

UNITED NATIONS CONFERENCE ON TRADE AND DEVELOPMENT

UNCTAD



EXPERT MEETING ON

Social Inclusion Programmes and Their Impact on Sustainable and Inclusive Development and Growth



IFAD's social inclusion approach

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Geneva, 27–28 November 2014





IFAD's social inclusion approach



Investing in rural people

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<http://www.ifad.org/gender/>

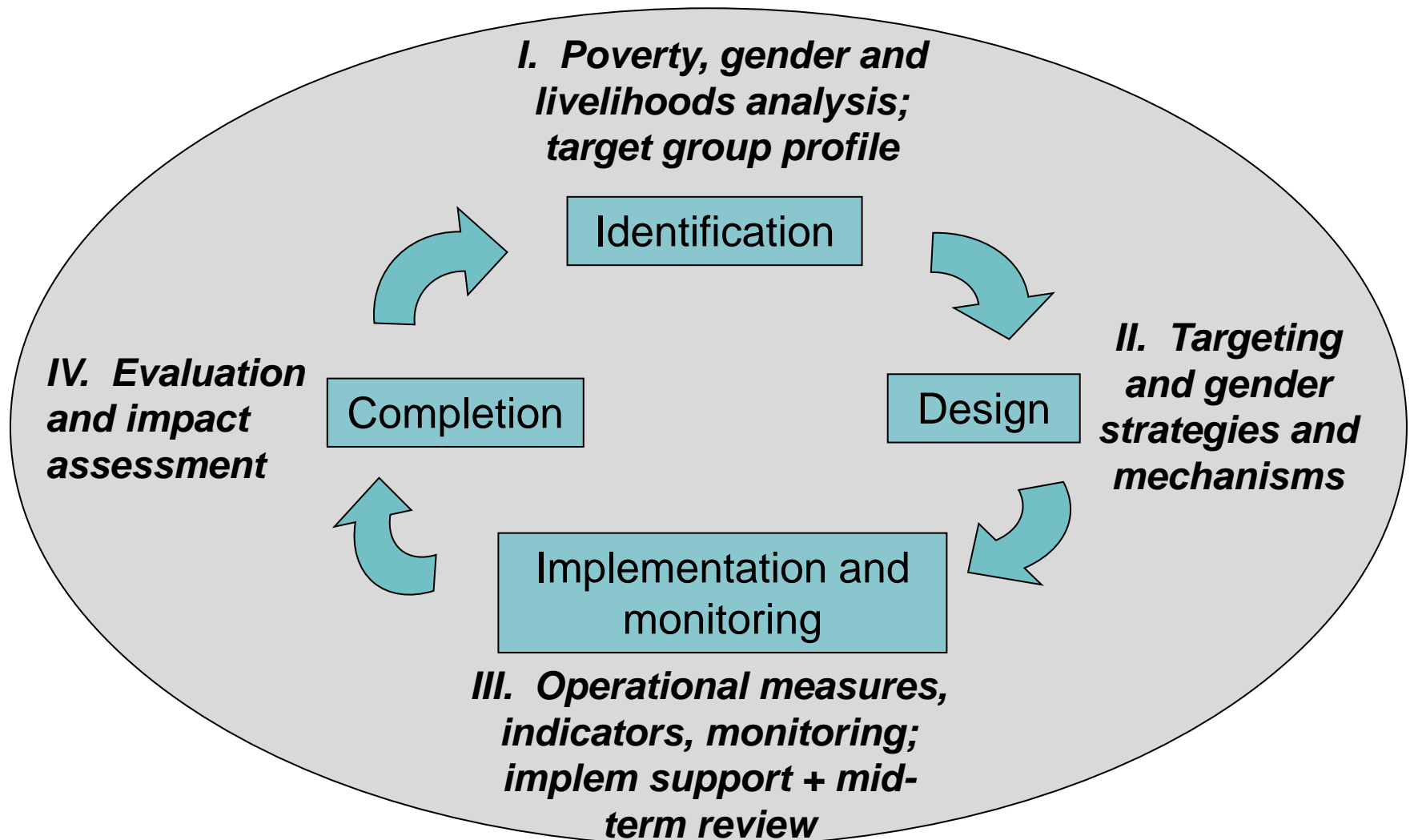
UNCTAD Social Inclusion Meeting Geneva 28 November 2014

Targeting: The IFAD hallmark

- Mandate: poorest rural people with productive potential
- Policies: Targeting 2006
 - Indigenous Peoples 2009
 - Gender Equality and Women's Empowerment 2012
- Set targets, track and report on performance

