Intergovernmental Working Group of Experts on International Standards of Accounting and Reporting (ISAR)

35th SESSION

24 - 26 October 2018 Room XVII, Palais des Nations, Geneva

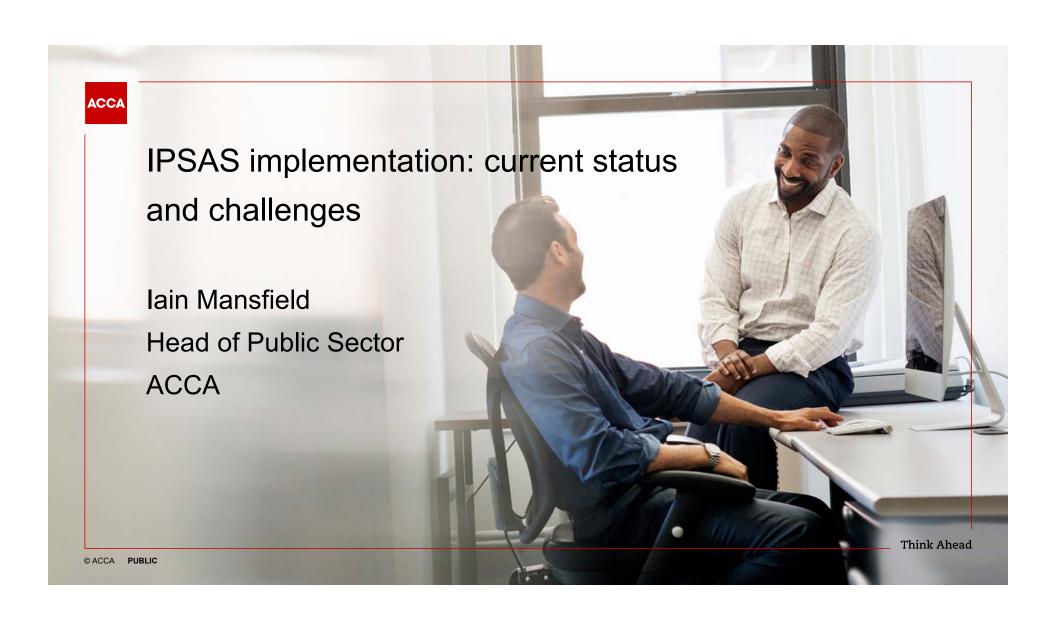
> Friday, 26 October 2018 Morning Session

Agenda item 4. Issues of practical implementation of international standards of accounting and reporting in the public and private sectors

Presented by

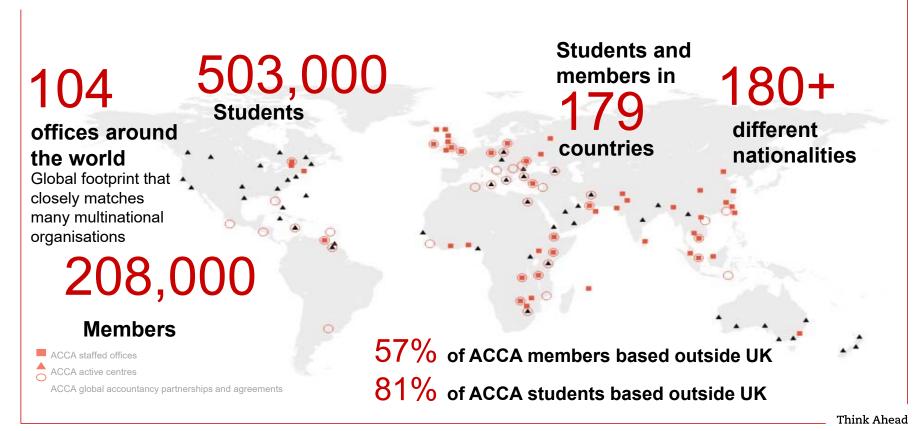
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ACCA

