reducing the poverty and eradicating hunger
- Use modern irrigation technology lowering the cost of food and would mitigate the risk of foodrelated crisis within the region

Economic Growth & Sustainable Infrastructure







- The project will introduce better irrigation technology and improved road, telecom & energy infrastructure to support related industries and will make the existing infrastructure more sustainable
- Provide employment opportunities to local communities, promote local industries and will improve the per capita income within the region

Global Partnership



Attract investments from both local and global investors and hence, will create multiple avenues for global partnerships





Ndarugu1 Dam Water Supply Project

Overview

Ndarugu1 Dam Water Supply



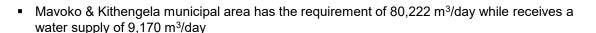
 GoK proposed the plan to built Ndarugu1 Dam to meet the water demand of Nairobi City and Mavoko areas



 Athi Water Works Development Authority proposes to develop the Ndarugu1 Dam Water Supply Project to increase bulk water supply in Nairobi City by 170,000m3/day to serve city dwellers



• The Nairobi city is currently operating with a water deficit of 305,000 m³/day;





 Falls under the Big-4 Agenda of the government, Third Medium Term Plan (MTP III) of Vision 2030



• Infrastructure scope includes a dam of 35m height, water pumping stations, water treatment plant, pumping mains, tanks and distribution mains



By 2031, there is a planned diversion and transfer of Chania River towards Komu River to supplement the inflow to Ndarugu1 reservoir

Project Highlights

Contracting Authority	Athi Water Works Development Agency
Project Location	Ndarugu River
Project Objective	To reduce the current water deficit for Nairobi City
Storage Capacity	225mn m ³
Supply Regions	Utawala, Embakasi, Syokimau, Mlolongo, Athi River, Kitengela, Nguluni, Tala, Kangundo, Mavoko, & Koma
Project Status	Project Preparation Stage

Benefits

Reduce Water Deficit	Cater for the reduction of water deficit and meet future demand
Improve Urbanization	Support in urbanization of the cities & nearby locations





Ndarugu1 Dam Water Supply Project

SDG Mapping

SDG Mapping

UN SDGs

6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION



Overview

- Cater to the water demand of Utawala, Embakasi, Syokimau, Mlolongo, Athi River, Kitengela, Nguluni, Tala, Kangundo, Mavoko and Koma
- The project will increase the water availability to meet the basic necessity of people, thus helping in sustainable urbanization of the region

Economic Growth

Sustainable

Community







Generate more employment opportunities to the community both during the time of construction and operations and thus would help to eradicate poverty

Global Partnership



The PPP model of these projects will capture interest from both local & global companies and develop sustainable infrastructure





Intelligent Transport Management System (ITMS) Project

Overview

Intelligent Transport Management System (ITMS)



 Nairobi has a road area rate of 11% with an average travel time of 64.7 minutes and a high cost of traffic congestion, which built a strong case to improve the urban traffic and address road safety problems



 As a part of the Nairobi Roads Rapid Decongestion Program (NRRDP), a pilot phase of seven junctions was implemented in 2017 between Yaya centre and Arboretum drive



 The project involves usage of advanced technologies to integrate identified 454 junctions on the proposed Intelligent Transport Management System (ITMS)



 Key benefits achieved during the pilot phase led to traffic efficiency with capabilities such as auto collection of traffic information, intelligent control of traffic signal, intelligent capability in license plate recognition, smart signal control, and violation detection

Benefits

Traffic Efficiency	Improve traffic efficiency including road safety, reduce congestions, reduce traffic violation, and thus improve overall urban traffic management
Improve Urbanization	Make the urban area more safer & livable and hence, support urbanization within the region
Employment Opportunities	Provide new employment opportunities within the community both during construction & operations

