















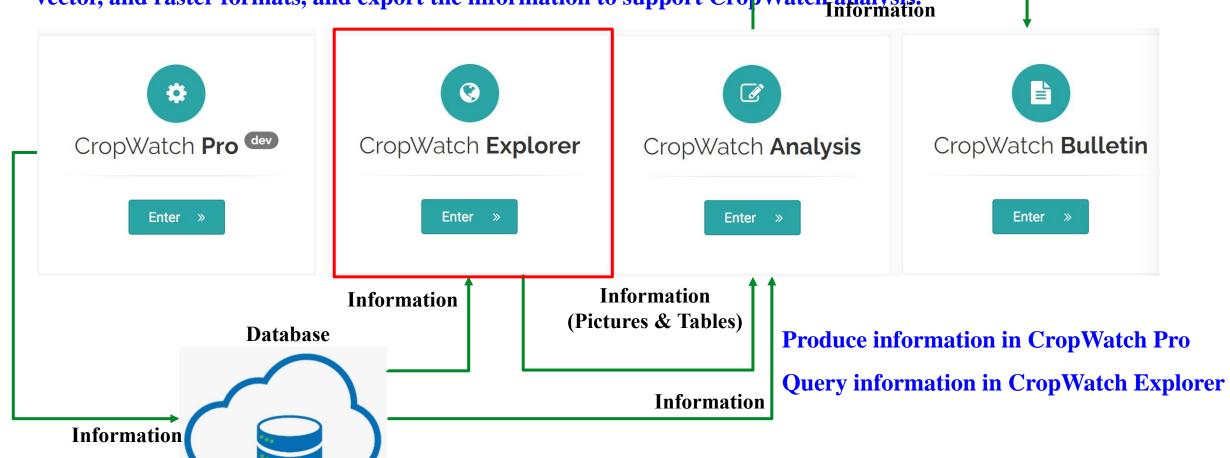


Outline

- What's the CropWatch Explorer
- Special products within CropWatch Explorer
- Information at MPZ level
- Information at MRU level
- Information at Countries level
- Customize information for special Country
- Conclusion and Outlook

CropWatch Explorer

- CropWatch Explorer is an agricultural information display and query system based on Web-GIS technology.
- Users can use CropWatch Explorer to read the information generated by CropWatch Pro, display it in tabular, vector, and raster formats, and export the information to support CropWatch analysis.



CropExplorer's mission

Provide data-based service for agricultural analysis of CropWatch Bulletins

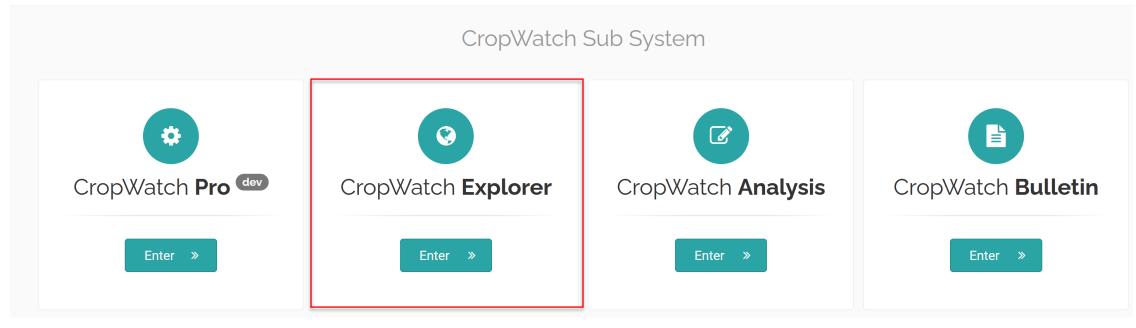
Provide customized agricultural information (information + knowledge) for users' decision making

Change from information provider to food security solution provider

CropWatch Explorer

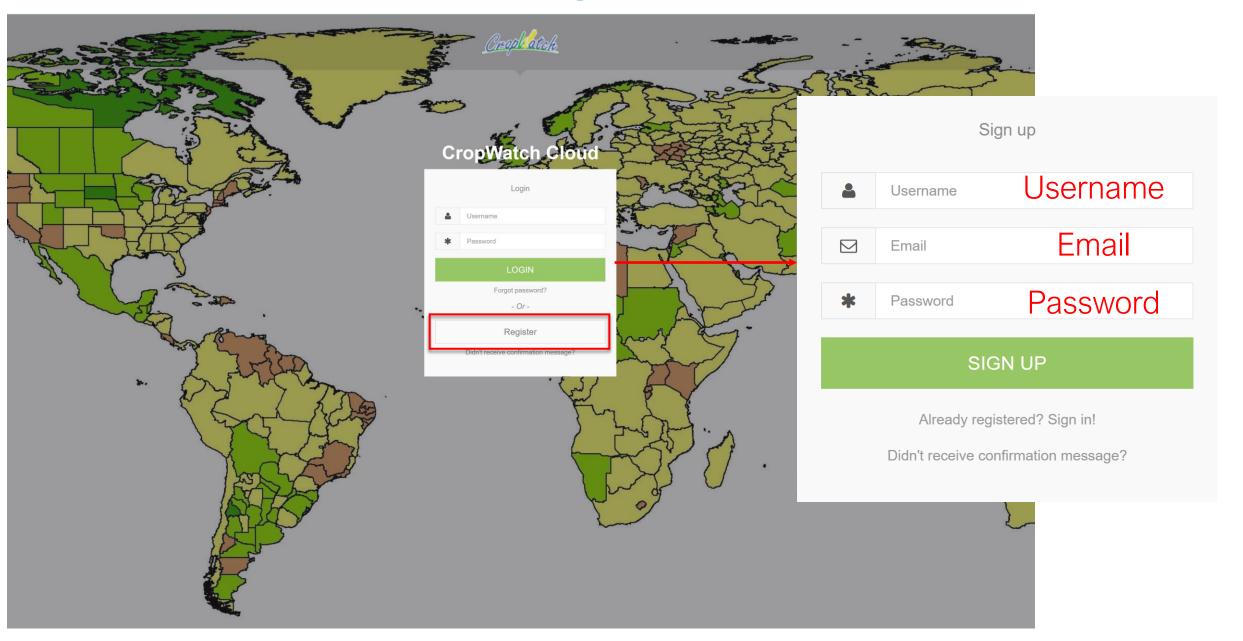
Visiting address[Training Course]

http://cloud.cropwatch.com.cn/

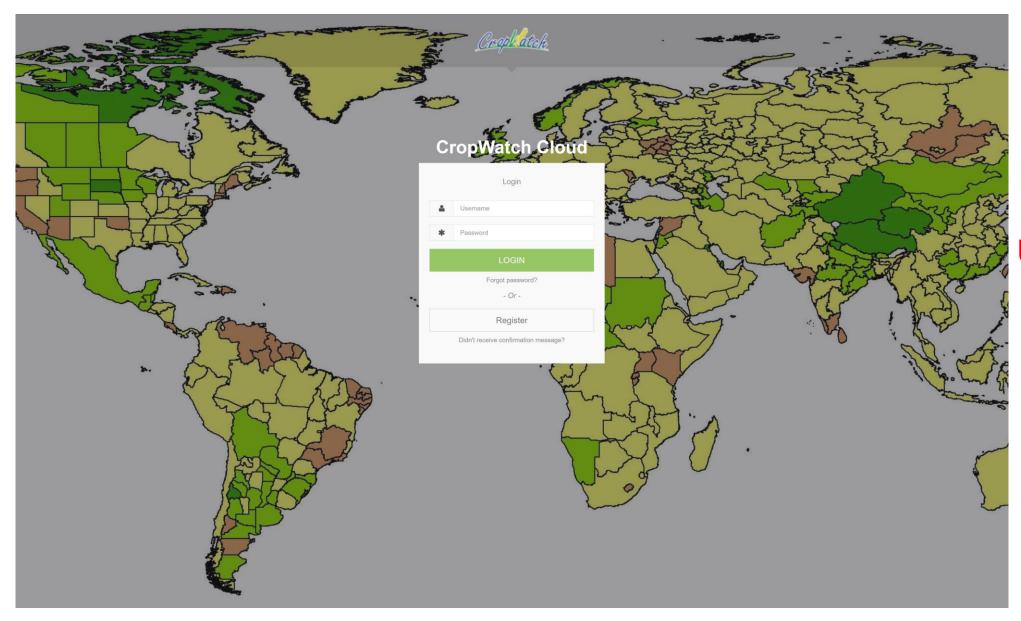




CropWatch Explorer-Register



CropWatch Explorer-Log in



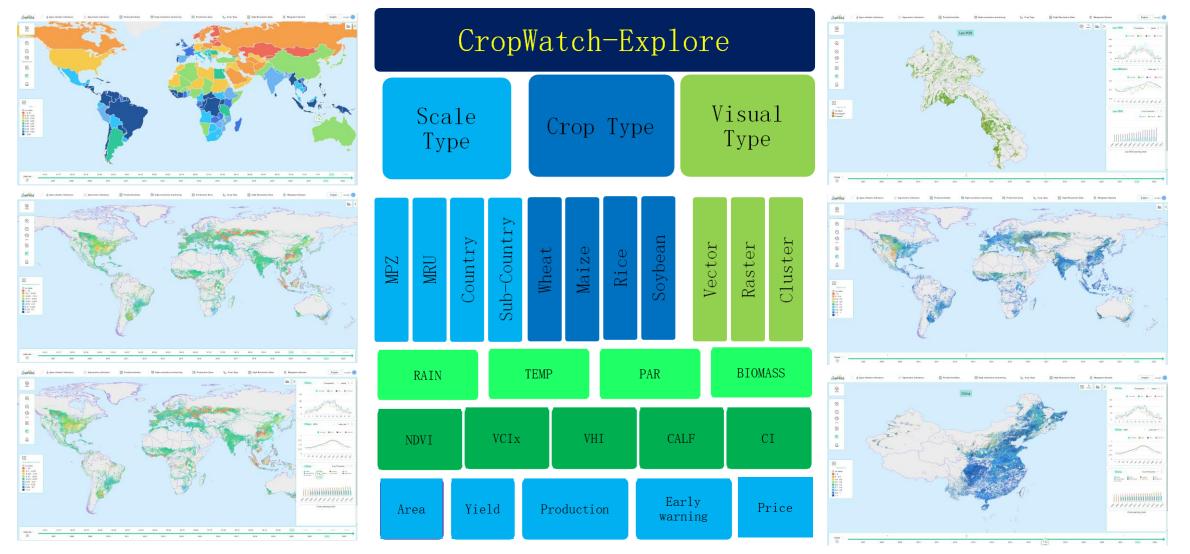
Username Password **CropWatch Explorer-Main Interface Indices** language 🛦 Agro-climatic Indicators 😕 Agronomic Indicators 🚃 Production Index 🔼 High-resolution monitoring 😱 Early Warning Indicators 📒 High-Resolution Products 🗽 Crop Type 👭 Production Zone 📚 Mangment System Raster & -26.1523,62.3146 Time axis

Information types of CropWatch-Explorer

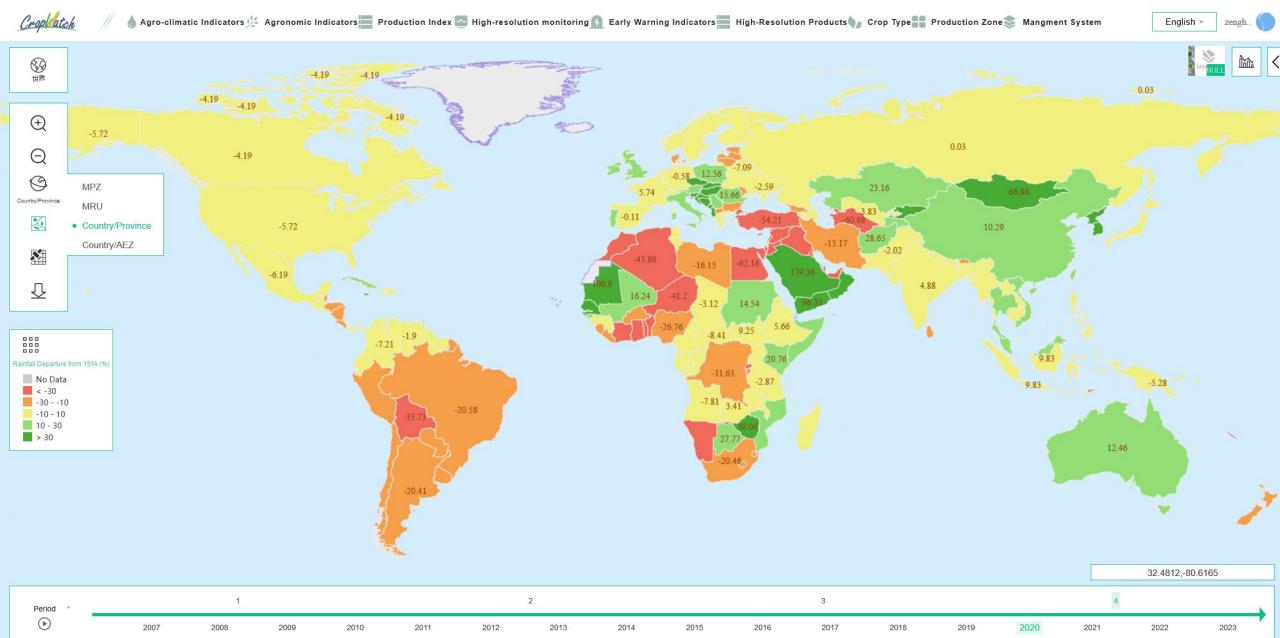
Information categories: agri-climatic, agronomic, production

Type of information visualization: vector, raster, cluster

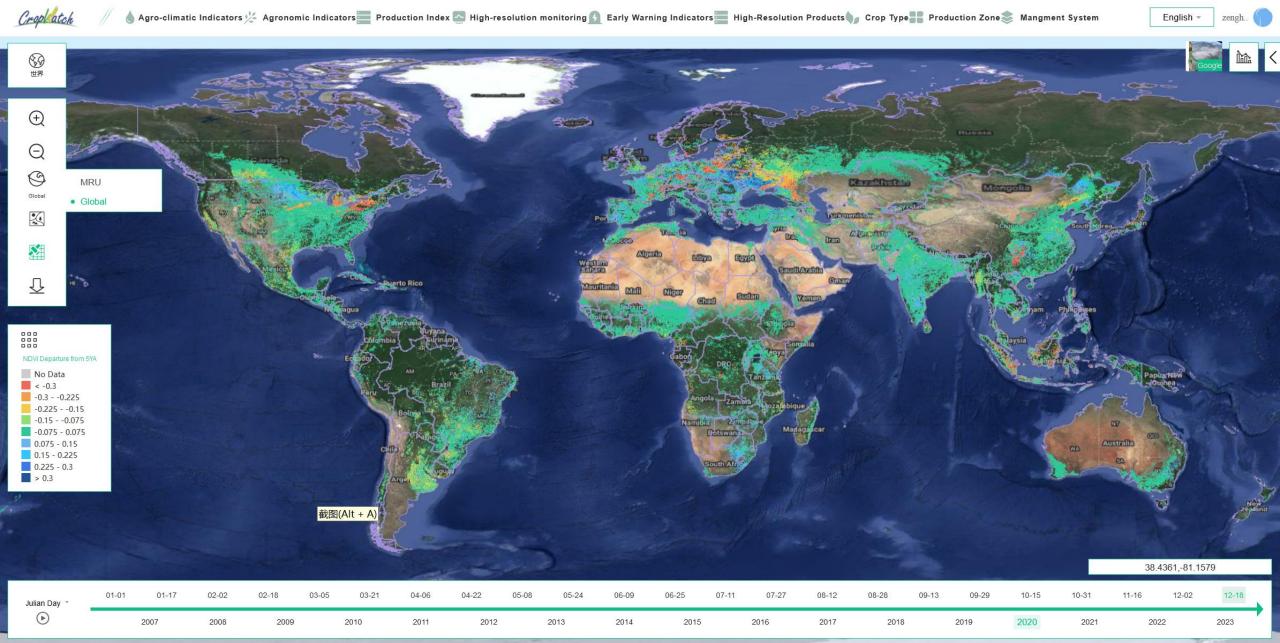
4 spatial scale: major production zones, map reporting unit, countries, sub-countries



