

United Nations Commission on Science and Technology for Development (CSTD) January 9, 2013 Lima, Peru

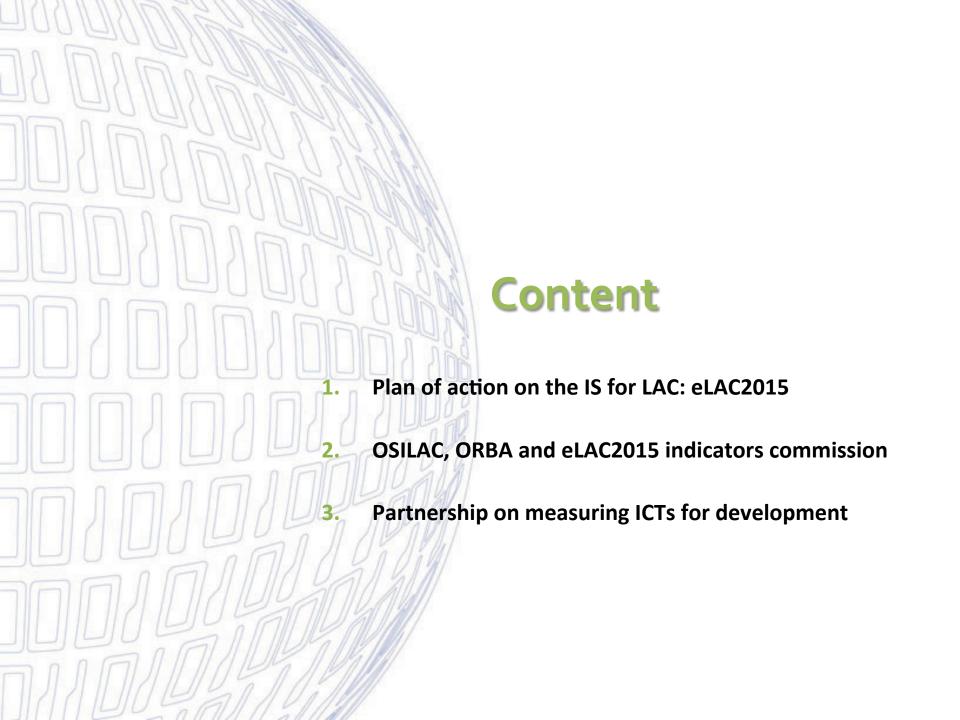
#### WSIS Follow-Up

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UN Economic Commission for Latin America and the Caribbean (UNECLAC)







# 1. Plan of action on the information society for Latin America and the Caribbean eLAC2015



#### The ECLAC @LIS2 project

#### Focus on 3 areas

### Broadband for growth and

- equality.
- ICTs for social inclusion.
- ICTs for productive development and territorial inclusion.

#### Means

#### Latin America -Europe partnership.

- Country-bycountry approach.
- South South cooperation.

#### **Purpose**

- Impact on public policies and strategies.
- Visibility of the project actions.

