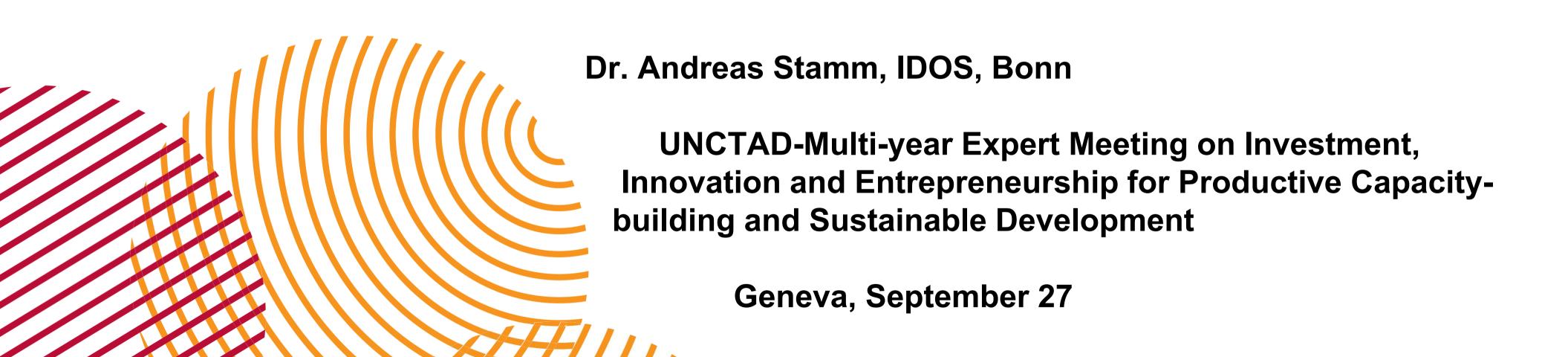
# **Green Windows of Opportunities – Opportunities for Developing Countries** - The cases of bio-based and hydrogen technologies -



German Institute of Development and Sustainability

**German Institute** 

### Main assumptions



Innovation-based *sustainable economic diversification* can respond to *shifts in consumption patterns* towards lowering the environmental footprint, mainly of the middle classes in the Global North, but increasingly also in Developing Countries (growing South-South value chains).

Green windows of opportunity often open up in *agribusiness value chains*; in manufacturing, green products provide mainly access points for some large emerging countries with established and well-performing innovation systems (e.g. China, Brazil).

Green manufacturing in developing countries may emerge in the form of *international division of labour* in "green industrial products", e.g. electrolysers for the green hydrogen economy.

Promising for developing countries are value chains, based on *natural resource monopoly*, e.g. genpools in mega-diverse countries (Brazil) or extremely high solar radiation for producing clean energy and hydrogen (Namibia, Morocco).

### What are bio-based products?



"Bio-based products are wholly or partly derived from materials of biological origin, excluding materials embedded in geological formations and/or fossilized." (European Biomass Industry Association)

The EU has declared the bio-based products sector to be a priority area with high potential for future growth, re-industrialisation, and addressing societal challenges. (European Commission)

Bio-based products offer important economic potentials, e.g. in the production of biogenic building materials, pharmaceuticals and high-quality speciality fabrics.

Example *medicine*: Global market of **1.1 trillion US\$**, about 35% of drugs have originated from natural products. (Calixto 2019)