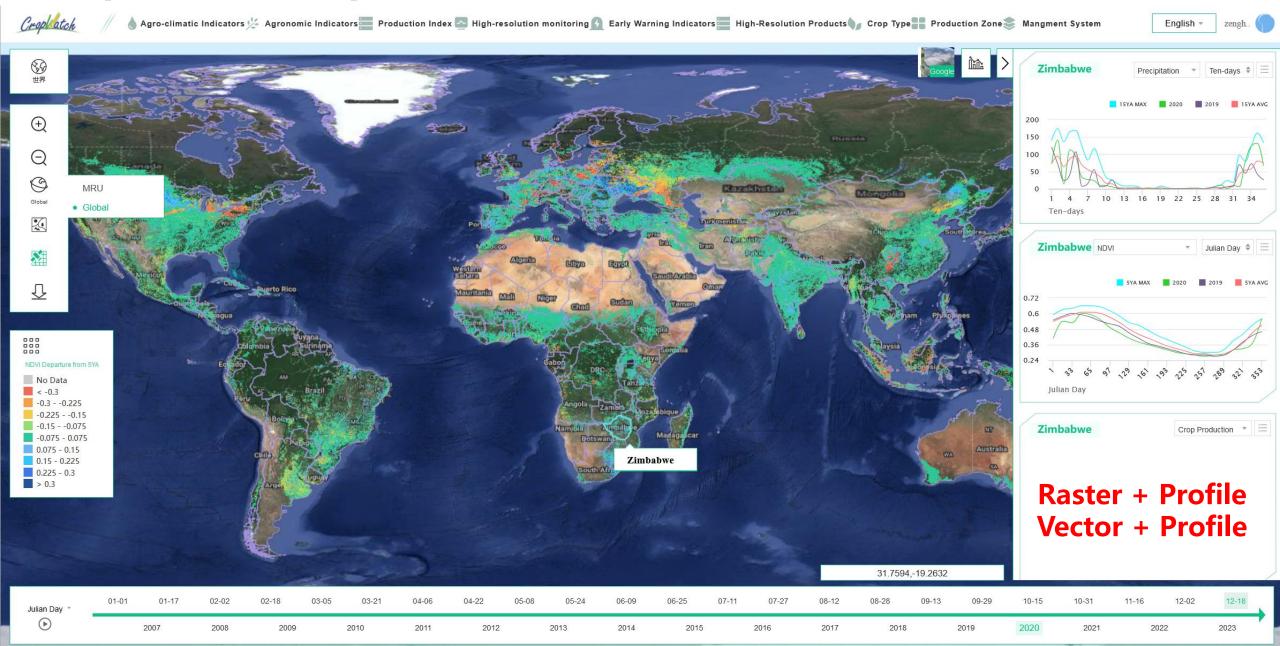
CropWatch Explorer-Vector(Polygon)



CropWatch Explorer-Raster(Pixel)



CropWatch Explorer-Cluster

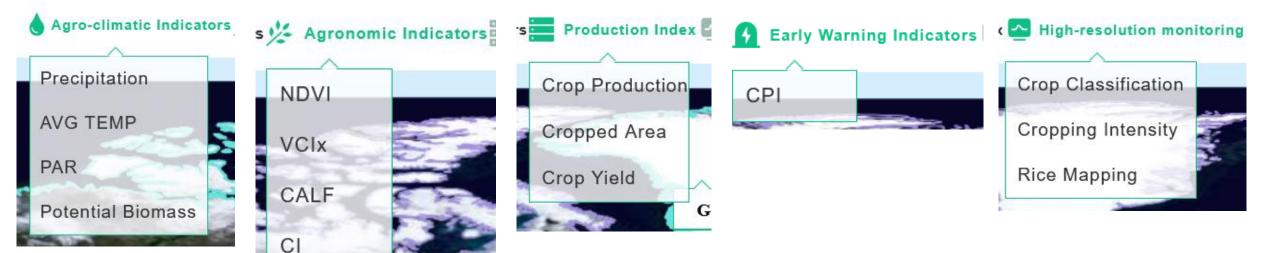


Summary of Indicators

LAI

FPAR

- Agri-climatic Indicators: RAIN, TEMP, PAR, BIOMASS
- Agronomic Indicators: NDVI, VCIx, CALF, CI, LAI, FPAR
- Production Index: Crop production, cropped area, crop yield
- Early Warning Indicators: CPI
- High-resolution monitoring: crop classification, cropping intensity, rice mapping



Agri-climatic indicators

RAIN: accumulated rain within reporting period, departure of the rain is percent departure of the value for the reporting period compared to the recent 15 years average.

- Departure > 10%, meaning wet condition
- Departure < 10%, meaning dry condition
- Departure is between -10% and 10%, meaning close to normal

TEMP: average temperature (°C) within reporting period, departure of temp is the difference between TEMP value over the reporting period compared with the average of the recent 15 years average.

- Departure > 0.5°C, meaning heat stress
- Departure < 0.5°C, meaning cold stress
- Departure is between -0.5°C and 0.5°C, meaning abnormal

RADPAR: accumulated PAR within reporting period (W/m²,) departure of PAR is the percent departure of the RADPAR value for the reporting period compared to the recent 15 years average. [ENERGY stress]

$$PAR_{Dep} = \frac{PAR_{cur_season} - PAR_{15years_avg}}{PAR_{15years_avg}} \times 100\%$$

 $Rain_{Dep} = \frac{Rain_{cur_season} - Rain_{15years_avg}}{Rain_{15years_avg}} \times 100\%$

 $TEMP_{Dep} = TEMP_{cur_season} - TEMP_{15years_avg}$

Biomass: accumulated Biomass (dry gram, g/m²), is shown as the percent departure of the Biomass value for the reporting period compared to the recent 15 years average.

$$BIO_{Dep} = \frac{BIO_{cur_season} - BIO_{15years_avg}}{BIO_{15years_avg}} \times 100\%$$

Agronomic indicators

- Normalized Difference Vegetation Index (NDVI): An estimate of the density of living green biomass, it is widely used as indicator for crop condition.
- Maximum Vegetation Condition Index (VCIx): Vegetation condition of the current season compared with historical data. Values usually are [0, 1], where 0.5 is "NDVI as bad as the average" and 1 is "NDVI as good as the best recent year."
- Cropped Arable Land Fraction (CALF): The area of cropped arable land as fraction of total (cropped and uncropped) arable land. Whether a pixel is cropped or not is decided based on NDVI.
- Cropping Intensity (CI): CI describes the extent to which arable land is used over a year. It is the ratio of the total crop area of all planting seasons in a year to the total area of arable land.
- Leaf area index (LAI): LAI is a dimensionless quantity that characterizes plant canopies. It is defined
 as the one-sided green leaf area per unit ground surface area (LAI = leaf area / ground area, m2 / m2) in
 broadleaf canopies.
- The fraction of absorbed photosynthetically active radiation (FAPAR): FAPAR is the fraction of the incoming solar radiation in the photosynthetically active radiation spectral region that is absorbed by a photosynthetic organism, typically describing the light absorption across an integrated plant canopy.

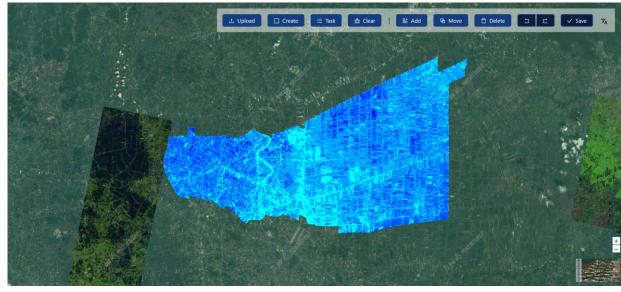
Production Index & Early Warning indicator

- **Cropped area:** It is a surface of land on which a crop is grown
- **Crop yield:** Crop yield is a standard measurement of the amount of agricultural production harvested—yield of a crop—per unit of land area.
- **Crop production:** the result of cropped area multiply crop yield.
- **CPI:** The average crop production situation for the same period in the past five years was used as a benchmark to make an overall estimate of the current season's agricultural production situation. A value of 1.0 represents the basic normal crop production situation in the current period for the spatial unit, and the higher the value, the better the crop production situation in the current period. Conversely, the lower the value, the worse the crop production situation for the spatial unit in the current period.

Indicators of High-resolution monitoring

- Crop classification
- Cropping intensity
- Rice mapping





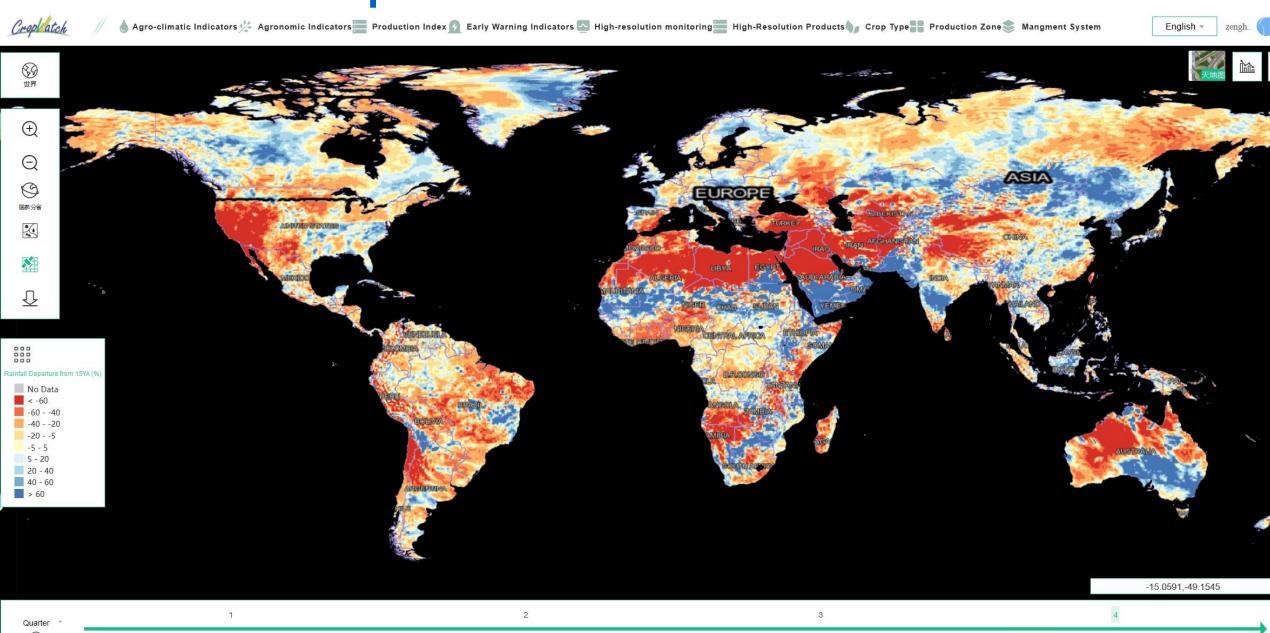


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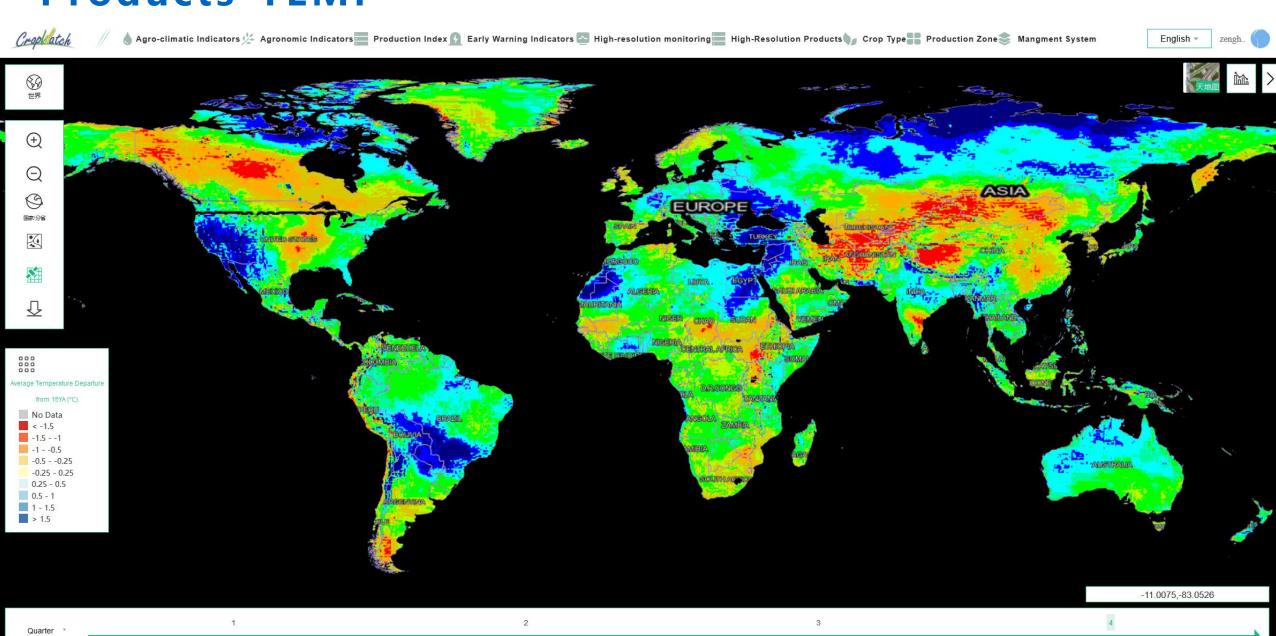
Products-Precipitation