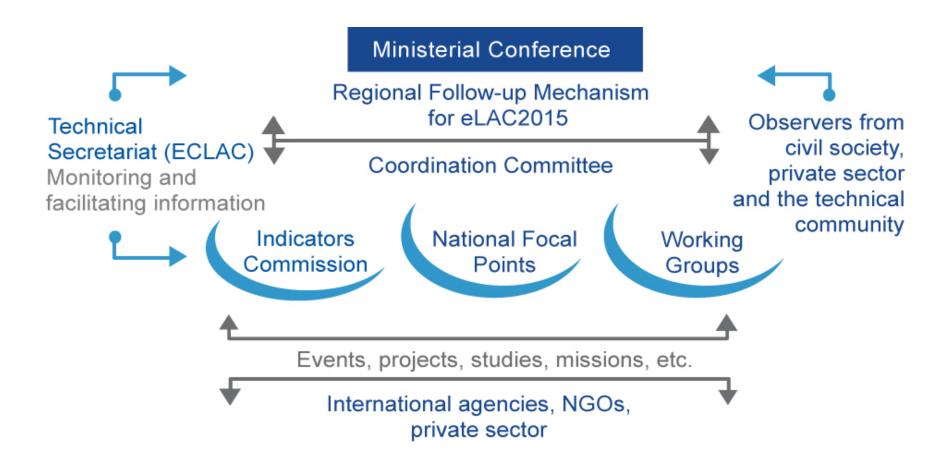




#### **eLAC2015**

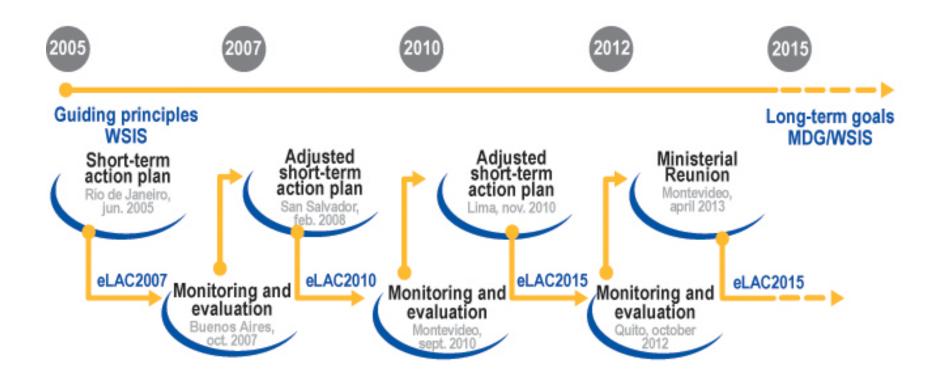
- eLAC is a plan of action for Latin America and the Caribbean, according to the Millennium Development Goals and the World Summit on the Information Society (WSIS).
- It has a long-term vision -towards 2015- which states that information and communication technologies (ICTs) are tools for economic development and social inclusion.
- ECLAC acts as the technical secretariat of this regional action plan, monitoring advances, publishing information bulletins and exchanging information among the stakeholders.

#### Follow-up mechanism





#### **Long-term strategy**



eLAC 2005-2007: 30 goals

eLAC 2008-2010: 83 goals

eLAC 2010-2015: 26 goals



#### **Achievements**

#### Significant impact on public policies and IS strategies

Support IS strategies at local, sub regional and regional levels.

eLAC process: consolidation and continuity



eLAC2015 agenda

Dialogues for inclusive and innovative DA



Implementing DA in less developed countries

Comprehensive and targeted technical assistance



ICTs incorporated in sectorbased modernization projects



#### **Achievements**

#### Regional and national high impact initiatives

Identify and disseminate best practices in IS and encourage the exchange of experiences and project implementation.

### Broadband for growth and equality

- Strengthening of the Regional Dialogue on Broadband /ORBA.
  - Regional connectivity strategy.

#### ICTs for structural change

- Incorporation of ICTs in value chains.
  - Digital agendas include actions to foster the use of ICTs by firms, particularly SMEs.



#### **Achievements**

#### Regional and national high impact initiatives

Identify and disseminate best practices in IS and encourage the exchange of experiences and project implementation.

#### ICTs for social inclusion

- e-Health: knowledge accumulation and new partnerships.
  - Project of Regional Strategy for eHealth.
- e-Education: review of best practices in ICT strategies and program.
  - Incorporating ICTs in teaching methods.
  - e-Government: best practices in open government.
  - Positioning the agenda of open government and open data in LAC.



