

Intergovernmental Group of Experts on Competition Law and Policy



Competition Policy and Poverty Reduction

Thursday, 4 July 2024 10:00-12:00, Room XIX



1. Poverty Reduction: a global Issue



& development

- ☐ Poverty reduction is a global phenomenon with disparities between different parts of the world
- □ 9.2% of the world population, around 700 million people, live below the poverty line of \$2.15 a day according to World Bank study
- □ Sub-Saharn Africa exihits a large portion of extreme poverty; i.e., over half of the world population
- ☐ Entails a whole 1.9 billion living in impoverished conditions and sub-standard lives.
- ☐ Currently the world is grambling with social, political and economic crises prompted by Covid 19 pandemic and ensuing cost-of-living-crisis
- □ There can not be a better time to discuss poverty reduction and the role of competition policy than now given the prevailing global conditions



2. Poverty Reduction Parameters



- SDGs attainment is expected to be negatively affected by the curent global events
- ❖ Introduction of UNDP Global multidimensional Poverty Index (MPI)
- ❖ Income is key, but also health, education and standard of living; new additions
- ❖ MPI: 1.2 billion people from developing countries (111); Exibited acute MPI in 2022.
- Recovery has been slow in many low-income countries in the global South
- Governments have policies that deal directly with poverty reduction
- However, the role of Competition policy in regulating markets is a key addition
- Direct impact to poverty reduction can be associated to competition regulation;
- When access to goods and services is made possible through enforcement





3. Role of Competition in Poverty reduction Discussions



- Panel discussions will explore the link between Competition policy and law and poverty reduction
- The panel will enlighten the discussions with;
 - Enforcement experiences,
 - Research findings
- And interventions from member States





Thank you!

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