2007

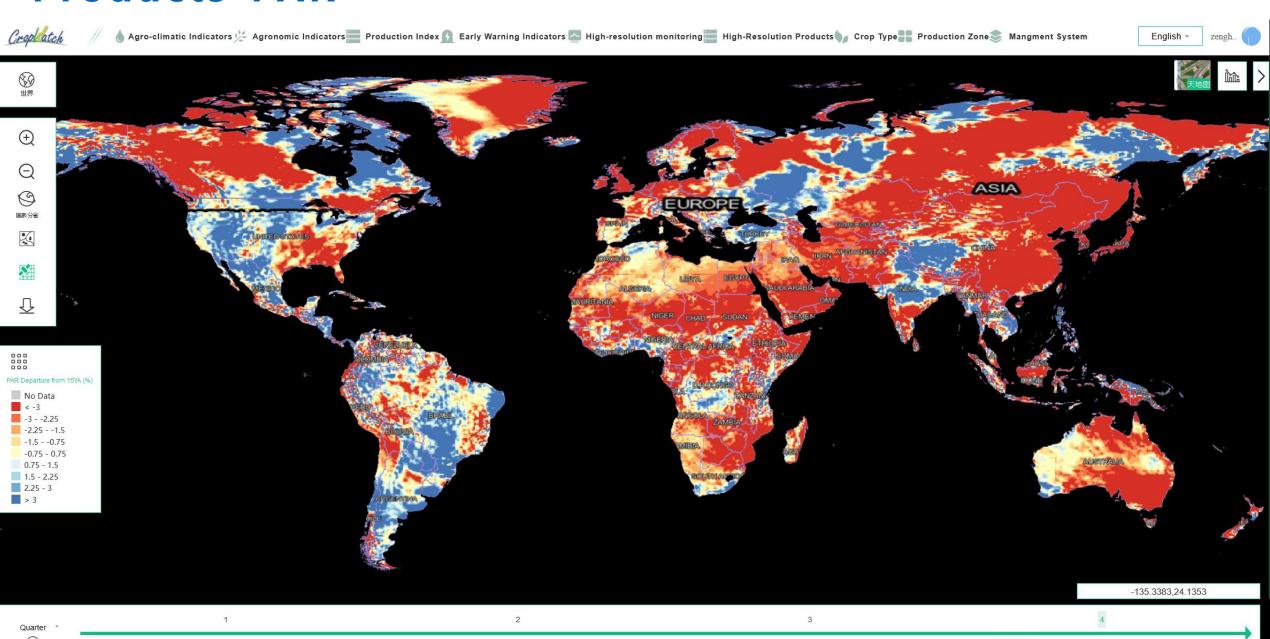


Products-TEMP

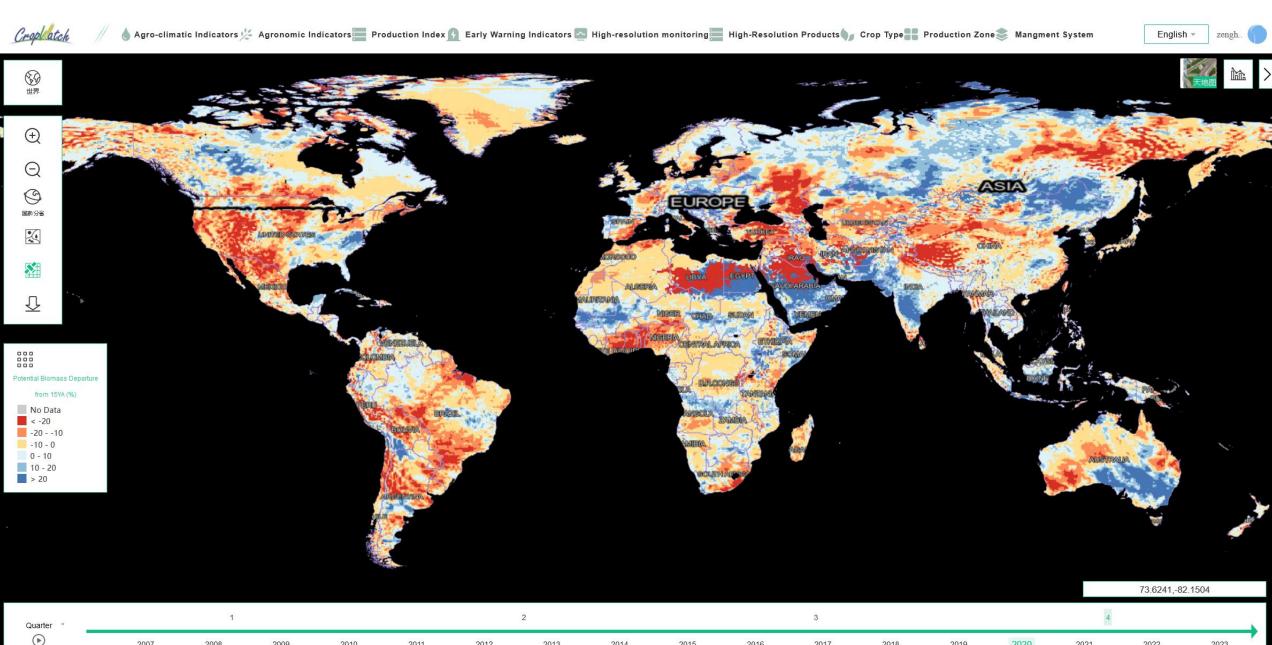
2007



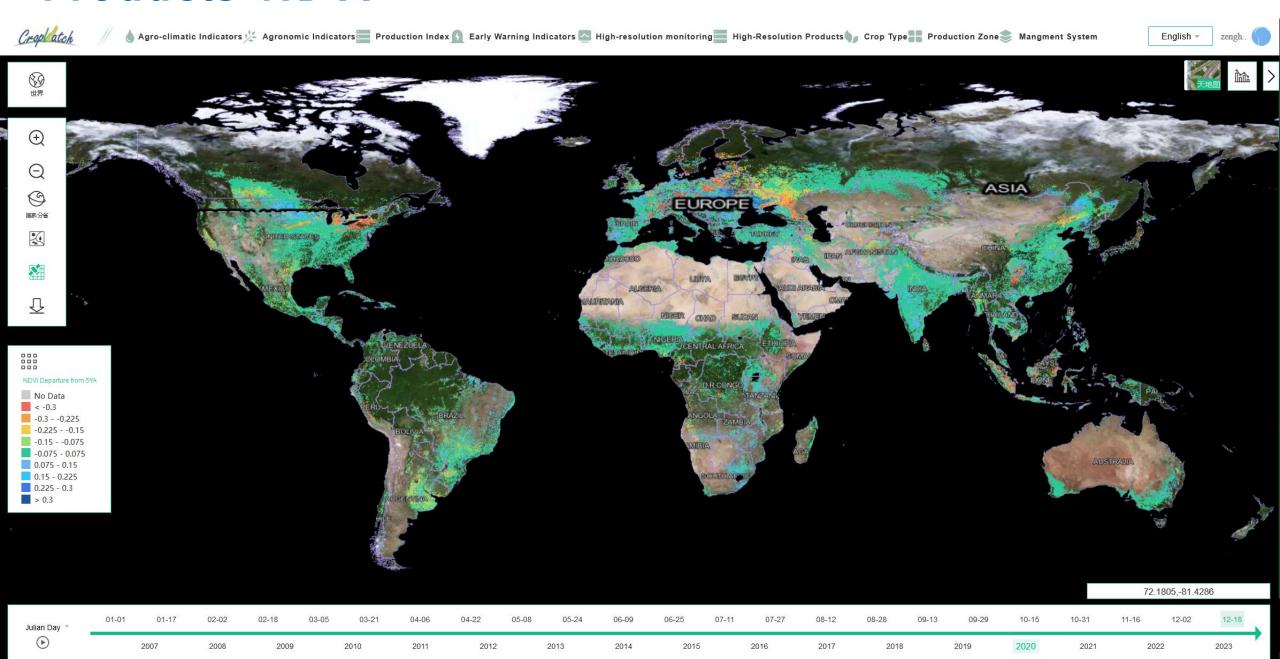
Products-PAR



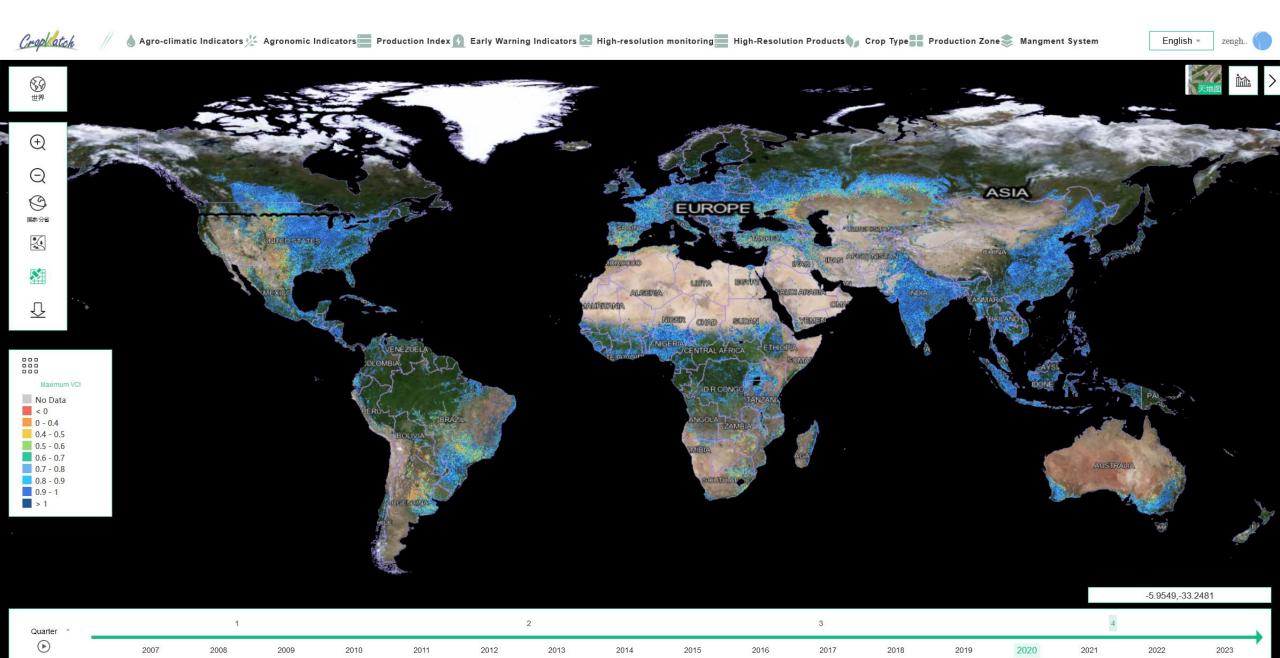
Products-Potential Biomass



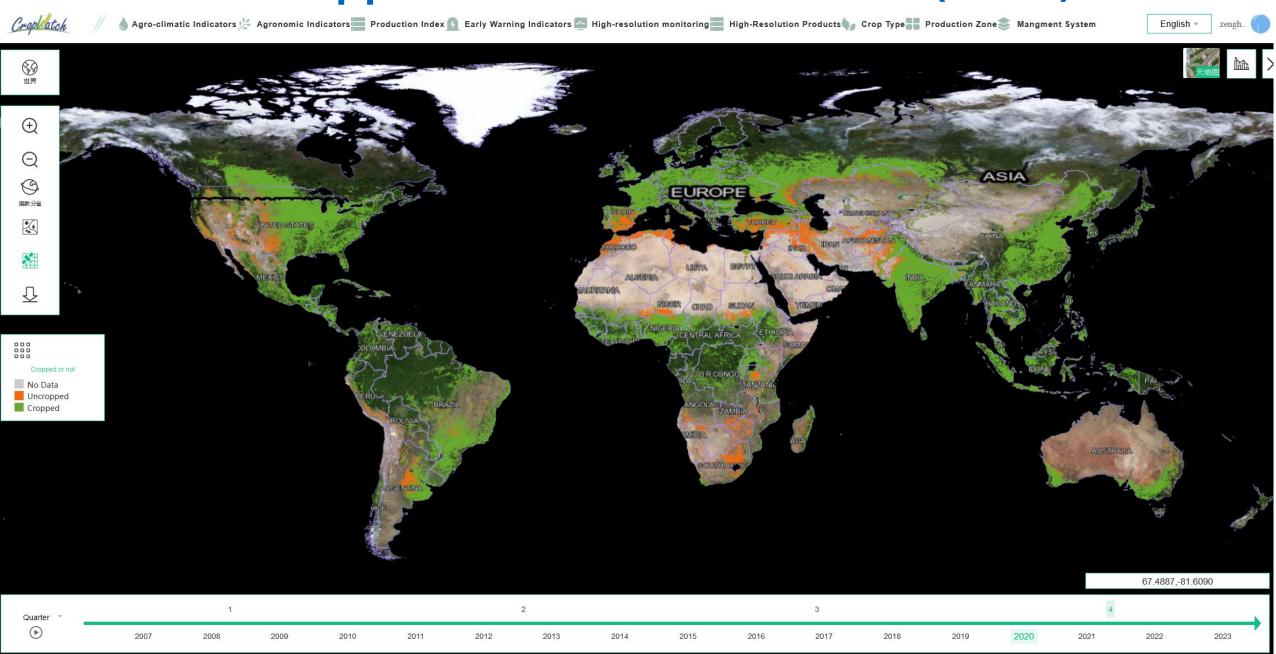
Products-NDVI



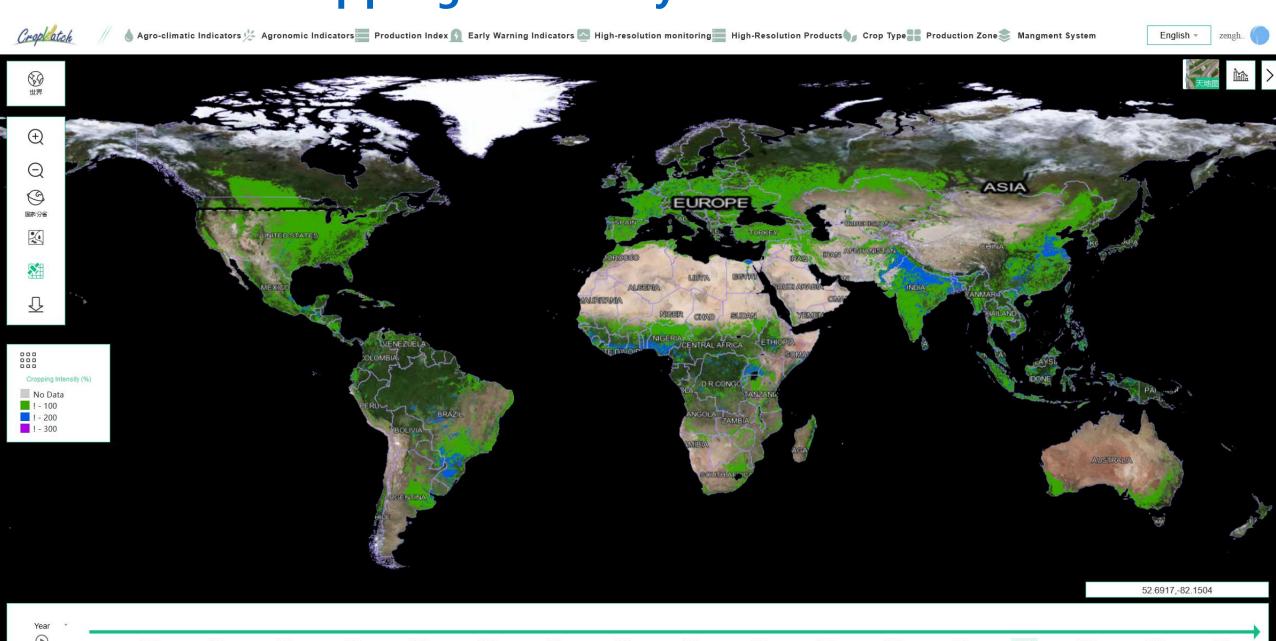
Products-VCIx



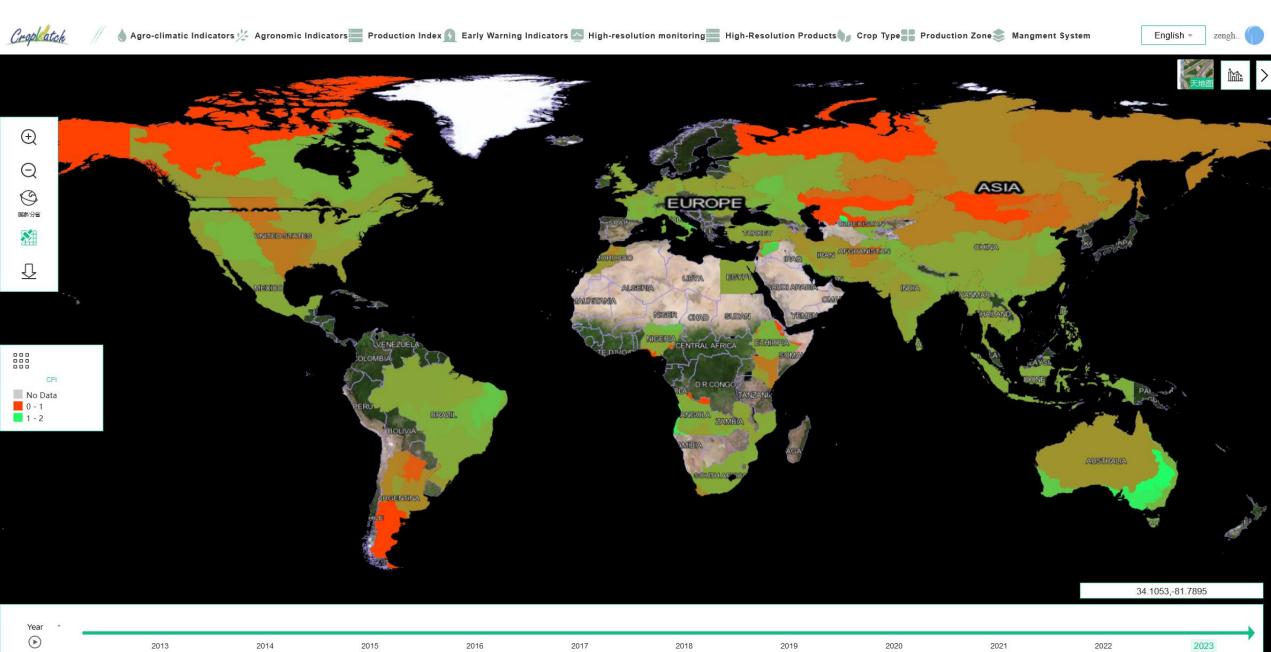
Products-Cropped Arable Land Fraction(CALF)