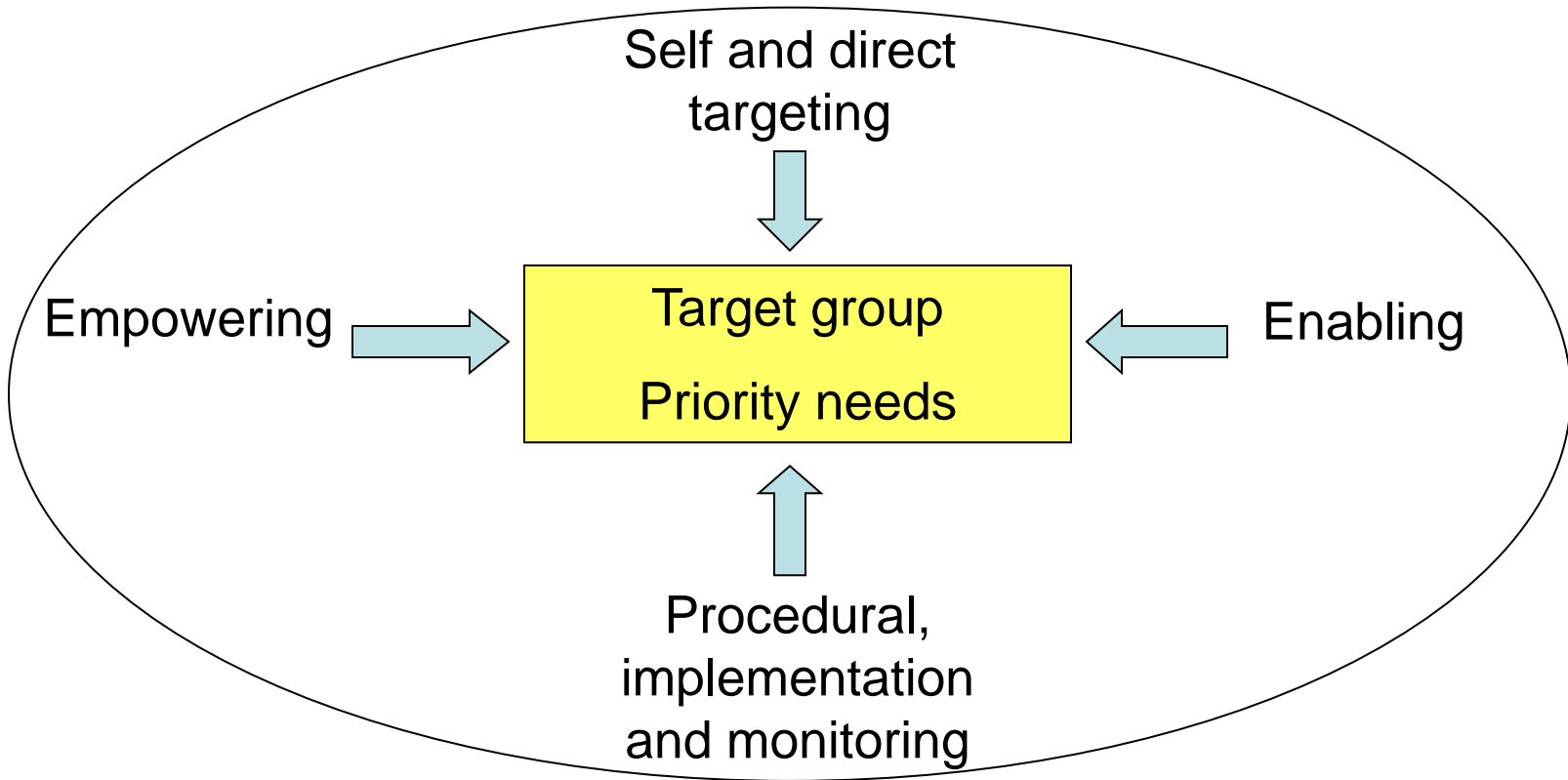
Scenario 3 (2): productive capacity building with built-in inclusive effects