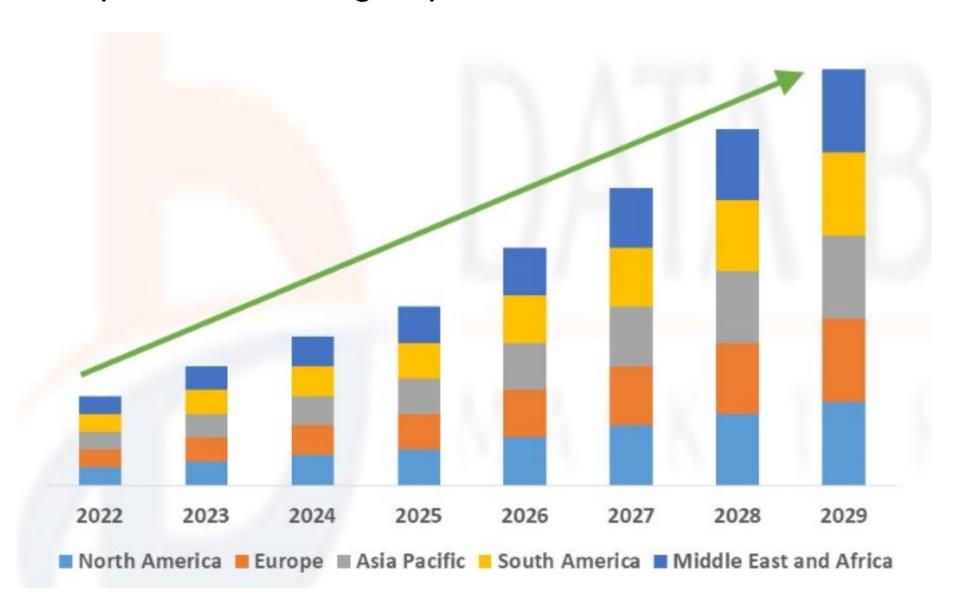
Example *cosmetics*: The global cosmetics market size was valued at **\$300 billion** in 2022 & is projected to grow from \$313.22 billion in 2023 to \$417.24 billion by 2030 (Fortune Business Insights 2022)

### **Example Aloe Vera**



The global aloe vera market size reached US\$ 770 Million in 2022. Looking forward, IMARC Group expects the market to reach US\$ 1,200 Million by 2028, exhibiting a growth rate (CAGR) of 7.5% during 2023-2028.

https://www.imarcgroup.com/



País	Toneladas			
	2014	2015	2016	2017*
México	100.000	120.000	150.000	160.500
Rep. Dominicana	48.000	50.010	51.100	52.500
Venezuela	45.000	46.000	48.000	51.000
EE.UU	4.500	6.000	8.000	9.735
Costa Rica	4.000	4.900	7.000	7.800
Argentina	1.000	1.100	1.300	1.500



Figura 2. Cultivo de Aloe Vera en Best Aloe, Costa Rica.

### Niches and sustainable economic diversification



# Can a niche product like organic Aloe Vera contribute to sustainable economic diversification?

Costa Rican exports of processed Aloe Vera in 2019 (last data available) were 335.000 US\$, clearly a *niche*, comparing it e.g. with coffee (in the same year 274 Million US\$).

However, the strength of the Costa Rican economy rests on very diversified exports to reduce vulnerability to external shocks. The effect on the relatively week regional economy in the country's North-West is important. Aloe Vera can sustainably be produced in semi-arid areas.

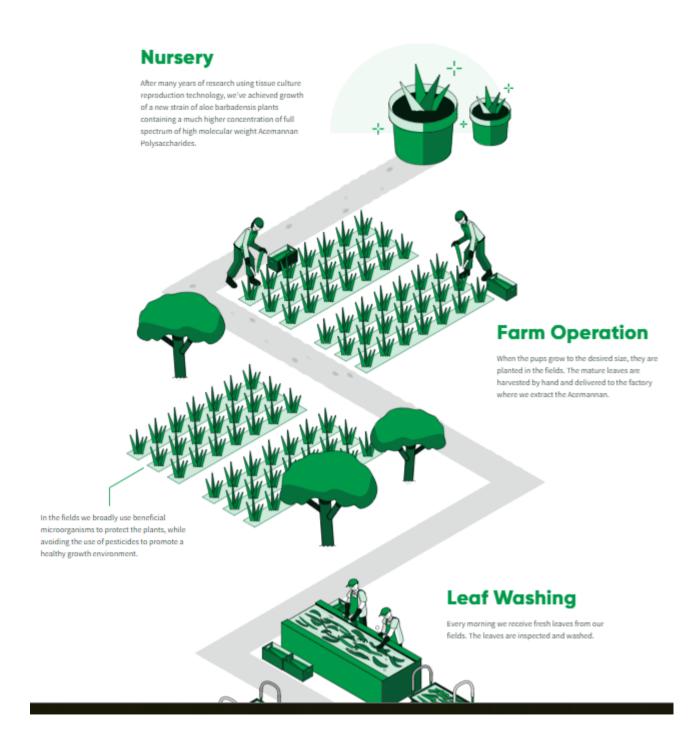
Integration of agricultural and industrial production (*next slide*) provides opportunities for technological learning and a *sustainable structural change*.