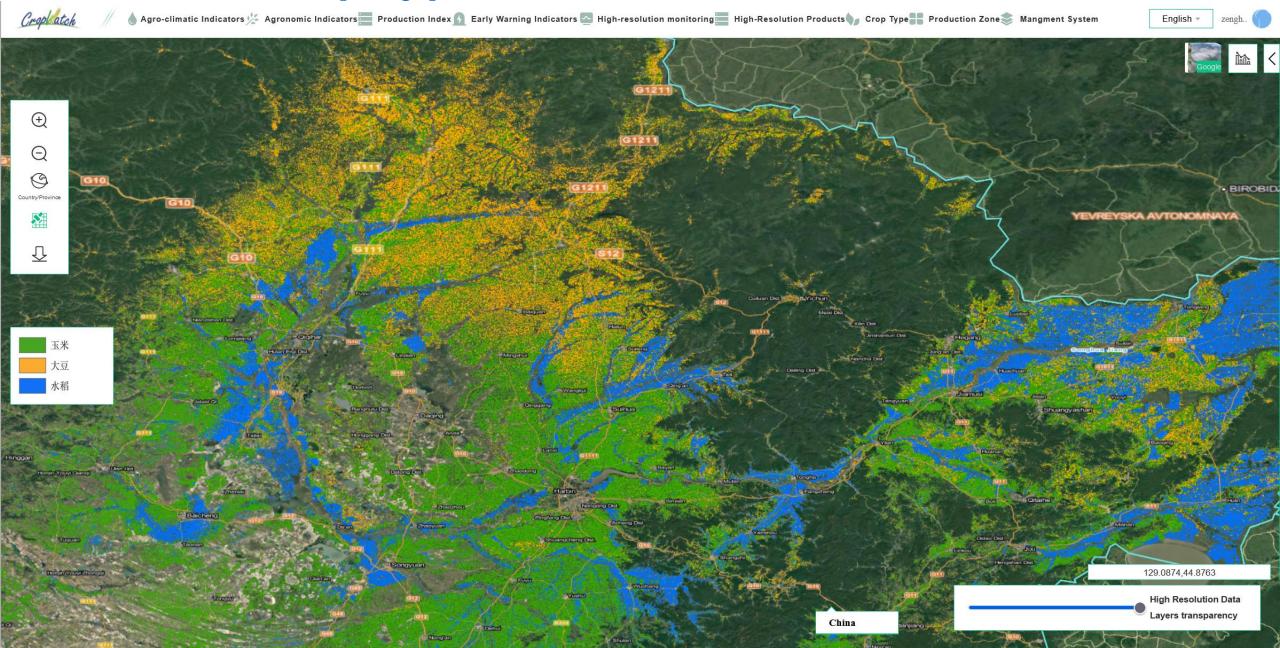
Products-Cropping Intensity



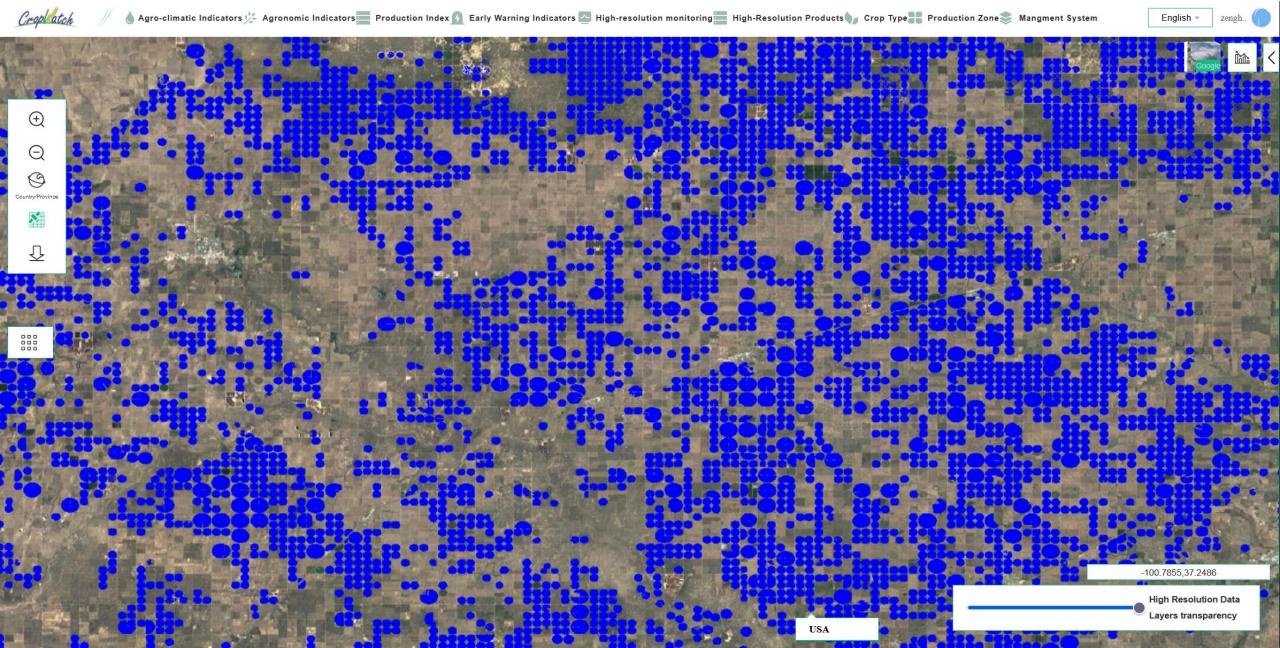
Products-CPI



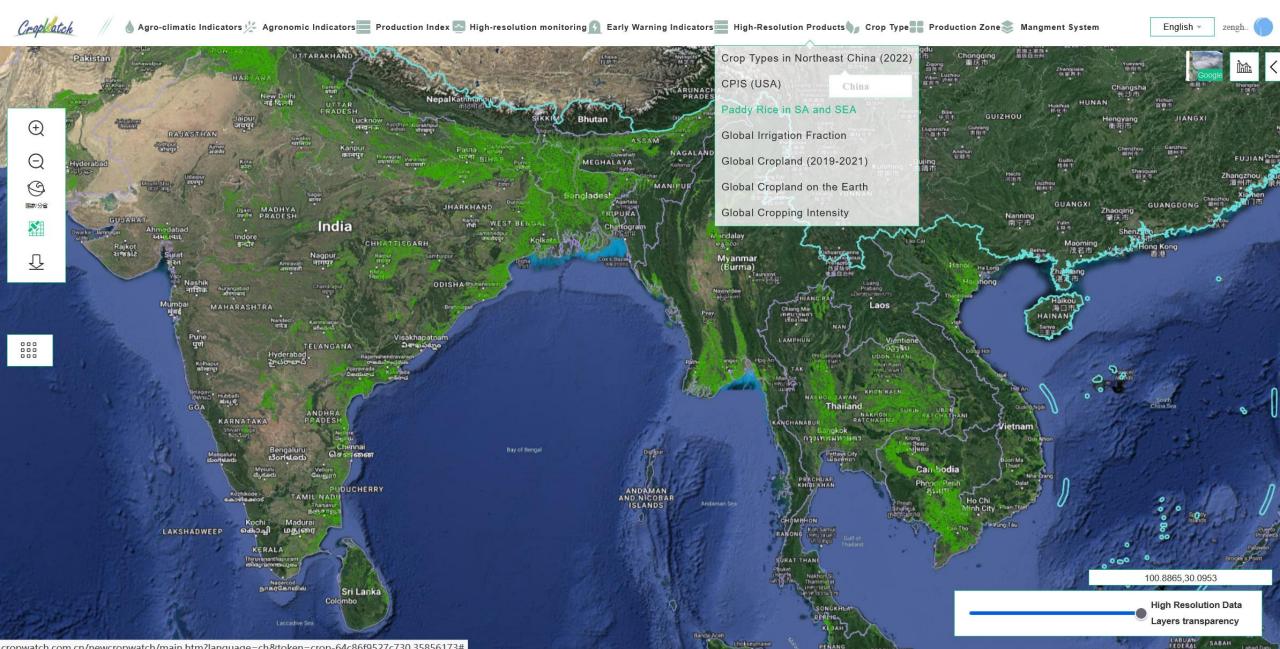
Products-Crop types in the Northeast China(2022)



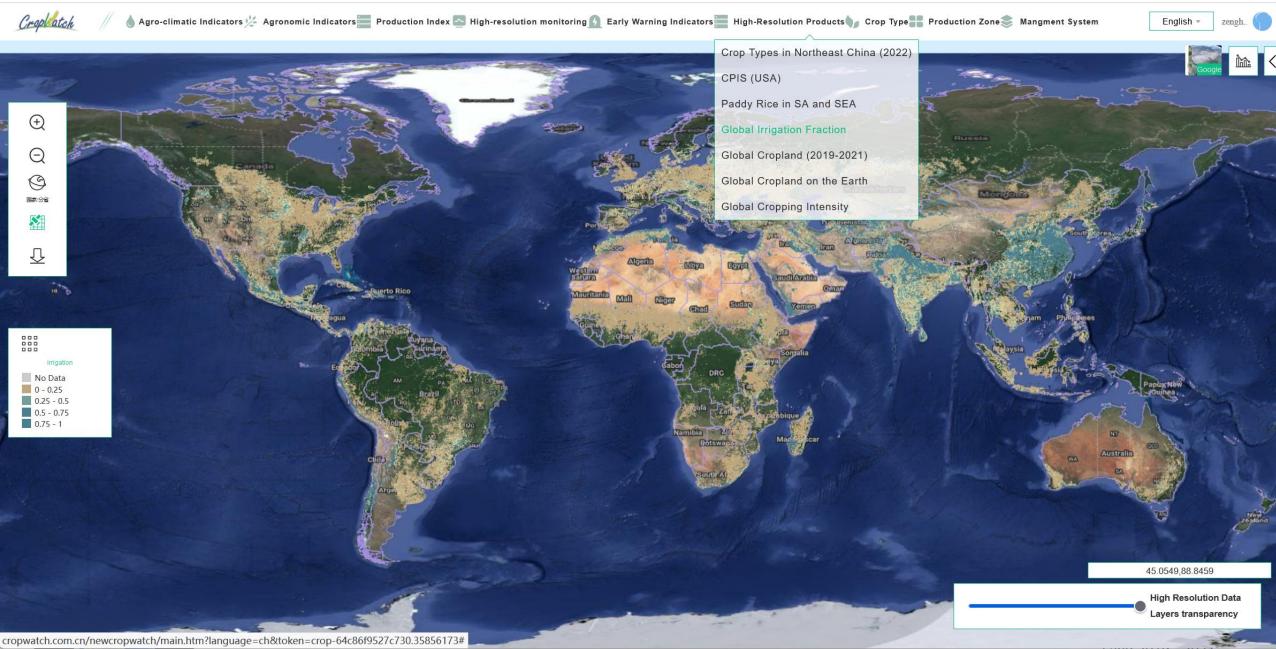
Products-Center Pivot Irrigation System(CPIS)



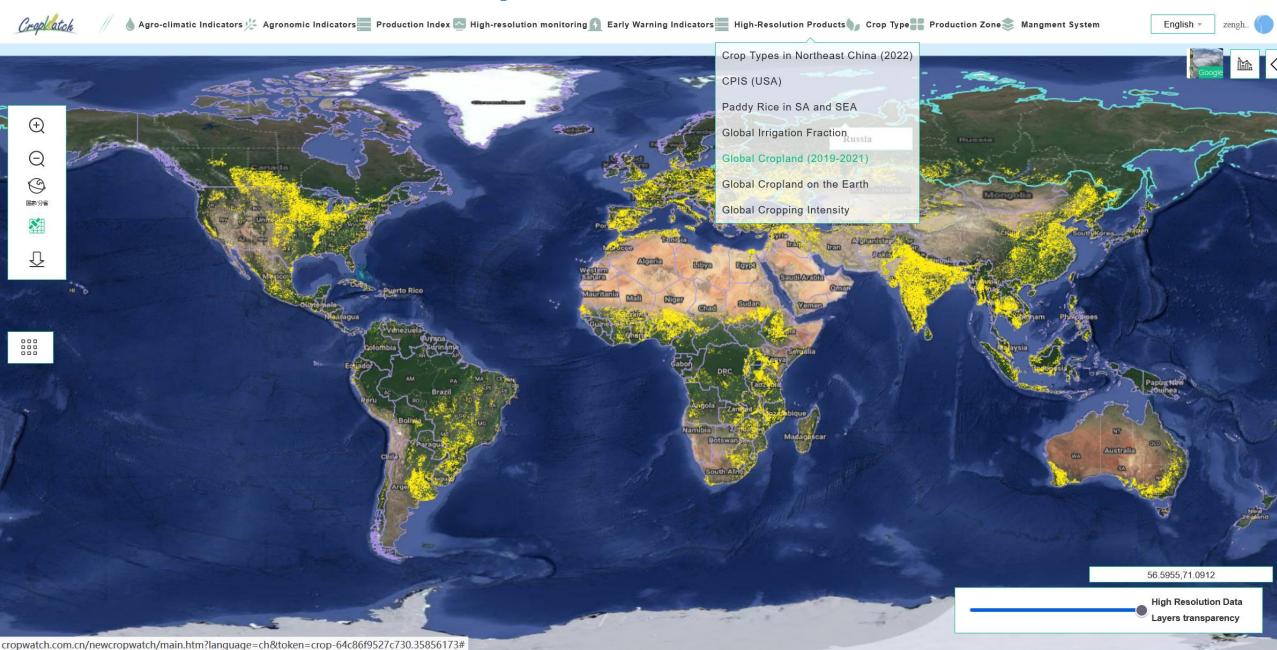
Products-Southeast Asian Paddy Fields



Products-Global Irrigation Fraction



Products-Global Cropland (2019-2021)



CropWatch-Cropland on the Earth



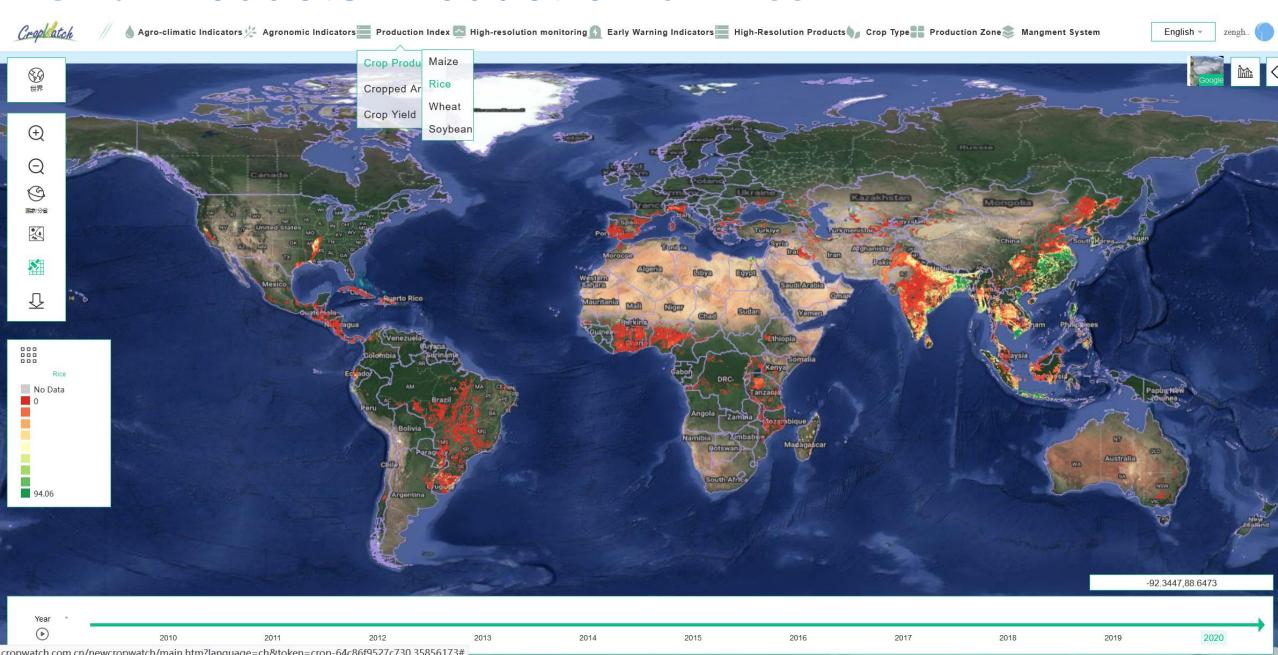
CropWatch-Cropping Intensity on the Earth