Targeting and gender in project cycle

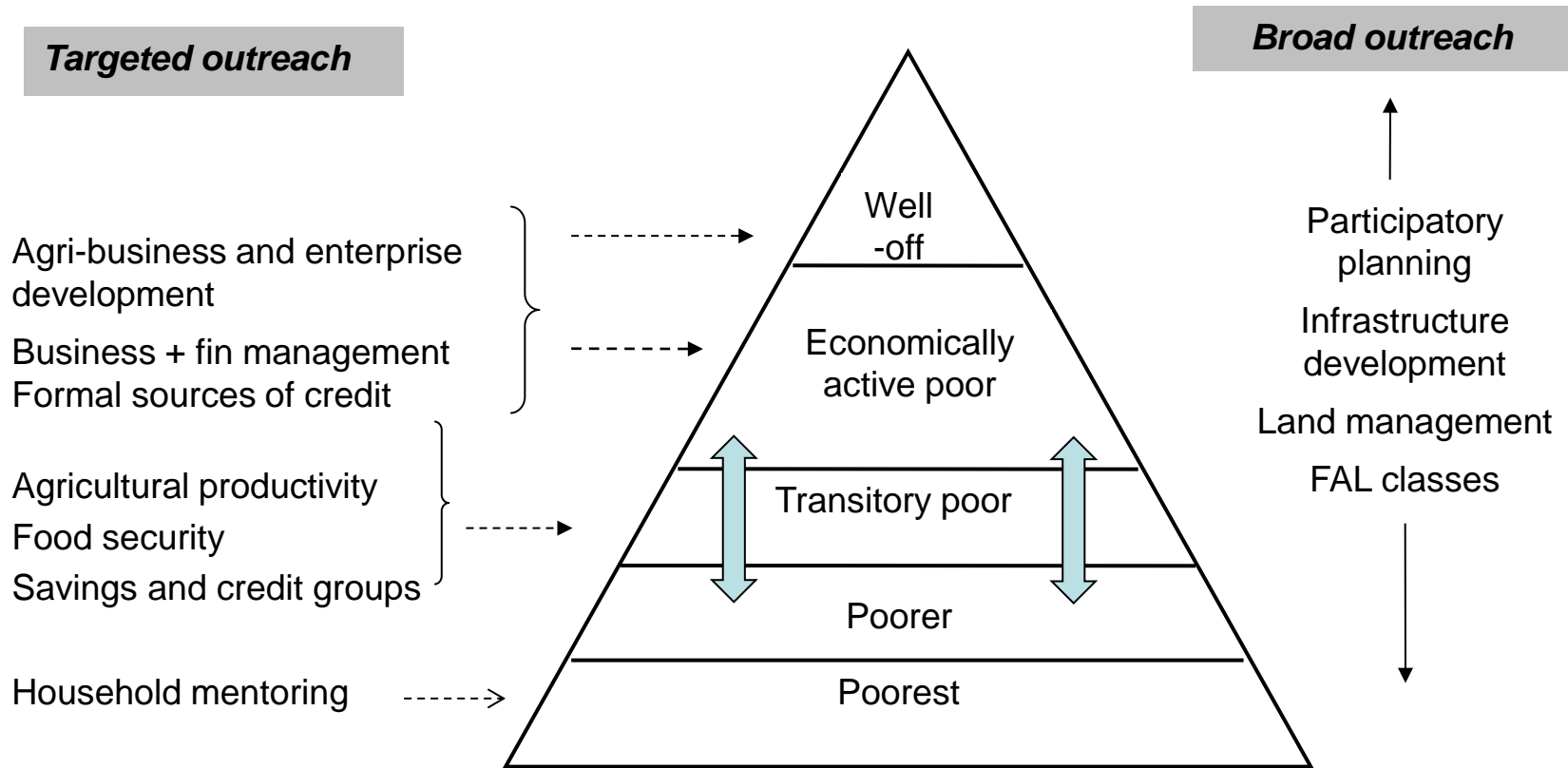


Targeting strategy

Geographical targeting



Beneficiary outreach of project activities



Characteristics

- Resources, skills
- Access to services
- Livelihoods
- Vulnerabilities
- Needs + priorities
- Gender, youth + IP dimension

Gender objectives

Economic empowerment

- Access and control over resources
- Participation in profitable activities
- Access and control over benefits