Location	Nairobi City		
Contracting Authority	Kenyan Urban Roads Authority		
Network	Connecting 352 junctions		
	Develop a modern Intelligent Traffic System (ITS)Reduce congestion and accidents		
Project Objective	 Provide a tool for the employer to better manage the transportation network 		
	 Raise additional revenue for government through automation of traffic fines 		
	Building an economical, systematic, rational and future-oriented ITS system		
Expected Outcomes	 Promote urban development of the north-eastern region of Nairobi 		
	 Reduce traffic congestion cost, traffic accidents cost, and environmental loss cost 		
Project	■ Phase I – 102 Junctions funded by Korea		
Implementation	■ Phase II – To be implemented as PPP transaction		
Project Status	Project Preparation Stage		





Intelligent Transport Management System (ITMS) Project SDG Mapping

SDG Mapping

	UN SDGs	Overview
	3 GOOD HEALTH 9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION 11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES AND WELL-BEING AND ON NETASTRUCTURE	 The project involves usage of advance technology for urban traffic management which would provide more sustainable and safer community
Sustainable Community	-W-	 Better infrastructure will support local industries & businesses, as the goods transportation time will decline due to reduced traffic congestions
		Reduced deaths and injuries from road traffic accident
Economic	1 NO POVERTY 8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	 Generate more employment opportunities for the community and thus would help to eradicate poverty
Growth		 The project will help to reduce the high annual social cost of traffic congestion and thus drive the economic growth of the region
Global Partnership	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	 This project would attract global companies through partnership for PPP model and investments within the region





Nairobi East Sewerage Intensification Project

Overview

East Nairobi Sewerage Intensification



- Metropolitan City of Nairobi has a population of 4.3mn and produces sewage of 400,000 m³/day but the current treatment capacity is 190,000 m³/day causing generation of untreated sewage of 210,000 m³/day
- A total of 200,000 households will be connected to the new sewer system. Renovation of the existing sewerage will also help reduce pollution levels



 To address the current issue, Athi Water Works Development Authority (AWWDA) proposed East Nairobi Sanitation Project as a part of government's Third Medium Term Plan (MTP III) under Big 4 Agenda



 Along with the new treatment plant, the secondary works of the project focuses on urban development such as energy re-use and conversion into electricity, construction of recreational amenities and construction of eco-friendly ablution blocks



 The project will improve the access to hygienic sanitation in an affordable and sustainable manner through franchised management of shared facilities, with supportive delivery of collection, treatment and reuse services

Benefits

Economic Prosperity	Contribute to economic prospect of the country by providing employment opportunity & improving fishery in River Basin	
Urbanization	Will improve quality of life and physical & mental health of people of the area	
Environment	Renovation of the existing system will reduce pollution levels to the environment through groundwater, soil and surface water pollution	

Location	Ruai near Dandora Estate Sewerage treatment plant		
Existing Sewerage Treatment Facilities	 Dandora Estate Sewerage treatment Plant (DESTP) with a capacity of 160,000 m³/day Kariobangi Waste Water Treatment plant with a capacity of 32,000 m³/day 		
Type of Project	Design Build & Finance (DBF) under PPP model		
Sewage Treatment Capacity	80,000 m³/day		
Catered Areas	Kawangware, Dagoreti, Kangemi, Kibera, Mathare, Dandora, Eastleigh, Gikomba, Kamukunji and other low income areas		
Social Impact	Improve quality of life of over 200,000 residents & marine life		
Infrastructure Scope	 Construction of: 80 MLD sewage treatment plant & decentralized system of waste water treatment Two 150 km trunk sewer and reticulation sewers Three 100 km trunk sewer and reticulation sewers Regeneration of Nairobi Dam (86 acre) through rehabilitation 		
Project Status	> Project Preparation Stage		