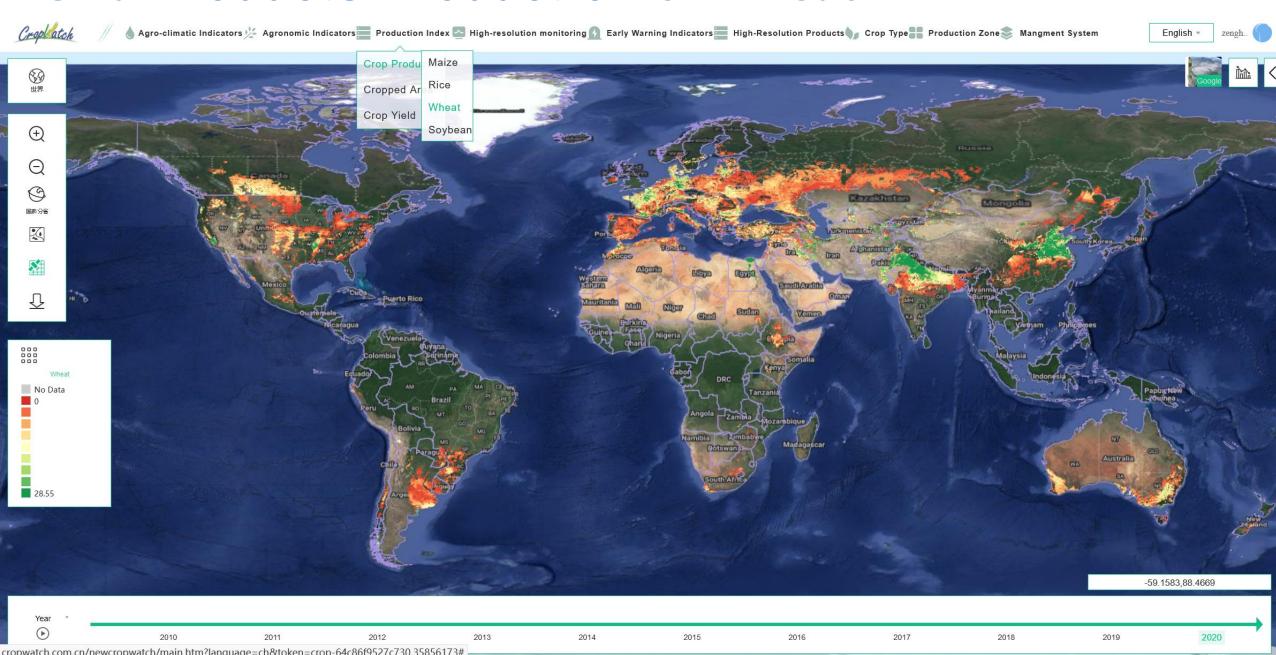
Grid Products-Production of Maize



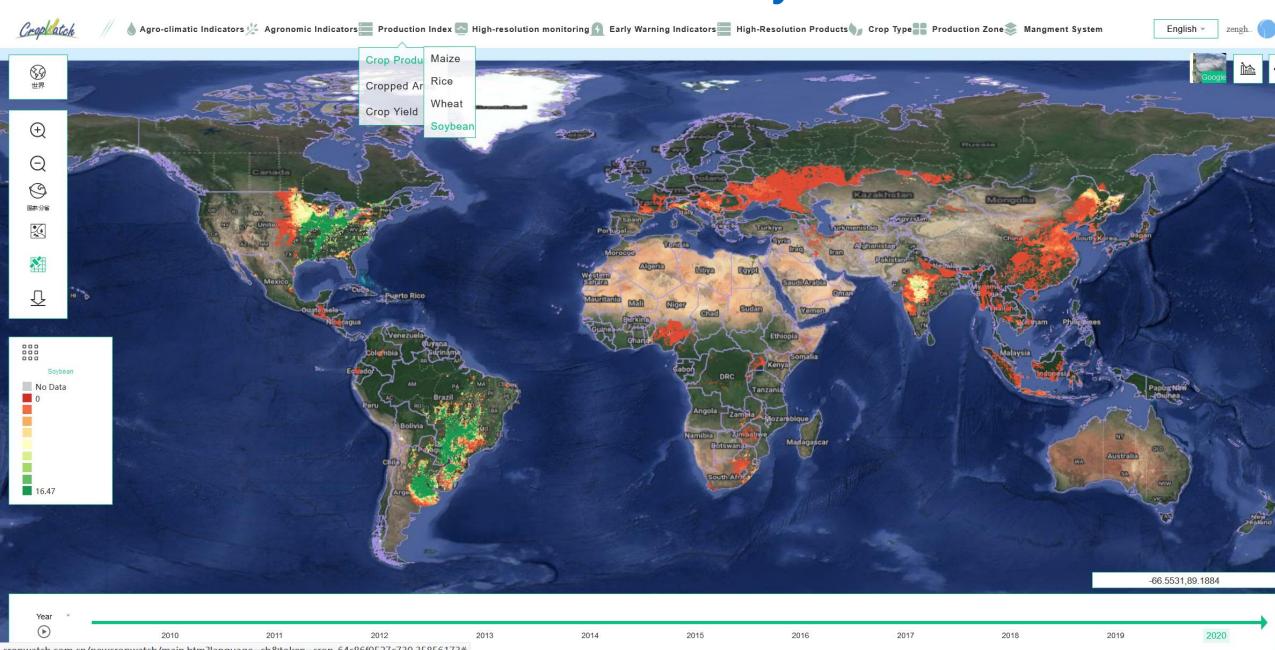
Grid Products-Production of Rice



Grid Products-Production of Wheat



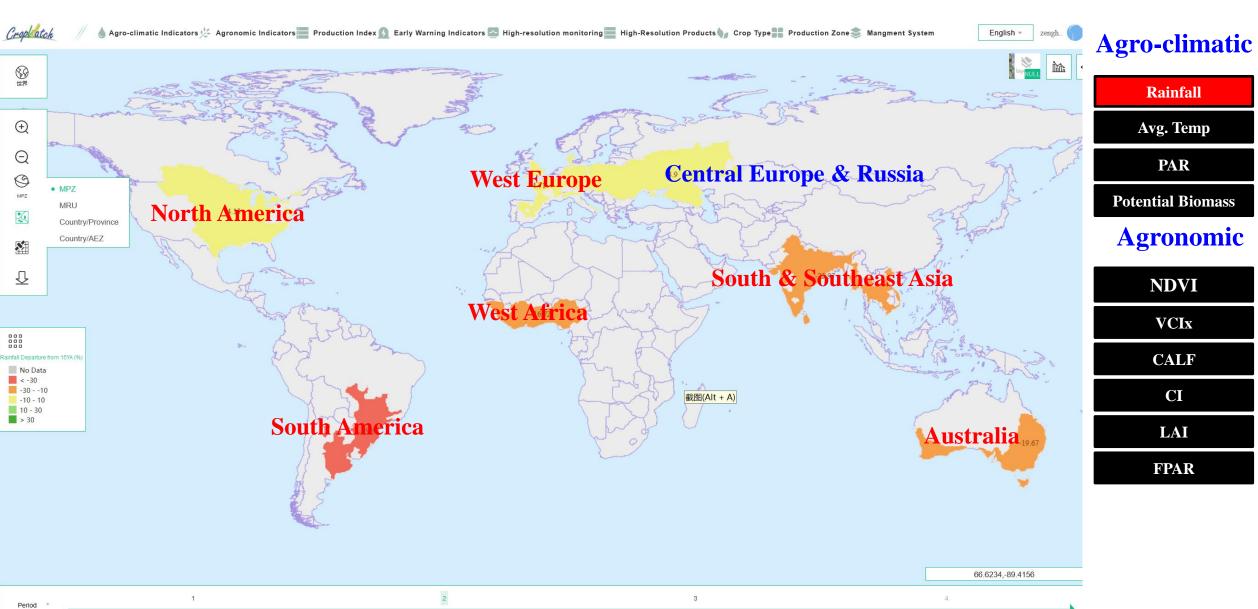
Grid Products-Production of Soybean

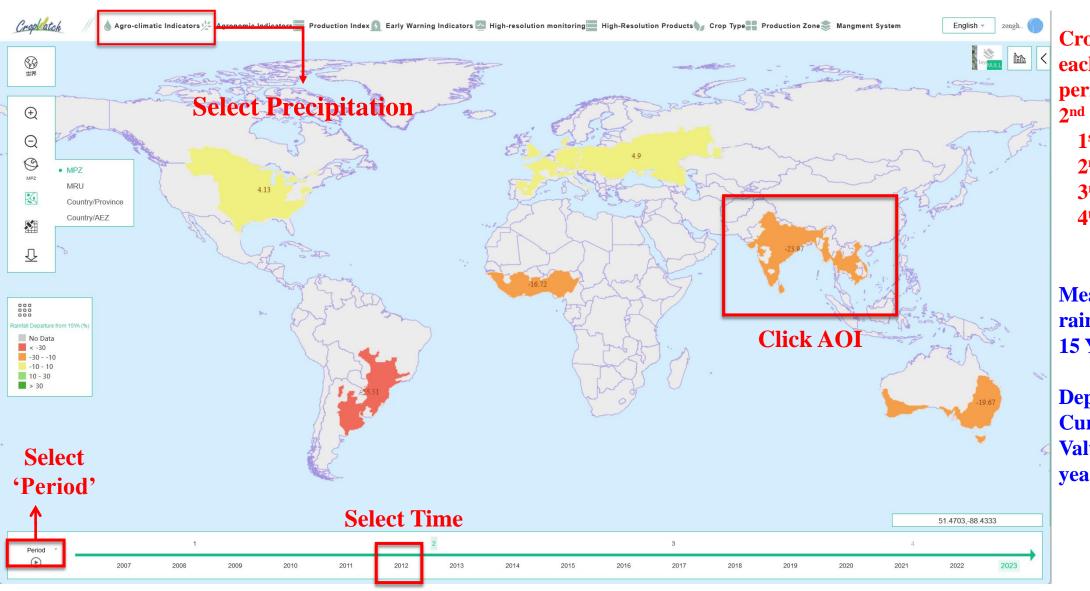


Information at MPZ level



7 MPZ: Agro-climatic information





 $\begin{array}{c} CropWatch\ divides\\ each\ year\ into\ 4\\ periods,\ including\ 1^{st}\ ,\\ 2^{nd}\ ,\ 3^{rd},\ and\ 4^{th}\ period. \end{array}$

1st : Oct. – Jan.

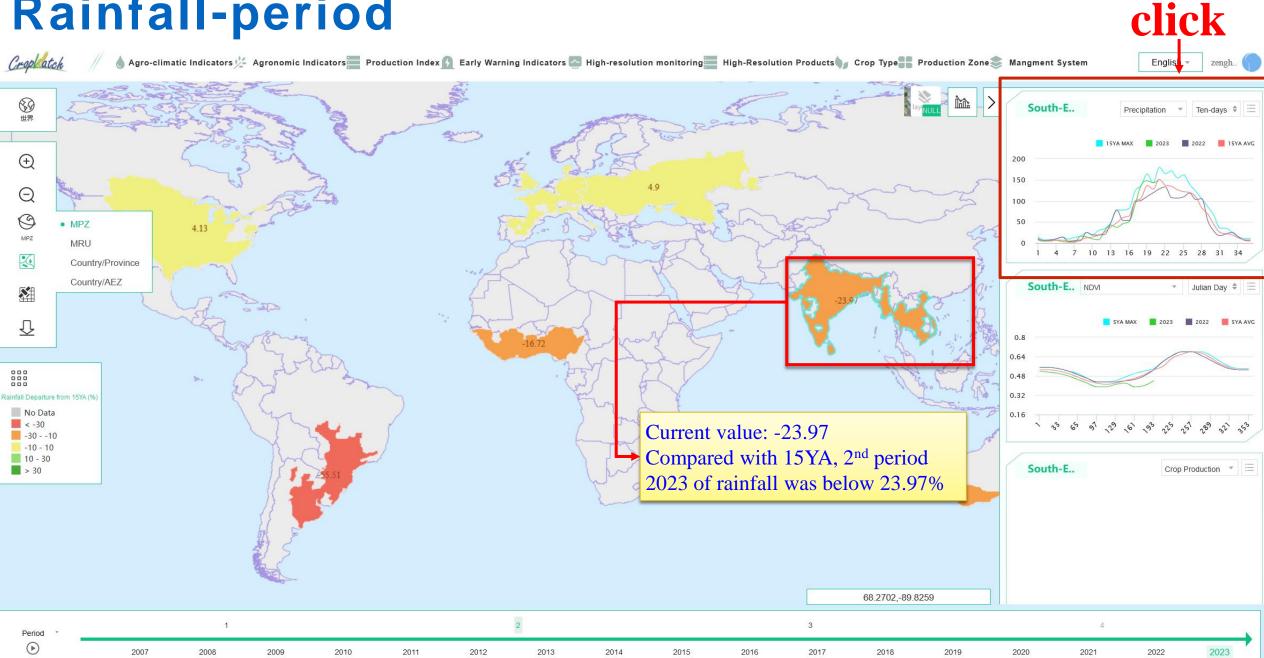
2nd: Jan. – April

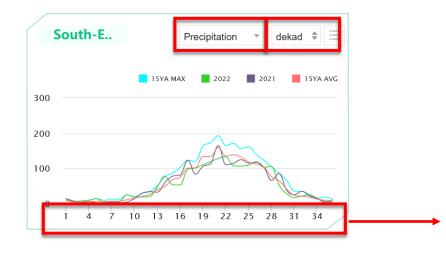
3rd: April – Jul.

4th: Jul. – Oct.

Meaning of result: rainfall departure from 15 YA(%)

Departure: Current Value/Ave. Value of last 15 years×100%





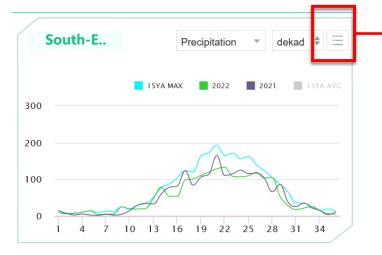
This box shows precipitation information in current year, last year, maximum and average value of last 5 years



Users can close or open the value series of special group through clicking any icon

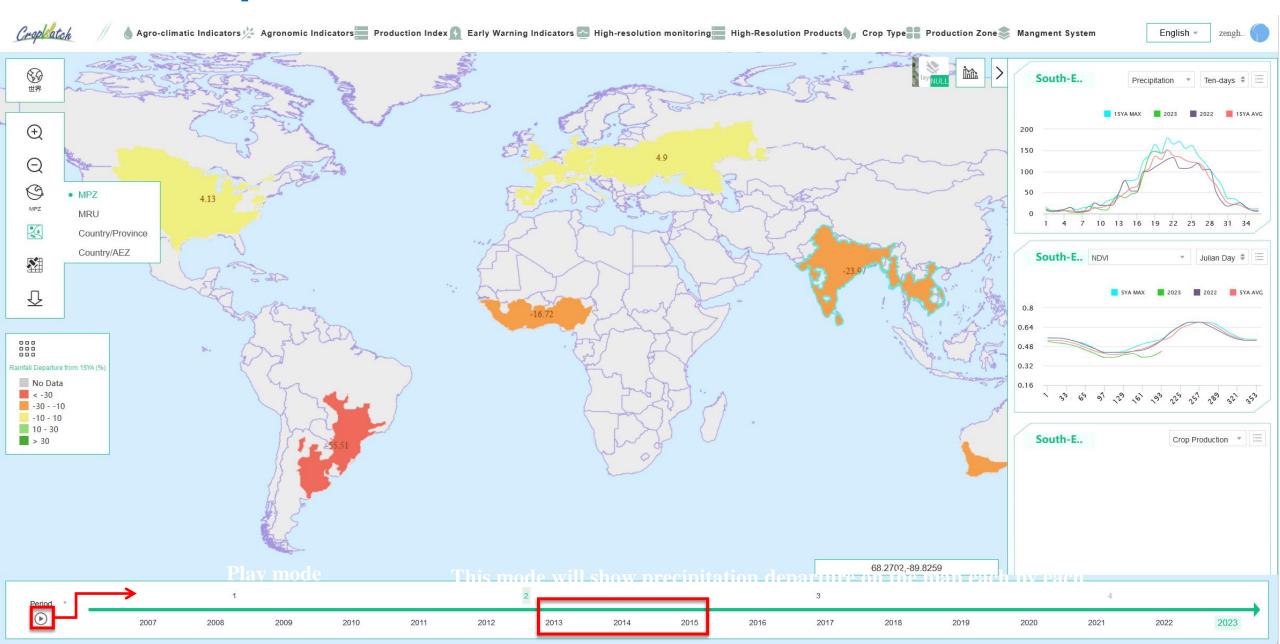
User can print the chart or download and save the time series to your computer as pictures(PNG, JPEG, PDF, SVG) or table(XLS, CSV) format