Decision-making and representation

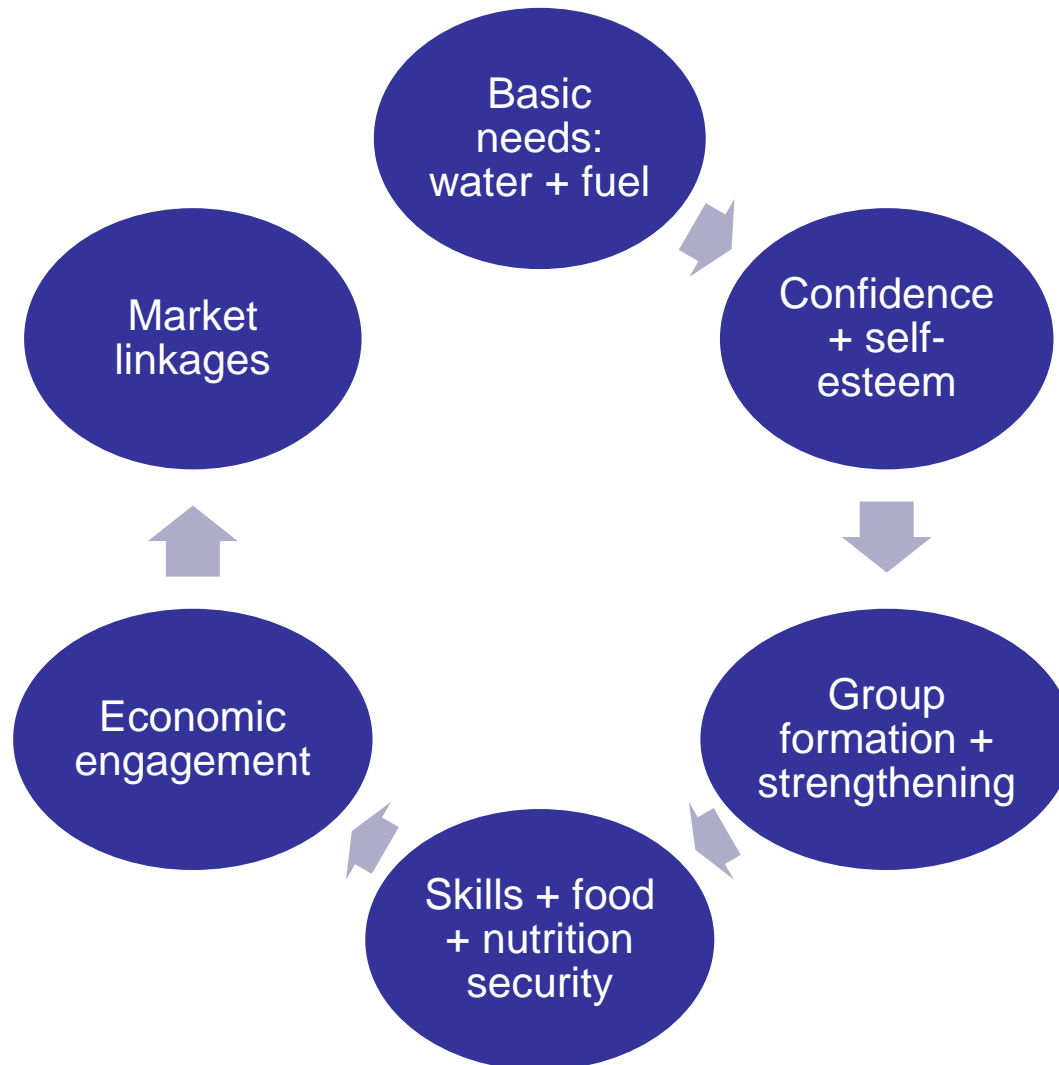
- Within households
- Savings and credit groups, farmer groups, producer organizations
- Community bodies eg water user assoc



Equitable workload balance

- Rural infrastructure and services
- Labour-saving technologies
- Equitable balance between benefits/ remuneration

Graduation pathway



Transformation at HH level



- All HH members participate
- Set vision together
- Gender, CC, F+NS analysis
- Discussion/negotiation within HH
- Prepare action plan
- Work and share benefits together

Measuring impact

Reaching the poor

- Movement out of poverty
- Economic mobility
- Economic resilience
- Gender empowerment
- Nutritional outcomes

Women's empowerment in agric index

5 dimensions of empowerment	Indicators
Production	Input in productive decisions
	Autonomy in production
Resources	Ownership of assets
	Purchase, sale, or transfer of assets
	Access to + decisions on credit
Income	Control over use of income
Leadership	Group member
	Speaking in public
Time	Workload
	Leisure

Source: IFPRI, USAID, OPHI

Challenges

Retaining focus on lifting poor out of poverty

- Change in focus of loan portfolio – private sector, market-driven approaches
- Borrowing countries graduating to MICs
- Time and resource constraints during design, implem support
- Skills, understanding and commitment of project implementation unit
- Weak M&E system
- Political pressure – all levels
- Time horizon of project

