



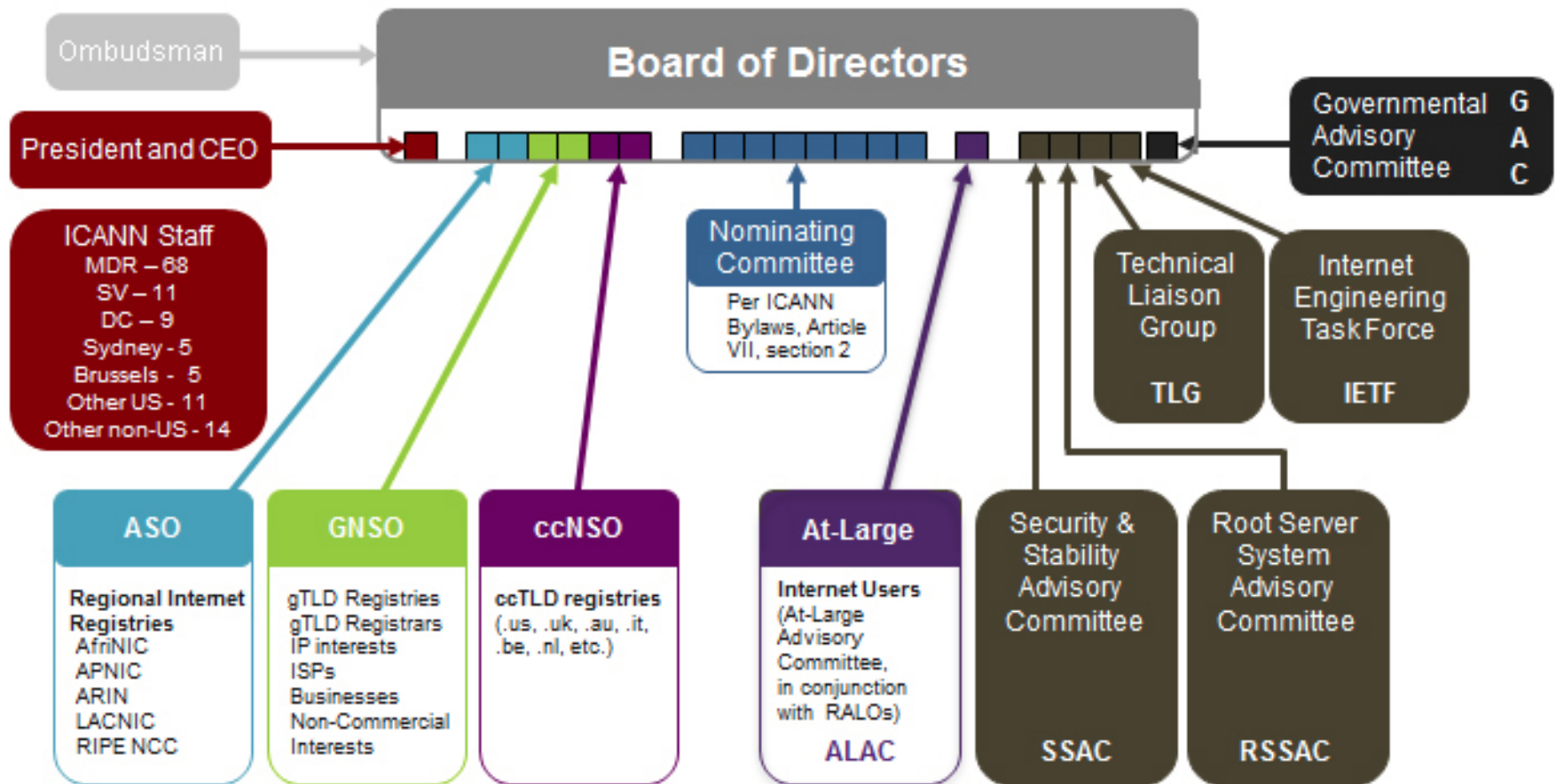
Lima, January 2013

About Internet Governance

Remember WSIS (2003 & 2005)

- Internet Governance Principles: Multilateral, transparent, democratic and **Multistakeholder**
- Applicable to the broad concept of Internet Governance (not only Internet Critical Resources)
- ICANN MSH model prior to WSIS (1998)

ICANN Multi-Stakeholder Model





ONE WORLD. ONE INTERNET.

11/30/12

To reach another person or a website on the Internet you have to type an address into your device – a name or a number. That address has to be unique so computers know where to find each other. ICANN maintains and administers these unique identifiers across the world, known as the Domain Name System or DNS. Without the DNS we wouldn't have a global Internet where we can find each other.

WHAT DOES ICANN DO?

ICANN is responsible for the coordination of the global Internet's systems of unique identifiers (DNS) and ensures the systems' stable and secure operation. It also develops policies and standards appropriate to its mission through a consensus-driven, multi-stakeholder model with a broad representation of the global Internet community.

Competition & Choice

New gTLDs are one way ICANN paves the way for increased consumer choice by facilitating competition among registry service providers.

WHICH FUNCTIONS DOES ICANN COORDINATE?

- Domain Name System (DNS)
- Internet Protocol (IP) address allocation
- Protocol-Parameter Registry
- Root Server Systems
- Generic Top-Level Domain name (gTLD) system management
- Country Code Top-Level Domain name (ccTLD) DNS
- Time zone database management

Multi-stakeholder Model:

Civil Society & Internet Users, the Private Sector, Governments, National & International Organizations, Research, Academic and Technical Communities are all represented.



Security & Stability

ICANN promotes DNS security and provides best-practice education for operators and providers to mitigate and deter abuse of the DNS.

Interoperability

ICANN's work enables emerging technologies to flourish while maintaining interoperability among the independent networks that constitute the global Internet.

HOW DO I PARTICIPATE?

- Participate in one of the many Public Comment Forums on ICANN's website
- Join one of ICANN's supporting organisations or advisory committees
- Attend one of ICANN's Public Meetings throughout the year and provide input at a Public Forum session.

WHO'S INVOLVED?

A number of groups, each of which represents a different interest on the Internet and all of which contribute to decisions that ICANN makes.



Supporting Organizations <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Addressing • Country Code Names • Generic Names 	Advisory Committees <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • All-Large • Governmental • Root Server System • Security & Stability 	Liaison Group <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Technical 	Task Force <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Internet Engineering 	Board of Directors
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WSIS

- **Acknowledge Progress. Domestically and Globally.**
 - 10 years after: Solid Organizations
 - Successful MSH models nationally
- **To maintain the *multistakeholder* nature on IG discussions.**
- **ICANN's new season of Global Engagement. A continuous work and evolution.**
- **A more global organization.**

Thank you

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