Click

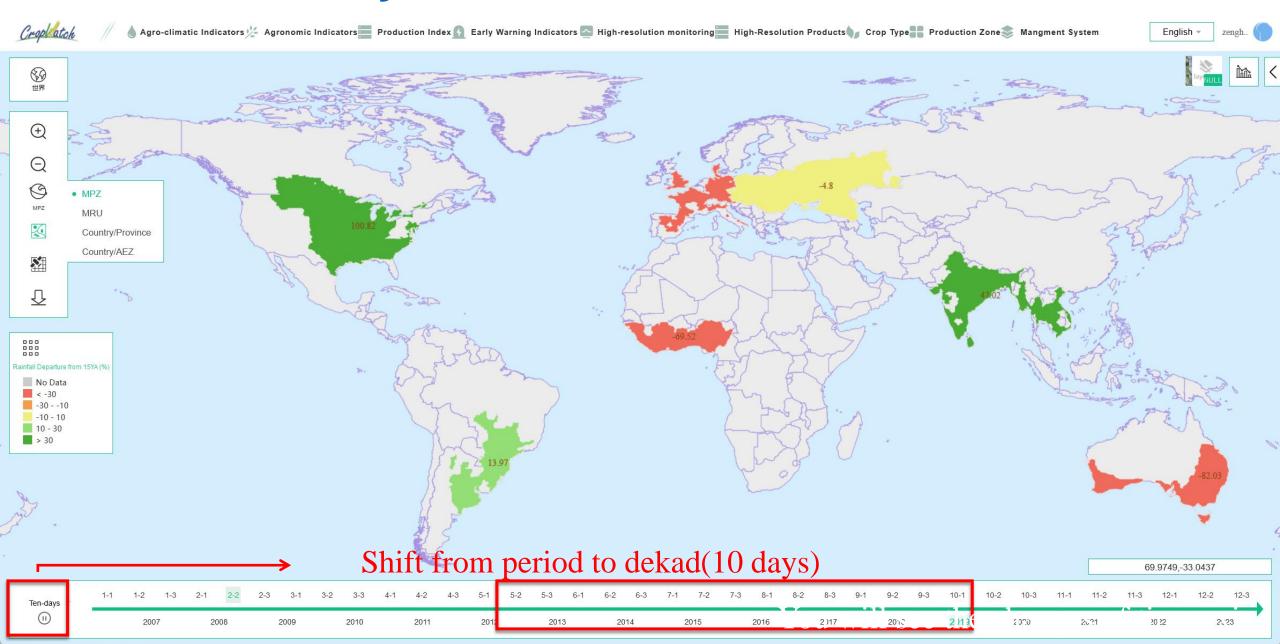


Close 5 YA average

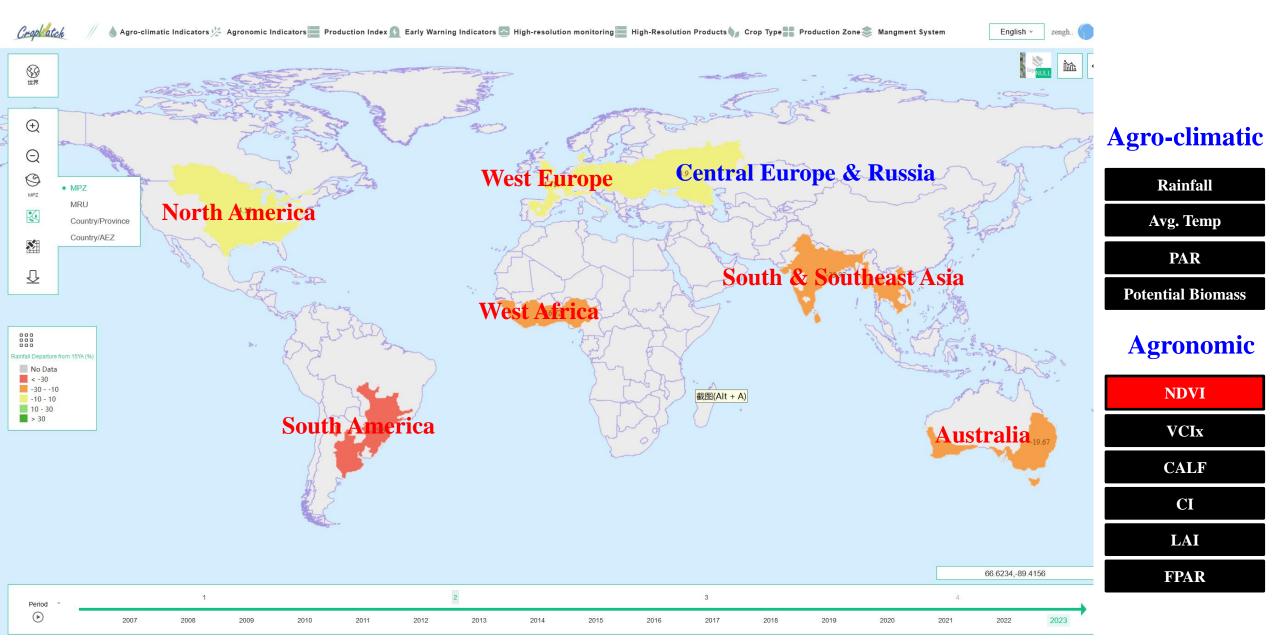




Rainfall-10 days

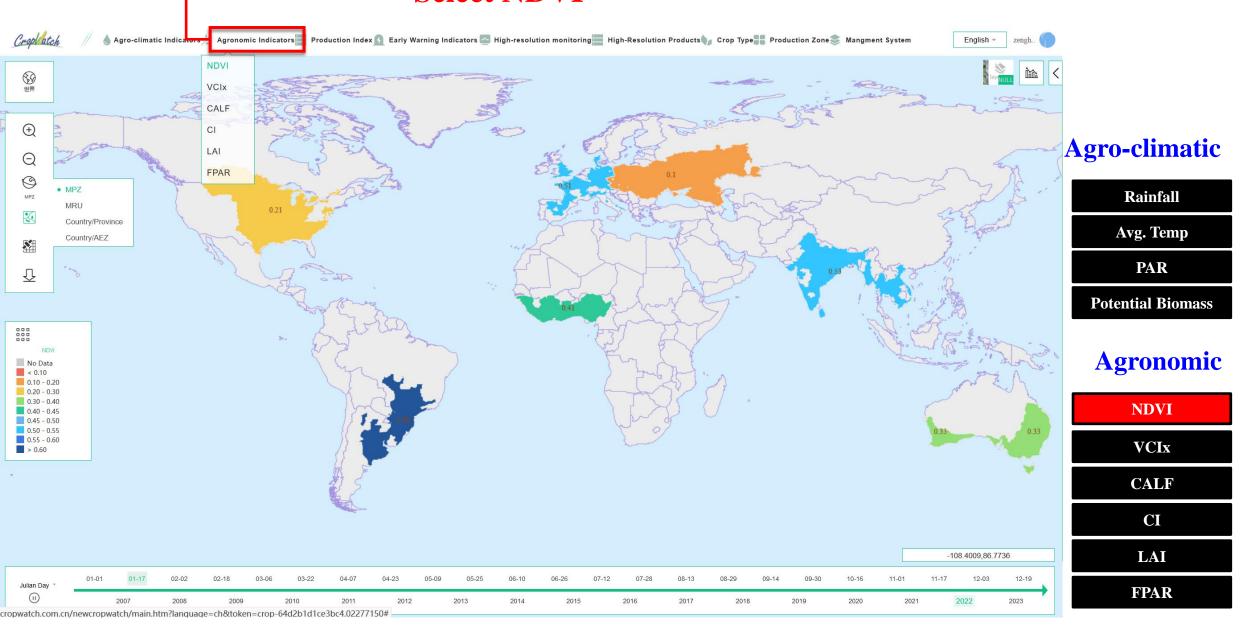


7 MPZ: Agronomic information

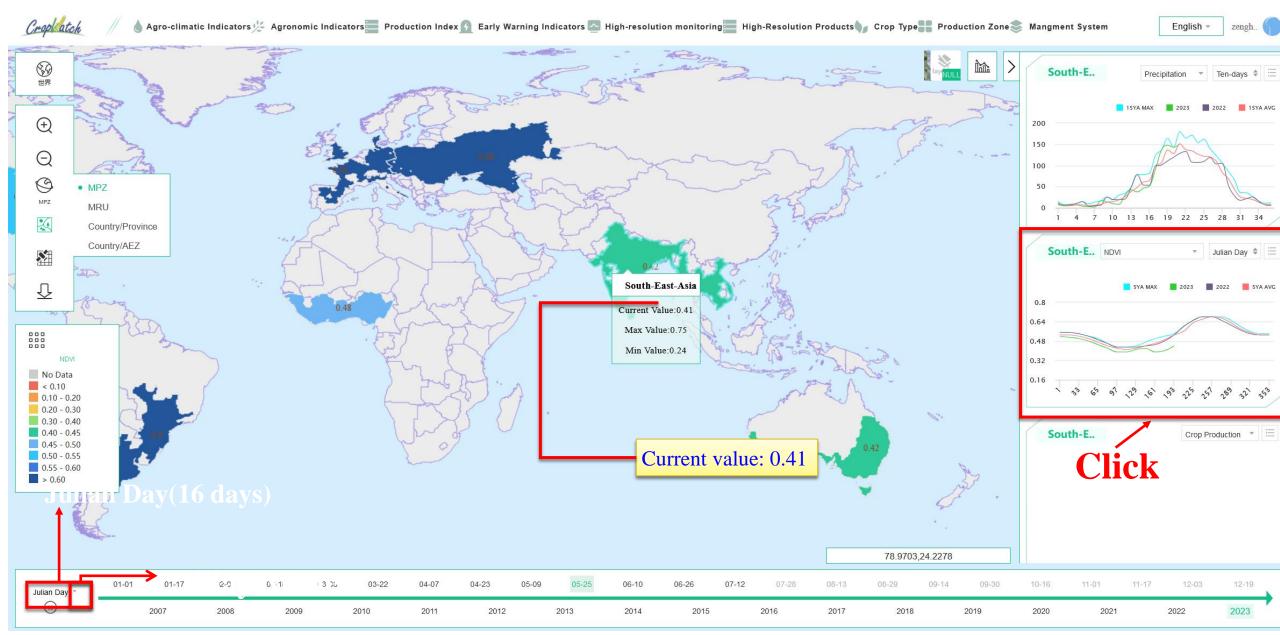


Agronomic-NDVI Select NDVI

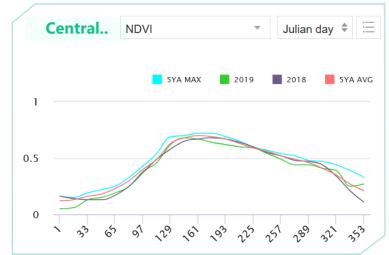
The crop condition can be described by NDVI



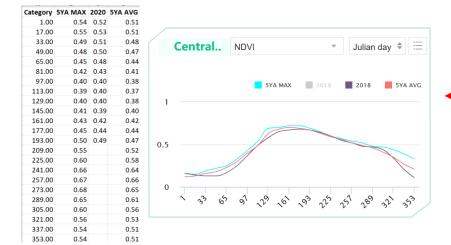
Agronomic-NDVI



Agronomic-NDVI

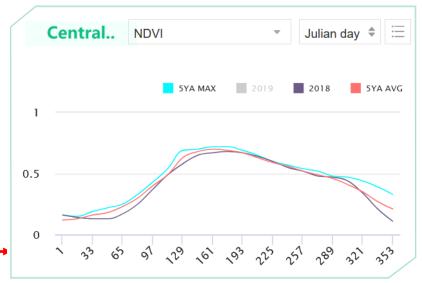


In general, compared the current NDVI value with the same time of last year, last 5 year's average, and last 5 year's maximum value, the users can assess crop condition easily

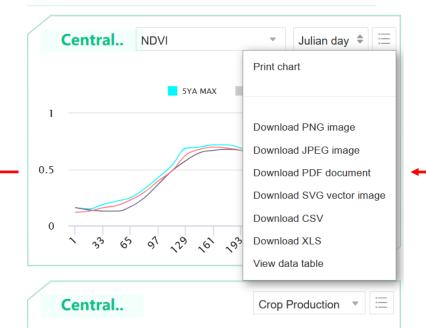


Users can close or open the value series of special group through clicking any icon

User can print the chart or download and save the time series to your computer as pictures(PNG, JPEG, PDF, SVG) or table(XLS, CSV) format



Result after closing 2019

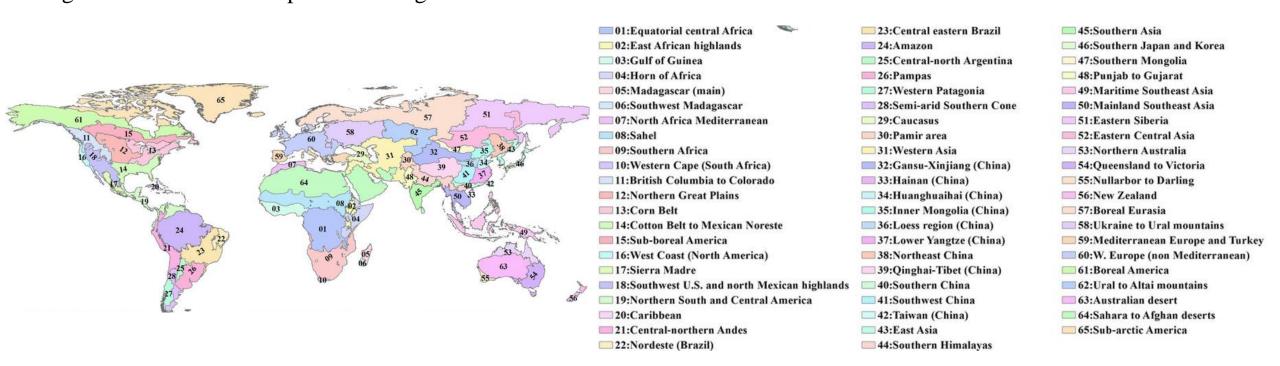




Information at MRU Level

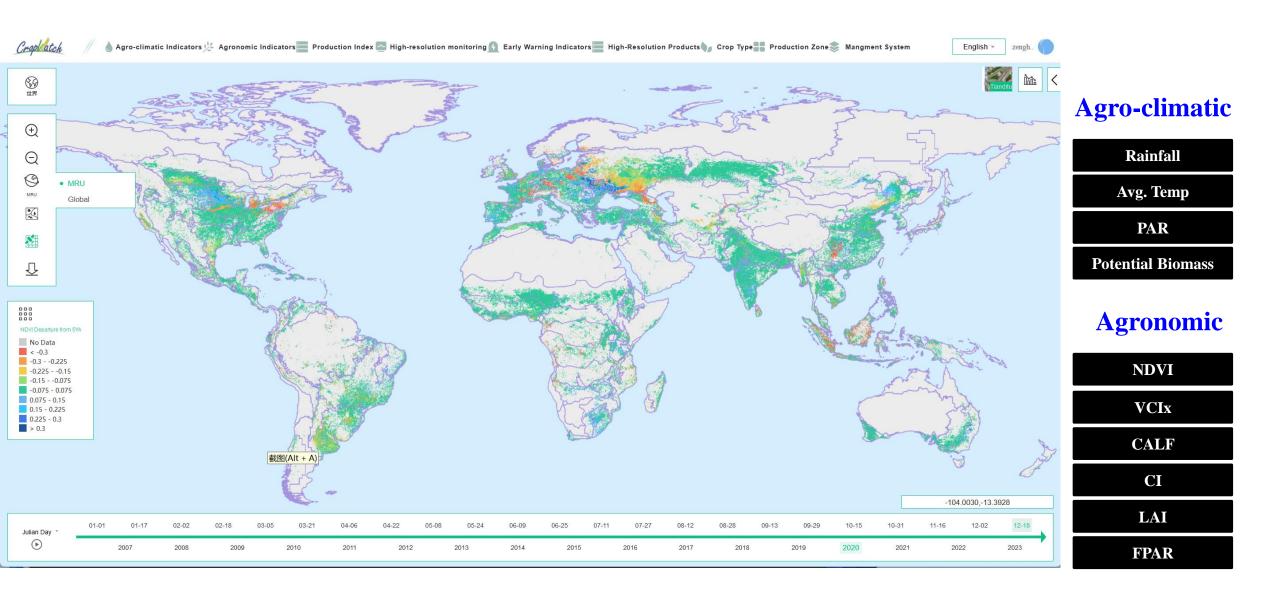
What's meaning of MRU

- CropWatch divided the global into 65 agri-climatic zones based on climate, terrain, agricultural activities, etc.
- The purpose of designing MRUs is to provide more detail agricultural information to users and help them understanding agricultural information patterns change.