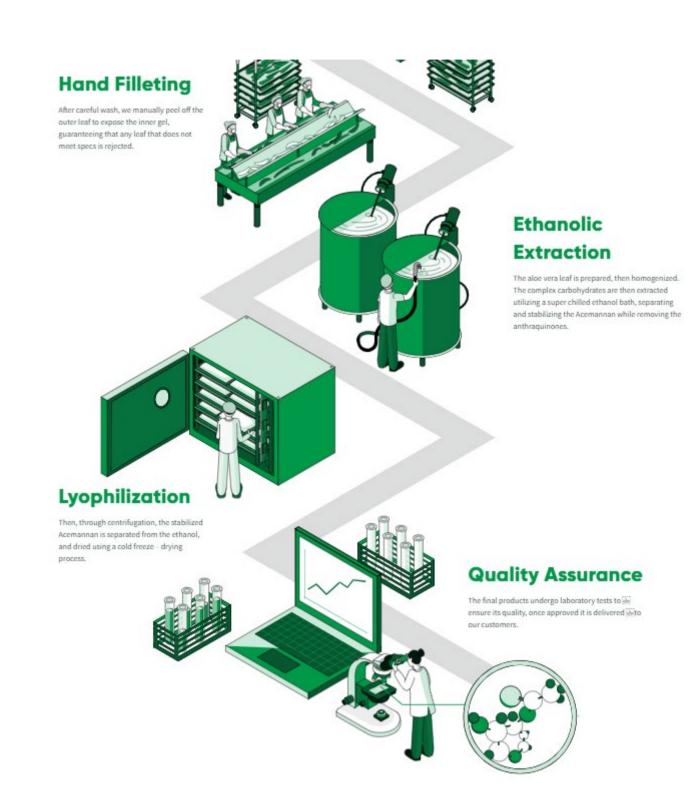
**However:** Also markets for sophisticated bio-based products may be very cost-sensitive, Costa Rica has started to import Aloe Vera leaves from Nicaragua, where salaries for farm workers are significantly lower.

### Vertically integrated company to extract the active ingredients



#### **NATURALOE** is vertically integrated from plantation to finished goods, all in one location.





https://www.naturalaloecostarica.com/





## Green hydrogen: a new "mega-window of oppportunity"



Since around 2020, "green hydrogen" is increasingly been seen as a powerful instrument against global warming. A **new global geography of energy** could emerge, as the hydrogen needed to decarbonize industry and transport in Europe, South Korea and Japan, will have to be largely imported from countries with huge potentials for renewable energy generation.

Germany expects more than 2 *Mio. tons* of green hydrogen to be imported per year already in the 2030s, the European Union speaks of 10 *Mio. tons*.

This may open new windows of opportunities for developing countries to export green hydrogen and derivatives (e.g.ammonia, methanol).

However: high levels of *technological and systemic uncertainties* prevail, most developing countries' green hydrogen strategies and roadmaps focus on *dual strategies*, developing (first) the domestic usage of hydrogen and (later on) exploring opportunities to export.

What may be expected is that manufacturing of core components of the hydrogen economy may be *outsourced* from the OEM (in countries like Norway) to countries which provide lower labour costs.

## What can national industrial policies do?



- Strengthening capacities in Technology Foresight and Technology Assessment to enable national businesses to predict future developments in their respective fields and inform policymaking
- Strengthening market intelligence to enable national businesses to identify green windows of opportunity at an early stage
- Promoting FDI and their linkages with local businesses
- Strengthening research related to green technologies, university-industry linkages and international R&D cooperation
- Strengthening national quality infrastructure and preparing national businesses for sustainability certification on international markets



Thanks for your attention!

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### Global cosmetics market 2022