ACCA's Global Reach



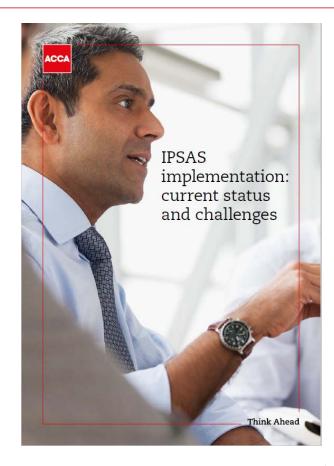
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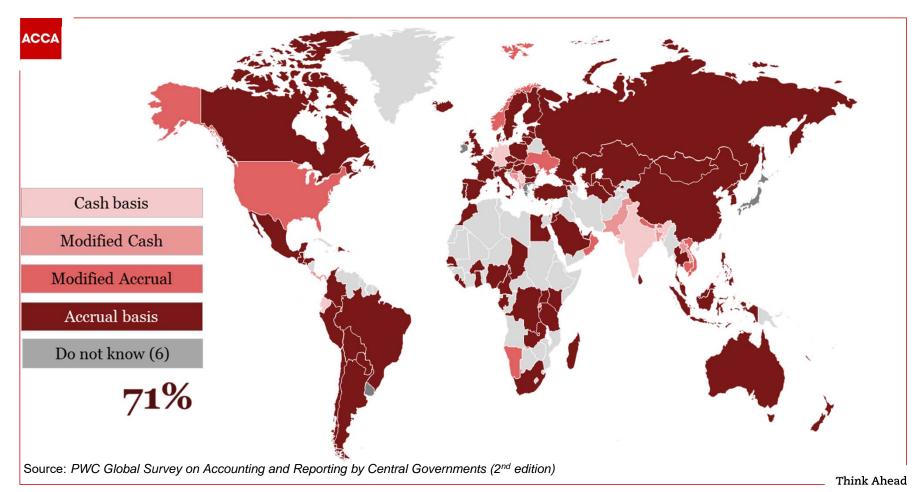


IPSAS Implementation Report

Overview of *International Public Sector Accounting Standards* (IPSAS) progress and challenges in 29 countries. The report covers:

- Benefits of IPSAS adoption;
- Roadmap to adoption;
- Country-specific descriptions and challenges grouped into 5 regions.







Benefits of IPSAS adoption

- Greater accountability and transparency
- Better decision making
- Improved efficiency
- Data consistency and application
- Sound financial management
- Professionalisation and access to talent
- Broader economic and social advantages
- Government stability
- International comparability



Think Ahead



A Roadmap to Adoption

- Stakeholder buy-in
 - Effective (and constant) communication
 - Requires political will and champions
- Effective project and change management
 - Phased vs big bang implementation
 - Cost of implementation (training, consultants, IT upgrades)

- Structural and legal transformation
 - New laws and governance practices

- Proper skills and staffing levels
 - Balance of internal and external resources



IPSASB's Strategy and Work Plan: Proposed Projects

Theme A: Public Sector Specific

Natural Resources

Discount Rates

Differential Reporting

Limited Review of the Conceptual Framework

Accounting for Tax Expenditures

Military Assets

Intangible Assets – Public Sector Specific

Sovereign Powers and their Impact on Financial Reporting

IPSAS 22, Disclosure about the General Government Sector

Asset Retirement Obligations

Theme B: IFRS Convergence

Update of IPSAS 18, Segment Reporting

IASB 'catch up'
(ad hoc, narrow scope projects)

IPSAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements

IPSAS 20, Related Party Transactions

IFRS 5, Non Current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations

IFRS 6, Exploration for and Evaluation of Mineral Resources

IFRS 14, Regulatory Deferral Accounts

IFRS 17, Insurance Contracts

IAS 34, Interim Financial Reporting

Theme C: Broader Reporting

Revising RPG 1, Long-Term Sustainability of an Entity's Finances

IASB Initiative – Better Communication in Financial Reporting

Defining Public Sector Key Financial Performance Indicators

Public Sector Guidance for Cost Accounting



Interaction with the Sustainable Development Goals

- More consistent reporting between countries helps support monitoring of progress to SDGs.
 - Allows greater comparability.
 - Provides reassurance and confidence donors.
- Use of IPSAS can interact positively with other reporting initiatives, e.g.
 - IR> Framework
 - GRI UNGC Business Reporting on the SDGs
 - SDG Compass





Implementation requires us to work together

- Private, public and not-for-profit sector can all help to make a success of IPSAS implementation:
 - International organisations are powerful convenors and communicators e.g. UNCTAD's ISAR programme or IFAC through the 'Accountability Now' initiative.
 - Professional accountancy bodies can help increase awareness of the need for transparent financial reports – and provide training on accountancy standards.
 - Donors can support the professionalisation of public sector financial management.
 - Audit firms can share their experience and capabilities to improve the public finance management training environment.
- Transparent financial reports that increase accountability, improve public sector financial management and better decision-making and ultimately superior value for money for taxpayers should be the ultimate goal.