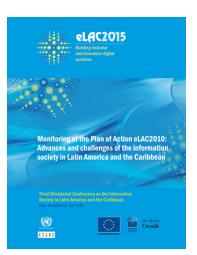
## Fourth Ministerial Conference on the Information Society

- Will take place from April 3rd to 5th, 2013, in Montevideo, Uruguay.
- One of the proposed priorities for the eLAC2015 Work Plan for 2013-2015 is the regional integration towards the WSIS+10 process.
- The political Declaration of Montevideo will contain recent developments, current and future challenges, emerging trends and new priorities for the information society in the region.



#### Monitoring eLAC





- Highlight the progress towards the goals identified in the Plan, trough quantitative and qualitative analysis.
- There are two previous monitoring of the Plan of Action (eLAC2007/eLAC2010). The third monitoring document will be presented at the next Ministerial Conference and will take into account some of the WSIS targets indicators.

#### 2. OSILAC, ORBA and eLAC2015 indicators commission



### Observatory for the Information Society in Latin America and the Caribbean (OSILAC)

- Created in 2003 to foster the creation of ICT statistics in the region.
- Combined work with national statistics offices and the Partnership on measuring ICT for development.
- Produces data, statistics and indicators as an input for analysis and research.
- Contributed to create the Working Group on ICTs of the ECLAC Statistical Conference of the Americas (SCA). Best practice by the UN Statistical Conference.
- Has an online ICT Statistical Information System.



#### Regional Broadband Observatory (ORBA)

- Created following the request of the Regional Broadband Dialogue comprises ten countries of the region: Argentina, Brazil, Bolivia, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Ecuador, Paraguay, Peru and Uruguay.
- It aims to be a source of relevant and timely information to assist countries to develop and monitor public policy of universal broadband.

#### **eLAC2015** indicators commission

- Helps defining indicators to measure the targets of eLAC2015.
- The commission allows national statistical offices and institutions dealing with ICT policies to start discussions to improve the measurement and follow-up of ICTs policy targets.
- Established 56 indicators for monitoring the goals of the eLAC2015 action plan.



#### 3. Partnership on measuring ICT for development



#### WSIS+10: WSIS beyond 2015

- WSIS outcome documents and the UN General Assembly Resolution 60/252 resolved to conduct an overall review of the implementation of the WSIS outcomes in 2015.
- Consequently, in 2011 the UN Chief Executives Board (CEB) tasked the United Nations Group on the Information Society (UNGIS) to prepare -under ITU leadership and on the basis of an open consultation- a plan of action for the WSIS overall review (WSIS+10).
- During the CEB Spring Session held at ITU headquarters in April 2012, the WSIS+10 plan was approved.



#### **Partnership**

#### Working together with:



























- The Partnership on measuring ICT for development was launched at the eleventh United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD XI) in Sao Paulo in June 2004.
- Steering Committee: ITU, UNCTAD and ECLAC.



#### WSIS +10 review: data needs

- Promotion and dissemination of WSIS targets statistical framework, document and related indicators.
- 2012-2013: Metadata survey to take stock of the countries data availability.
- 2013-2014: Country data collection on WSIS targets and preparation of assessment report.
- The final report on the achievements of WSIS targets will be presented in 2014 at the ITU High-Level Meeting.



# Metadata survey on WSIS target indicators

- Regional Economic Commissions (ECA, ECLAC, ESCAP and ESCWA) are currently carrying-out a metadata survey on the availability of the WSIS target indicators.
- Assess the existence at national level of indicators for WSIS targets allowing to identify data gaps.
- Prepare for the data collection on all WSIS indicators to be made in 2013.
- The questionnaire is to be filled in consultation with relevant national ministries and organizations.
- This will be an input for the assessment report for 2014 that will review the WSIS outcome.



#### **Conclusions**



#### **Conclusions**

- The region has made significant progress in ICT statistical production in recent years.
- There are deficits in conceptual and methodological references for statistical production for e-waste, as well as analytical frameworks on ICT and environment.
- The region should actively join the WSIS+10 process with two objectives: to make an assessment of their progress around WSIS targets and to provide a regional approach to the prospects and future challenges in the field of information society.