Nairobi Sewerage Intensification Project

SDG Mapping

SDG Mapping

UN SDGs Overview 3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING 6 CLEAN WATER AND SANITATION The project is focused on improving access to adequate hygienic sanitation and thus will have direct effect on the physical and mental health Sustainable Mitigate the negative impact of the existing disbursal of treated & untreated water into Community Nairobi river, which has significant negative impact on marine life down stream RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTIO 14 LIFE BELOW WATER 15 LIFE ON LAND Will enable to reuse & minimize the waste generated (sludge), thus ensuring conservation of bio-diversity and improve sustainable urbanization of the region As the marine life improves, it will contribute to fishery business and other related NO POVERTY 2 ZERO HUNGER industries in the region **Economic** Growth Immense impact on the regional GDP by direct & indirect contributions such as employment generation, reduce poverty, and generate/increase income The project's secondary work also involves energy re-use & conversion into electricity – 13 CLIMATE ACTION **Carbon Footprint** which will bring in energy efficiency and thus help in minimizing the carbon footprint & Global Partnership As the project is based upon PPP model, there will be a collaboration among local/ global stakeholders to develop a sustainable project





Nairobi Railway City Project

Overview

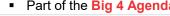
Nairobi Railway City (NRC)



■ The GoK⁽¹⁾ through Kenya Railway Corporation (KRC) intends to redevelop the Nairobi Central Railway Station and its surrounding areas into a multi-modal, transit oriented, urban development named as "Nairobi Railway City"



Project declared as of 'Strategic National Importance' under 'A Special Planning Area'







 Increase in daily commuters from 132k currently (with gross footfall of 0.3 million per day) to 1 million commuters per day by 2030

■ Generate over **15,000** jobs direct jobs during implementation



 Three first mover priority projects to be undertaken under the NRC, 'Central Station', 'Government Precinct', 'Mixed Use Housing'



Develop a new headquarters for the Ministry of Foreign Affairs within the government precinct of Nairobi Railway City



Initial phase of the 17 acre mixed use housing site, within Railway City known as 'Landimawe', planned to be a blended market-price and affordable housing project with an estimated 750 housing units

Benefits

Traffic Efficiency	Reduce traffic congestion immensely & provide a benefit of US\$ 28mn	
Urbanization	Interlinkage will increase urbanization across the connected parts and also provide affordable housing, health and employment opportunities	
Economic Opportunities	Promote spatial restructuring and enhance global competiveness of Nairobi city	

Project Highlights

Location	Nairobi City Railway Station		
Implementing Authority	GoK with KRC & Railway Steering CommitteeChaired by MD of Kenya Railways		
10 Precinct	 Kenya Railway Zone, R&D zone, Street Commercial, Mice Core, International Offices, Central Station & Multi-modal Hub, East Core, Housing, Centre Core, High Tech SME 		
Project Objective	 Interlinking the country with railway infrastructure Develop Government precinct & Mixed use housing Transportation of One million people by 2030 & reduce traffic congestion 		
Status	 Commercial viability assessment of the Central Station precinct Housing precinct to be launched in Aug 2021 Feasibility study for government precinct as a PPP 		
Components of redevelopment scheme	 Underground structure with lowered track & platform, transit & water reservoir Multiple floor mixed housing with retail & commercial space Design & implementation of government precinct & mixed housing Convert the current "dead land" into an estimated 229 acres (~93 hectares) of commercially attractive land 		
Project Status	Project Preparation Stage		

Note: 1) GoK: Government of Kenya Source: NRC investor Brief

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Nairobi Railway City Project

SDG Mapping

	UN SDGs	Overview
Socio - Economic	1 NO 2 ZERO 8 DECENT WORK AND 10 REDUCED HUNGER 10 INEQUALITIES	 Project has been declared of Strategic National Importance, with an objective of enhancing Nairobi's global competiveness and transit oriented development, touching upon multi facets of social sphere
Productivity		 The project is expected to yield higher economic productivity through direct & indirect means
		 Create 15,000 job opportunities for local people, thereby helping in reducing poverty
		Contribute to reducing economic inequalities
Sustainable	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION 11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES 16 PEAGE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS	 Better transport facility along with affordable housing to the people of Kenya, hence creating a cycle of sustainable urbanization
Infrastructure		 Provide an infrastructural support by inter connecting the industries and help in their growth & ability to flourish within the Country
Global Partnership	17 PARTINERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	 Expected to promote global partnership for sustainable development along with public private partnership





Roads Annuity Projects

Overview

Roads Annuity Projects



- In Jun 2014, Kenya Government launched Roads Annuity Projects as a part of Government's Third Medium Term Plan (MTP III) under Big 4 Agenda
- The main objectives of the Projects:



- Identification of maximum of 10,000 kms priority roads
- Procurement of long term contracts for design, finance, construction and maintenance of identified roads under PPP model
- Payment by the private contractors through normal budget procedure



■ The Government of Kenya through Ministry of Transport identified 2,000 Km of roads under this project & floated tender in Nov 2014 & preferred bidders were notified in Mar 2015



 The contractor facilitated financing mechanism is based upon finance, design, build, maintain & transfer or finance, design, review, build, maintain & transfer



- The projects are to be funded by Roads Annuity fund established under Public Finance Management Act 2012 funded through fuel levy collections
- The contractual payments agreed upon for the various projects are made through quarterly annuity payments that start during the construction period (milestone payments) throughout the operation period up to projects hand back



- There are 5 projects Lot 3, Lot 15, Lot 18, Lot 32 & Lot 33, out of which construction is completed for Lot 33
- Lot 15, Lot 18 and Lot 32 are expected to break ground in Q4 2021
- Projects Tenure is 10 years with 2 years construction phase & 8 years operation & maintenance phase

Integrating different parts of the country	Help integrate various parts of Kenya & provide empowerment to local communities		
Trade	Connect various parts of Kenya & reduce the transportation time of the Cargos thus leading to market access and facilitation of trade		
Increase Employment	Enable job creation for local people and business opportunities for corporates		
Provide Economic Growth	Support the primary growth sectors of commerce, tourism, agriculture & rural production, and extractive industries and thus contributing to economic growth		
Traffic & Safety	Would significantly reduce the travel time & increase safety while travelling		
Project Status	Achieved commercial close for all the 5 projects		





Roads Annuity Projects

Overview...Cont'd

Project Details	Lot 3	Lot 15	Lot 18	Lot 32	Lot 33
Location	Mandera County	Nyeri County, Kirinyaga County, Murang'a County, Tharaka Nithi County, Embu County & Laikipia County	Kakamega County, Vihiga County, Bungoma County & Busia County	Taita Taveta County	Kajiado County
Road construction under this Lot	Construction/Rehabilitation to bitumen standards Modogashe – Habaswein – Samatar Road and Rhamu – Mandera Road	Construction/Rehabilitation to bitumen standards Riamukurwe - Gatitu Roads, Munungaine-Nyeri, Kutus-Kiarie roads, Murang'a – Mucunguca-Kiangange Road, Ndikwe- Kiria Road, Kanjuki – Kathwana (Makutano) Road, Muthatari – Kimangaru Road, Majimbo – Karurina Roads & Industrial Area Road, Upper Muthaiga Road	Construction/Rehabilitation to bitumen standards Kakamega – Ilesi, Lutonyi – Kakamega, Vihiga Chavakali-Munoywa-Kiritu, Mateka – Samoia, Mateka- Mwanda – Siritanyi & bypass	Construction/Rehabilitation to bitumen standards to augment the existing road from Illasit to Njukini and Njukini to Taveta	Construction/Rehabilitation to bitumen standards Ngong- Kiserian Isinya Road and Kajiado- Mashuru- Imaroro Road
Distance	143 KM	45 KM	35 KM	66.5 Km	90.55 KM
PPP Operator	GVR- HASS consortium	Consortium of Lee Consortium Ltd Cape Consult Limited And Mota-Engil Engenharia E Construcao Africa, S.A	Consortium of Lee Consortium Ltd Cape Consult Limited And Mota-Engil Engenharia E Construcao Africa, S.A	Skar Lot 32 Development Corporation Limited	GVR- HASS consortium
Contracting Authority	Kenya National Highways Authority	Kenya Urban Roads Authority	Kenya Urban Roads Authority	Kenya National Highways Authority	Kenya Rural Roads Authority
Current Status	- Commercial closure in Nov 2016 - Financial closure Work in progress	- Commercial closure in May 2019 - Financial closure Work in progress	- Commercial closure in May 2019 - Financial closure Work in progress	- Commercial closure in Jun 2019 - Financial closure Work in progress	- Construction completed in Oct 2020 - Financial closure obtained in May 2018





