Twentieth Session of the Intergovernmental Group of Experts on Competition Law and Policy, 21-22 July 2022

Room XVII, Palais des Nations, Geneva

Voluntary Peer Review of Competition Law and Policy of BANGLADESH

Presentation

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INTERGOVERNMENTAL GROUP OF EXPERTS ON

Competition law and policy

20 - 22 July 2022, Palais des Nations





VOLUNTARY PEER REVIEW OF THE COMPETITION LAW AND POLICY OF BANGLADESH

Leni Papa Friday, 22 July 2022 10:00-12:00, Room XVII





Outline

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Legal Framework and Institutional Setup
- 3. Issues
- 4. Role of Competition in the Promotion of Cottage, Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises in Bangladesh
- 5. International Cooperation
- 6. Policy Recommendations





1. Introduction

Economic context

- ✓ Remarkable growth since independence in 1971 (>6%)
- ✓ Proclaimed by the World Bank as a global model for poverty reduction
- ✓ Vision 2041: Middle-income status by 2031; high-income status by 2041
- ✓ Impact of COVID-19: GDP growth slowed down to 3.51% in 2020, rebounded in 2021

Evolution of competition law and policy

- ✓ Prior to 1971 Monopolies and Restrictive Trade Practice (Control and Prevention) Ordinance of 1970
- ✓ Three phases of economic policies that shaped the competitive environment
- ✓ Bangladesh Competition Act of 2012





2. Legal framework and Institutional Setup

Bangladesh Competition Act of 2012 (BCA)

- ✓ Scope
 - All enterprises involved in the purchase and sale, production, supply, distribution, or storage of goods and services for commercial purposes
 - Exempted: goods and services that are not open to the private sector and controlled by the government for national security purposes
 - ✓ Applies and binds the Government definition of enterprises includes "any person or economic body or a department of the Government"
 - ✓ Act committed outside of Bangladesh which causes an adverse effect on the relevant market in Bangladesh
- ✓ Rules and Regulations implementing the BCA
 - ✓ Government may make rules to carry out the BCA legal and administrative systems, hiring of staff
 - ✓ BCC may adopt regulations must be approved by the Ministry of Commerce and the Ministry of Law, Justice and Parliamentary Affairs.



2. Legal framework and Institutional Setup

Anti-competitive agreements

- Vertical and horizontal
- Enumeration is interpreted as exclusive

Abuse of Dominant Position

- General prohibition
- Dominant position position of strength enjoyed by an enterprise in a relevant market which allows it to operate independently of competitors or affect competitors/consumers in the relevant market in its favour

Mergers and acquisition

- "Combinations" trade acquisitions or taking control or amalgamation or mergers
- General prohibition of consolidations that have an adverse affect on competition



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3. Issue

BCA

- ✓ Legal standards for anti-competitive agreements and abuse of dominance
- ✓ Notification and thresholds for merger control
- ✓ Autonomy of BCC
- ✓ Investigative tools
- ✓ Private enforcement





3. Challenges

Bangladesh Competition Commission (BCC)

- ✓ 3-year term limit of Chairperson and Members of the Commission
- ✓ Need for the Ministry to endorse variation of working tools (operational guidelines, strategic programs, organizational structure)
- ✓ Investigative and adjudicative powers
- ✓ Prioritization of enforcement activities
- ✓ Expected frequent staff changes involving mid-level to senior-level officials due to government policy
- ✓ Budget
- ✓ Limited use of ICT
 - ✓ Planned technical assistance project
- ✓ Arrangements with sector regulators





3. Issues

Culture of competition

- ✓ Limited awareness of the BCA and BCC
- ✓ Limited studies on competition
- ✓ Limited legal and economic expertise in competition law and economics





4. Role of competition in promoting CMSMEs

CMSMEs make up 99.9% of all enterprises in Bangladesh; Approximately 7.8 million CMSMEs

- ✓ Key element in the reduction of poverty
- ✓ Employ 86% of the labor force
- ✓ Contributes 25% to the GDP

Challenges

- √ 90% of microenterprises are providing informal services
- ✓ COVID-19 50% experienced permanent or temporary closures
- ✓ Competition and CMSMEs
 - ✓ Low level of awareness
 - ✓ Access to digital markets





5. International Cooperation

- Active in international fora
- Working on agreements with Korea Fair Trade Commission, Japan Fair Trade Commission, Competition Commission of India
 - ✓ Internship program arranged by KFTC





6. Policy recommendations

- ✓ (1) Government; (2) BCC; (3) Government and BCC; (4) CMSME Agencies; (5) Judiciary
- ✓ Ways forward to be discussed by the Secretariat





6. Policy recommendations

Recommendations to the Government

- ✓ Proposals for amending the law
 - ✓ Identify legal standards for anti-competitive agreements and abuse of dominance
 - ✓ Notification and thresholds for merger control
 - ✓ Autonomy of BCC
 - ✓ Additional investigative tools
 - ✓ Private enforcement
- ✓ Institutional framework and resources
 - ✓ Budget increase
 - ✓ Human resources exemption from 3-year rule
 - ✓ Operational independence to vary working tools





6. Policy recommendations

Recommendations to BCC – Enforcement, institutional framework, resources

- ✓ Publish guidelines on merger control, abuse of dominance, horizontal or vertical agreements, and sanctions to increase legal certainty, facilitate compliance and promote competition
- ✓ International best practices: market definition, assessment of market power, anti-competitive analysis
- ✓ Strategic plan / prioritization of activities
- ✓ Formal procedure that separates investigative and decision-making functions
- ✓ Strengthen ICT wing





6. Policy recommendations

Recommendations to BCC – Advocacy

- ✓ Continue discussions with sector regulators
- ✓ Continue development of competition culture
- ✓ BCC internship programs





6. Policy recommendations

Recommendations to BCC – CMSMEs

- ✓ Continue awareness-raising about the benefits of competition
- ✓ Continue to familiarize itself with challenges faced by CMSMEs





6. Policy recommendations

Recommendations to the Government and BCC

- ✓ Provide tailored training on competition and training of trainers to staff, commissioners, other officials, and magistrates (handling appeals from the BCC decisions), sectoral regulators' staff and practitioners on a regular basis
 - ✓ Consultative workshops for the formulation of rules and regulations, legal instruments, etc.
 - ✓ Staff exchanges or secondment programs
 - ✓ Continued participation in different trainings, seminars, workshops
- ✓ Establish competition law and policy courses at local universities





6. Policy recommendations

Recommendations to CMSME Agencies

- ✓ Formalize of BCC's involvement in the design of CMSME-related policies
- ✓ Monitor the impact of financial support
- ✓ Organize training on key emerging competition issues in digital markets

Recommendations to the judiciary

✓ Attend workshops on competition law enforcement





Thank you

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