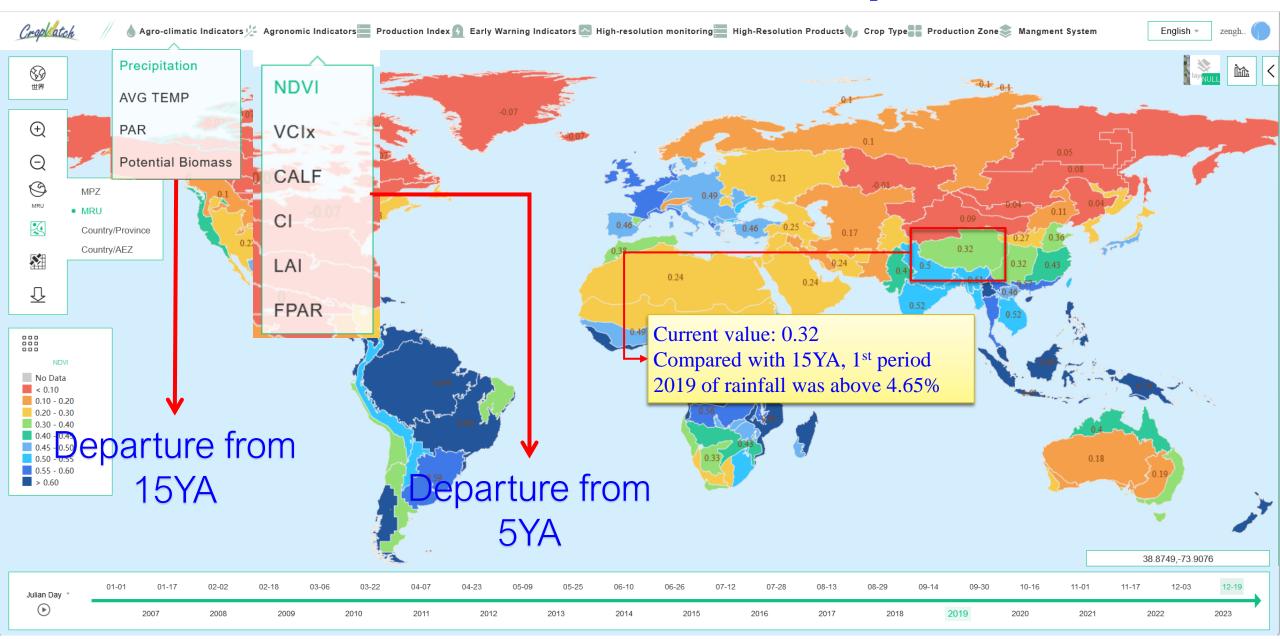


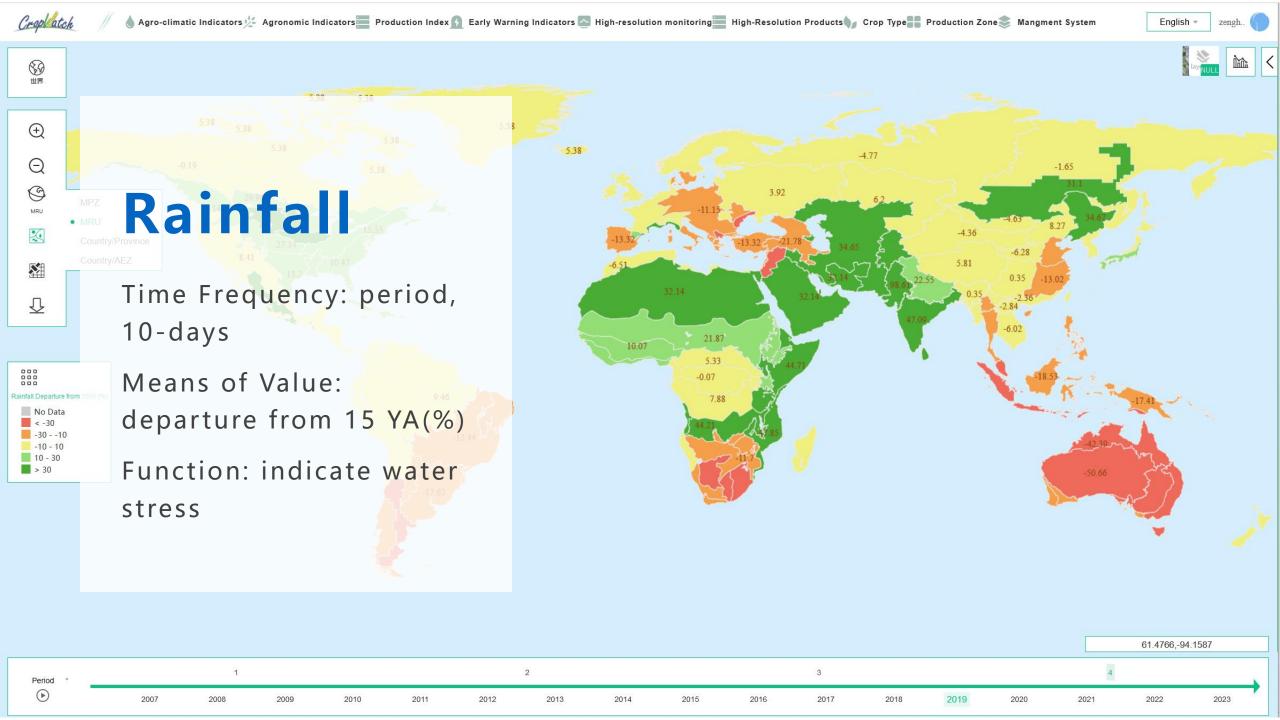
Gommes Rene, Wu Bingfang, Li Zhongyuan, Zeng Hongwei. Design and characterization of spatial units for monitoring global impacts of environmental factors on major crops and food security. Food and Energy Security, 2016, 5(1): 40-55.

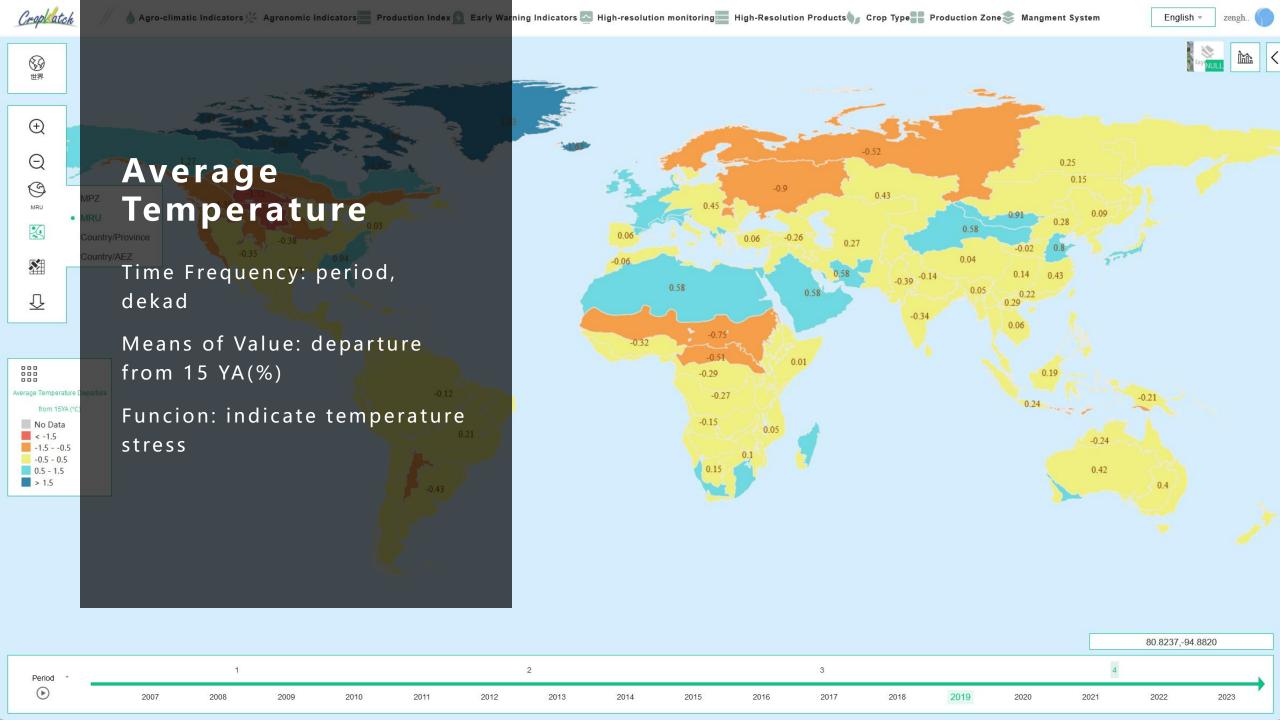
Information can be showed at MRU level

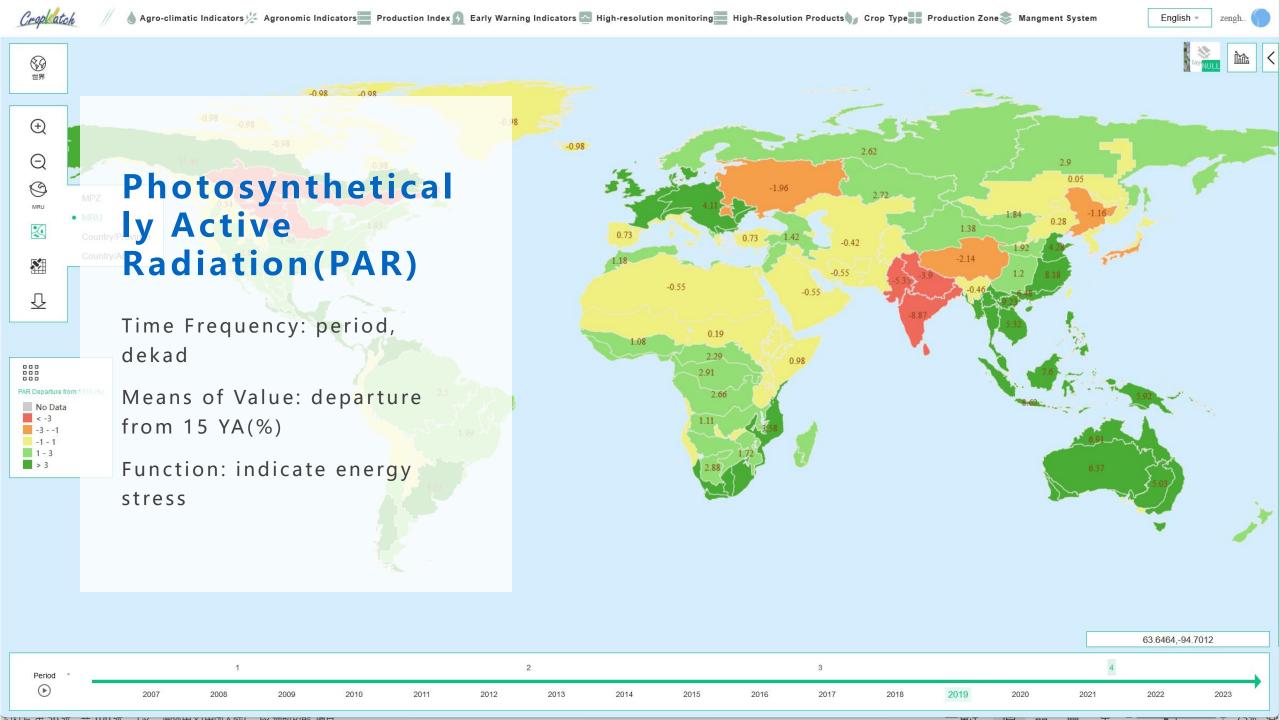


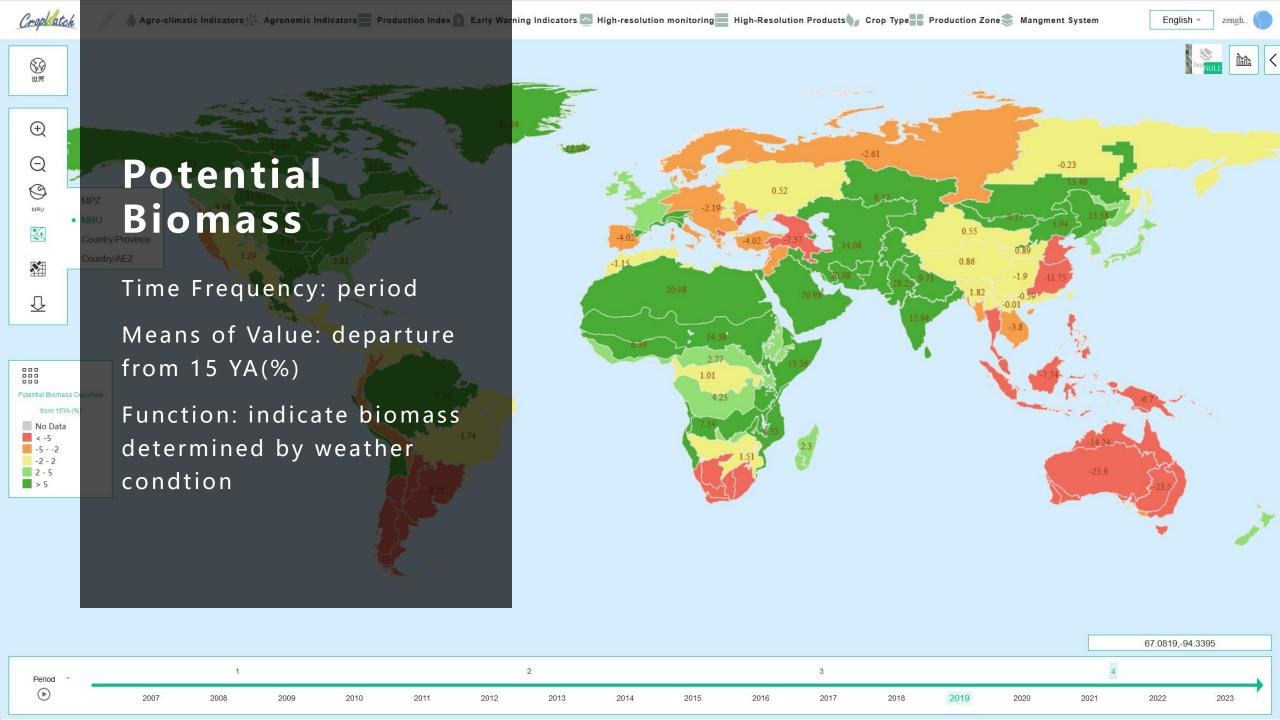
Information Search at MRUs User can export time series of different indices











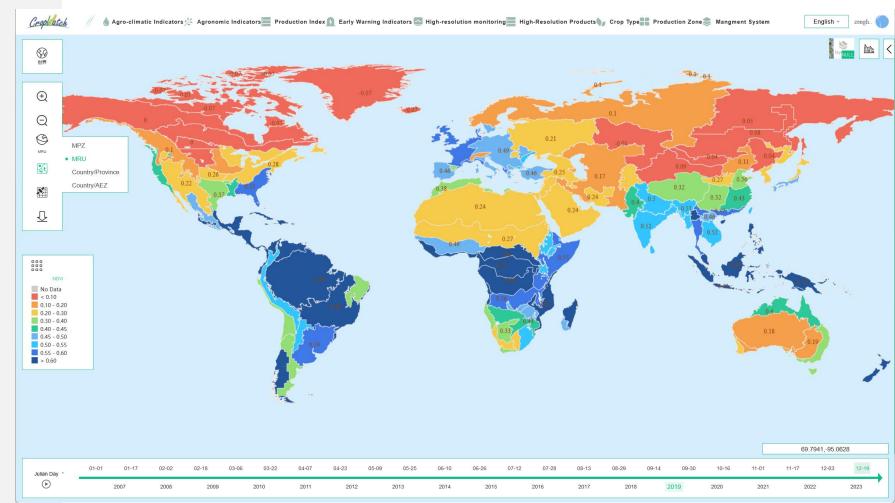
Normalized Difference Vegetation Index(NDVI)

Time Frequency: Julian day(16)

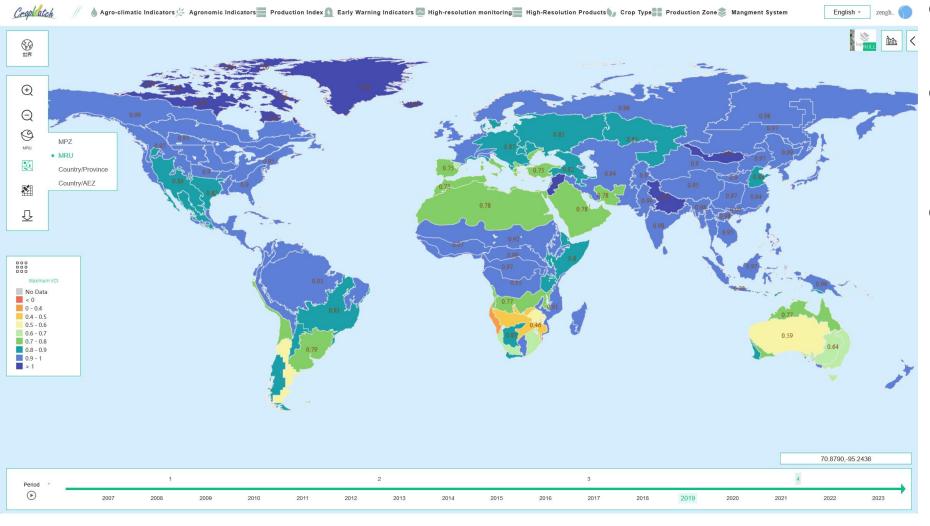
Means of Value: absolute value of NDVI

Function: indicate crop condition at different crop growing stage.