Roads Annuity Projects

SDG Mapping

SDG Mapping

UN SDGs Overview 2 ZERO HUNGER The projects will integrate & connect regions within Kenya & enhance the ability to do trade, help small traders by giving them access to wider markets & will make transportation easy for finished **\$\$\$** Ĭ¥ŧŧĨ goods & raw materials alike, thus contributing to GDP & social development Socio -It will enhance the employment opportunity for the people of Kenya & hence will improve the **Economic** 4 QUALITY EDUCATION 10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES lifestyle & reduce inequalities **Productivity ∢=**▶ The project will enable access to various educational; facilities to all and empower the local communities It will improve the transport facility for Kenyans & help in sustainable urbanization Sustainable The project will help in industrial growth within the country by providing interconnecting Infrastructure infrastructure for further development 17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS Global The Project is based upon Public Private Partnership model, for the infrastructural development of **Partnership** the country 8





Kenya Defence Forces Accommodation Project

Overview

Kenya Defence Forces Accommodation Project



- The Ministry of Defence (MoD) is faced with a shortfall of 11,200 residential units for the Kenya Defence Forces (KDF)
- The proposed KDF Accommodation Project is to be undertaken over a number of Phases:



- Phase I will encompass the development of a total of 2,340 residential units by the private party for the use of KDF non-commissioned officers (NCOs)
 - The Project will deliver an estimated 104,125 sq.m in built-up areas and associated infrastructure, as well as amenities across 5 project sites in various parts of the country



 The construction of the Project's housing is expected to be completed across the 5 sites in a period not exceeding 24 months and will be implemented under build and transfer arrangement



- In-line with the government's Big Four Agenda of affordable housing
- Project status: Project Preparation Stage

Benefits

Affo	ordable Housing	Affordable housing for the Service Members/ officers	
Eco	nomic Impact	Will create jobs both during the construction phases and ultimately through long-term societal growth	

Project Highlights

Number, Type and Size of Residential Units

Туре	No.	Size (Sq.m)
Senior non-commissioned officers married quarters	655	96.0
Senior non-commissioned officers single quarters	630	15.5
Other non-commissioned officers married quarters	315	60.0
Other non-commissioned officers single quarters	740	17.0
Total	2,340	

Distribution of Built-up Areas (Sq.m) by Project Site

Project Sites	Size (Sq.m)
Roysambu	42,600
Kwambuzi	17,714
Nyali	15,931
Lanet	10,380
Kenyatta Barracks	17,500
Total	104,125





Kenya Defence Forces Accommodation Project

SDG Mapping

	UN SDGs	Overview
Economic Growth	1 NO POVERTY 2 ZERO 3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING 8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	 Housing drives access to basic services and impacts profoundly on the health and well-being of officers Increasing access to affordable housing builds the economic infrastructure in support of productive housing markets for all
		 Create job opportunities for local people, thereby helping in reducing poverty
Sustainable	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION 11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES 16 PEACE, JUSTICE AND STRONG INSTITUTIONS INSTITUTIONS	 Affordable housing means making cities safe and sustainable
Infrastructure		 Aims to provide adequate & decent housing in a sustainable environment and to further offe the population high quality life by 2030
Global	17 PARTINERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	 Expected to promote global partnership for sustainable development along with public privat





2nd Nyali Bridge Project

Overview

2nd Nyali Bridge Project

 Aims to assist in decongesting the existing Nyali Bridge and its surrounding areas, and to provide an alternative route between Mombasa Island and the Mombasa North Coast Mainland



- Three strong bidders shortlisted:
- a. Nyali Connect Consortium (Meridiam Infrastructure, Vinci Highways, Vinci Concessions)
- b. Strabag AG
- c. IHI JOIN Acciona Consortium (IHI, Acciona Construction, JOIN (Japan Overseas Infrastructure Investment Corporation for Transport & Urban Development))
- The project primarily includes:



- i) Construction of a 600 meter, four lane, steel suspension bridge
- ii) Additional lanes for pedestrians, cyclists and two median lanes for a BRT line



- Approved by PPP committee & falling under Big 4 Agenda of the Government's, Third
 Medium Term Plan of Vision 2030
- The project is based upon Design, build, operate, finance & maintain



• The project viability is dependent on toll collection from both the bridges (existing and proposed)



- Intends to apply for National Environment Management Authority (NEMA) license, as the environmental audit affirmed the project as environmentally viable
- Recruitment of Transaction Advisor to finalize feasibility study and guide the procurement of Service Provider underway (to be completed 4th quarter 2021)
- Issuance of RFP to Service providers targeted for 2nd Quarter 2022

Project Highlights

Location	Mombasa City	
Project Scope	6.5 Km link feeder Roads & 600 meter steel suspension Bridge	
Additional Scope	Widening of Abdel Nasser road from its junction with Sheikh Abdullah Road, Fidel Odinga road Geometric improvements, widening and installation of traffic signals at Malindi road	
Authority	Kenya Urban Road Authority	
Concession for the Road	30 years	
Development Objective	To connect North Mombasa Island to the Kenya Mainland	
Project Status	Project Preparation Stage	

Benefits

Economic Growth	Decongest the existing Nyali Bridge and its surrounding areas thereby easing traffic flow
Ease in Traffic	Promote economic development through improved connectivity

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2nd Nyali Bridge Project

SDG Mapping

SDG Mapping

UN SDGs Overview

Socio - Economic Productivity







- The project will connect Mombasa Island with Kenya mainland and give access to people, which will help in better economic growth.
- The project in itself will provide employment and also will increase trade & business thus providing equal opportunity & eradicating poverty & hunger
- Being an Island the region will attract tourist & the project will provide convenient transportation mechanism & hence contribute to overall economic growth of the country

Sustainable Infrastructure





Reduction of traffic on existing bridge & reducing time of transportation are the parameters of this project, which will lead to sustainable urbanization of the region & country, also will lead development in the mainland

Global Partnership



The project is based upon partnership of public entity & private sector for long term sustainable development of the country





Kenya Transmission PPP Project

Overview

Kenya Transmission PPP



 The Least Cost Power Development Plan prioritizes the construction of over 5,000km of transmission lines to support Kenya's Vision 2030



 Key challenges faced from the existing network/ system include limited transmission capacity, lack of reliable systems for supply & managing losses and delayed commission of various transmission projects



• Kenya Transmission Company (KETRACO) is currently administrating construction of 2,480km of transmission lines and has a requirement of an additional 3,520km before 2038



■ In order to meet this target, KETRACO needs to: a) Supplement GoK^(a) - sourced funding with private sector capital; and b) Improve capacity and capability to support an expanded portfolio



- Africa50 through a Privately Initiated Investment Proposal (PIIP) intends to develop the 2 transmission lines
 - a) 400kV D/C Loosuk Lessos Transmission Line (165km)
 - b) 220kV, Kisumu Musaga double circuit Transmission Line (72km)

Benefits

Reduced **Transmission** Losses

Improve the system reliability to manage losses and save cost on transmission & distribution

Improve

Expand the national grid to unelectrified areas and improve **Electricity Access** the transmission capacity of the system

Transmission Line	Lessos – Loosuk transmission line	Kisumu (Kibos) – Musaga transmission line
Scope	400kV D/C line (165km) with a new 400kV switching station	220kV, double circuit 72km line; includes two substations at Kakamega (220/132/33kV) and Musaga (220/132kV)
Completion Year	2023	2020 ^(b)
Impact Area	Provides an alternative evacuation path for power produced from Northern Kenya	Provides an alternative path to meet the load requirement of Musaga, Mumias, Webuye and Rangala
Project Status	Project Preparation Stage	





Kenya Transmission PPP Project

SDG Mapping

	UN SDGs	Overview
Economic	1 NO POVERTY 2 ZERO 8 DECENT WORK AND ECONOMIC GROWTH	 Provide economic prosperity both through direct & indirect means and thus generate employment opportunity for local community and help reduce poverty & hunger
Productivity		 Improve the overall transmission capacity and thus would encourage industrialization within the community
Sustainable	9 INDUSTRY, INNOVATION 11 SUSTAINABLE CITIES 12 RESPONSIBLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION	 The transmission line would provide better infrastructure for electricity transmission and improve the access to electricity for community - leading to more sustainable economic development
Infrastructure		 More reliable transmission system which would help reduce transmission losses and improve urbanization within the community
Global Partnership	17 PARTNERSHIPS FOR THE GOALS	 KETRACO's Strategic plan 2015-2020 highlights the need for public private partnerships and this project would attract interest from both local & global companies





Meru & Greater Kora Conservation Area

Overview

Meru & Greater Kora Conservation Area



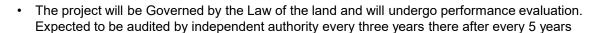
 Aims to achieve its long-term conservation objectives for the benefit of Kenya and its people and move towards Ecological Sustainability, Social Sustainability, Financial Sustainability & Political Sustainability



• To be implemented under two phases: Meru & Kora National Park (Phase 1) and Mwingi National Reserve, Rahole National Reserve & Bisanadi National Reserve (Phase 2)



Meru and Kora National Parks fall under the jurisdiction of KWS and the adjoining National Reserves of Bisanadi, Rahole and Mwingi fall under the jurisdiction of the Isiolo, Garissa and Katui County Governments respectively





- To address any dispute a dispute mechanism will be set up under the PPP model
- 50 Key dynamics to be the basis of the Legal Contract between State Partner & Private Partner

Project Highlights

Contracting Authority	KWS (Kenya Wildlife Service)
Project Location	Meru & Kora National Park
Project area	Phase 1: 2657 sq Km Phase 2: 2621 sq Km
Project Objective	Developing Conservation for Parks
Project Status	Project Preparation Stage

Benefits

Conservation	The project will help to conserve biodiversity & safeguard the animals
Economical	The project will help to bring revenues from tourism & uplift employment
Community	Will help in building strong community & facilitate for their well-being





Meru & Greater Kora Conservation Area

SDG Mapping

	UN SDGs	Overview
Sustainable Community	3 GOOD HEALTH AND WELL-BEING 4 QUALITY EDUCATION	 Bring investment for local community which will be invested on Education & healthcare facilities, thus improving the condition of both & helping in providing better access to educational to local community & bringing down the mortality rate
Carbon Footprint and Biodiversity	13 CLIMATE 15 UFE ON LAND	 The project will help in protecting the forest land & various wildlife of the country & thus help in conservation. Also it will reintroduce extinct species in the region which will improve the biodiversity The forest will also act as Carbon Sink & help in reduction of Carbon Di-oxide from the atmosphere
Economic Productivity & Global Partnership	8 DECENT WORK AND POVERTY THE POVERTY TO	 The project will bring revenue to the country by virtue of Tourism & help in flourishing local business in the nearby region, providing opportunity of economic development It will also require manpower, which will be selected from within the country thus giving equal employment opportunity. These people will also be provided with adequate training The project will require Private & public partnership to achieve a common goal of biodiversity conservation







Conclusion





Why Kenya is an Ideal Investment Destination

Kenya is an attractive investment destination and getaway to a sizeable EAC market

Project portfolio is aligned with country's "Big 4 Agenda": Vision 2030 and driving sustainable development

Kenya has second largest population in EAC with 2.7% growth rate per annum & the GDP per capita of the country is on rise with CAGR of 2% over past 10 years, which indicates a rise of urbanization leading to demand of high value goods Kenya revised its taxation system to provide exemptions for investment in various industries The development of public-private partnerships as part of the 'Vision 2030' strategy will have a positive influence on FDI inflows

"Kenya is open for business – come, partner with us.
There are enormous investment opportunities in
diverse economic sectors ready for execution through
a variety of PPP arrangements. Essentially, we've
something for everyone. But more importantly, we
have a great team at the PPP Directorate to support
you – come, let's do business!"

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