 Same crop in the field, more higher NDVI, means better condition, otherwise, worse condition

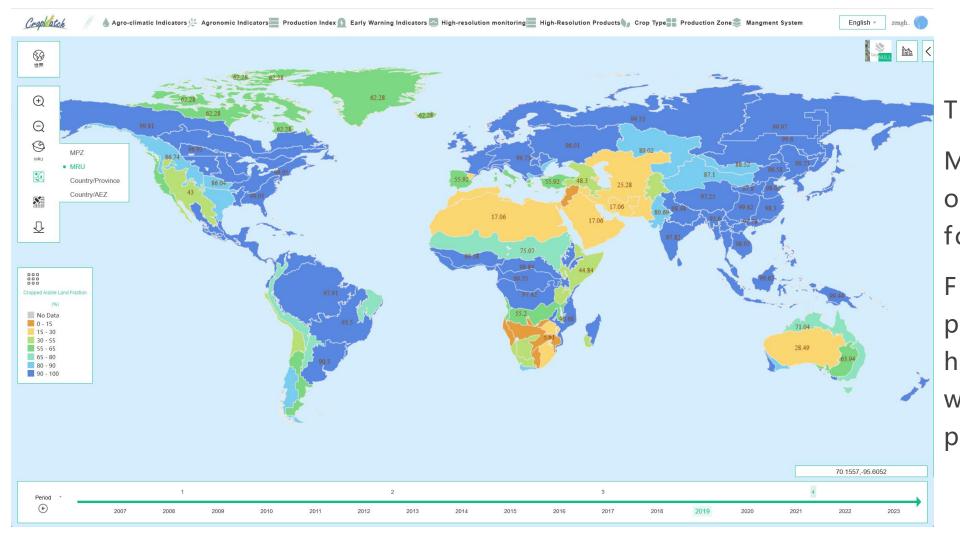


Maximum Vegetation Index(VCIx)



- Time Frequency: period, dekad
- Means of Value: compare with last 5YA, what's is the NDVI level
- Function: indicating the crop condition at different crop growing stage compared to last 5 year's average
 - Worse crop condition: < 0.5
 - Favorable cropcondition: > 1

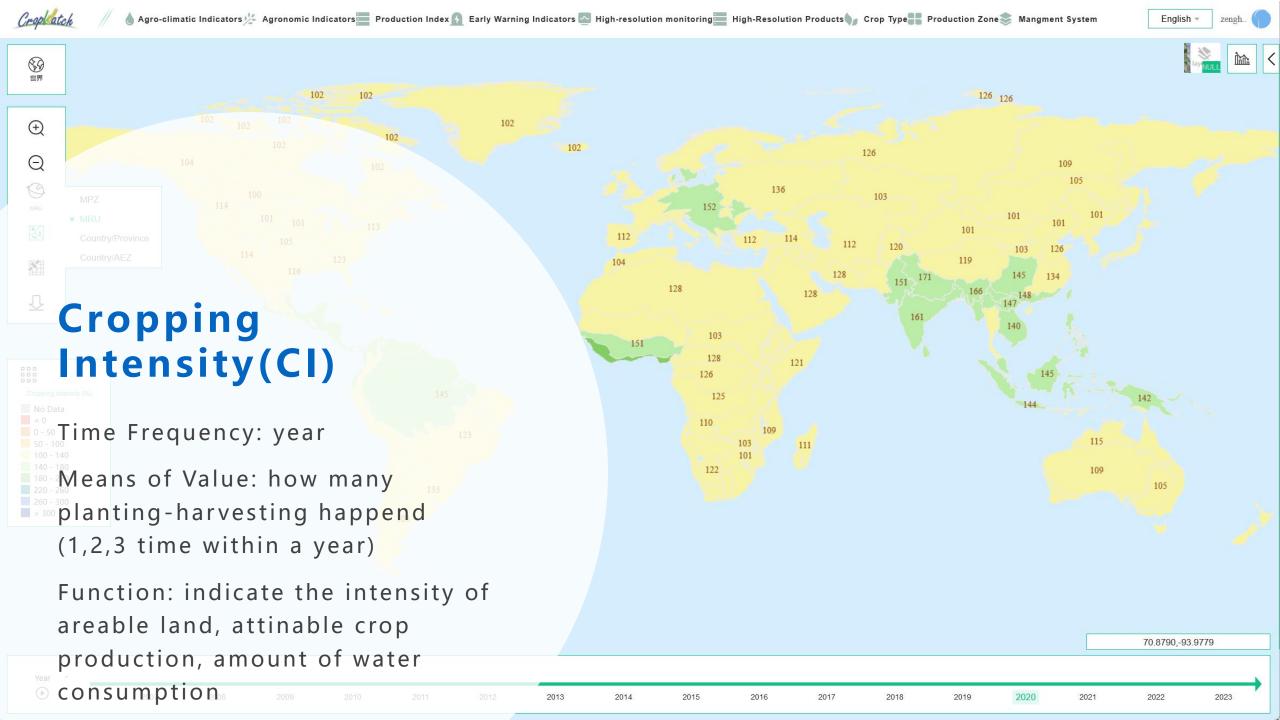
CALF(Cropped Arable Land Fraction)

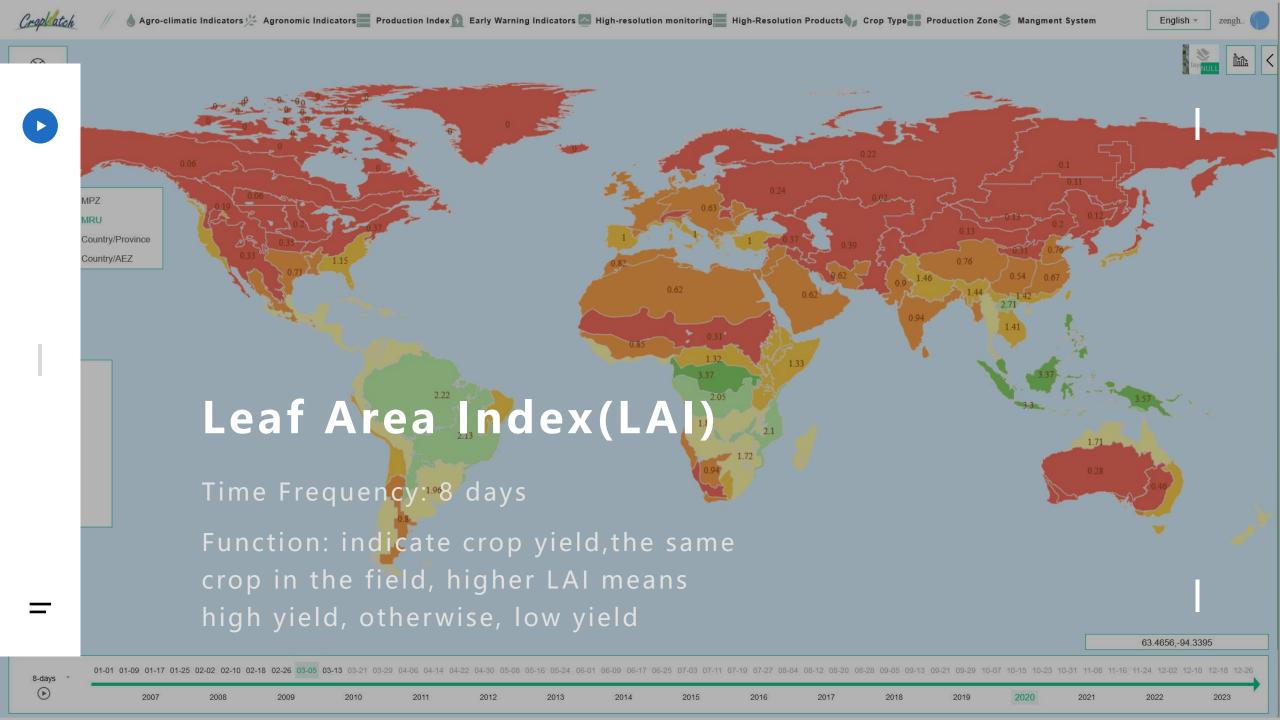


Time Frequency: period

Means of Value: fraction of cropped land account for area of interest

Function: indicate the progress of sowing, harvesting, or early warning of crop production





Time Frequency: 8 days

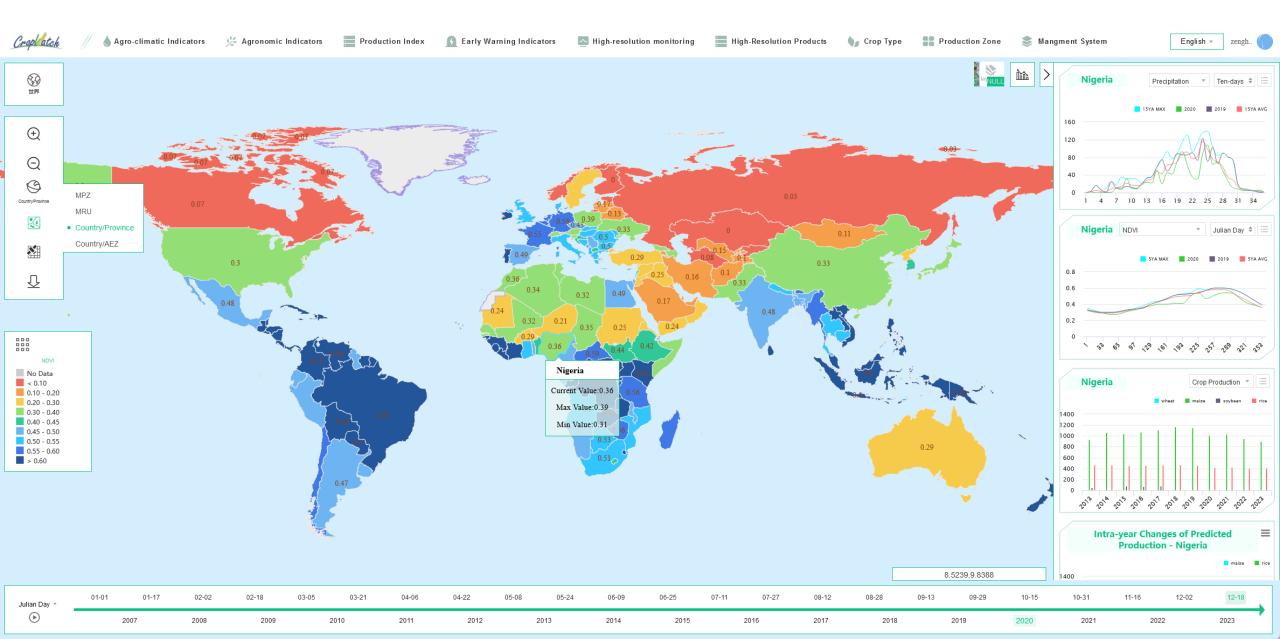
Function: indicates capacity of energy absorbtion by crop

Fraction of Absorbed Photosynthetically Active Radiation(FPAR) Information at Country Level(Province)

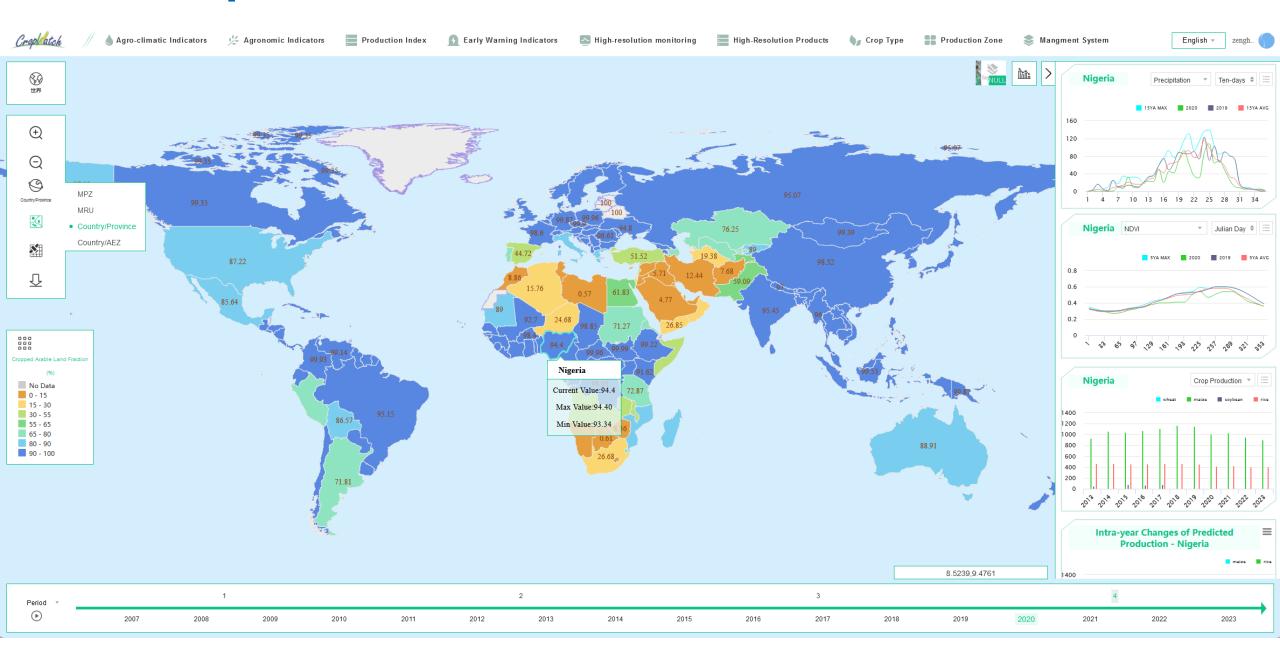


Information at country 🛦 Agro-climatic Indicators 😕 Agronomic Indicators 🌉 Production Index 🞧 Early Warning Indicators 🔄 High-resolution monitoring 🚃 High-Resolution Products 🎧 Crop Type 📰 Production Zone📚 Mangment System English Precipitation Crop Production 世界 Anguilla Afghanistan NDVI Crop Classification Albania **AVG TEMP** Algeria Cropped Area Cropping Intensity American Samoa Andorra VCIX PAR \oplus Anguilla Angola Crop Yield Rice Mapping Potential Biomass Antarctica Antigua and Barbu. Q CALF Argentina Armenia 9 Aruba Austria untry/Province CI Azerbaijan Bahamas CPI Country/Province Bahrain Baker Island Country/AEZ **Provide information for 43 countries** Bangladesh Barbados LAI le Click Belarus Belgium Crop Types in Northeast China (2022) Belize Benin **FPAR** CPIS (USA) Bhutan Bermuda 000 Bolivia Bonaire, Saint Eu. Paddy Rice in SA and SEA No Data Global Irrigation Fraction These information provide for 173 countries -4.39 Global Cropland (2019-2021) > 30 Global Cropland on the Earth Global Cropping Intensity 54.4249,-81.5018 Period **(** 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023

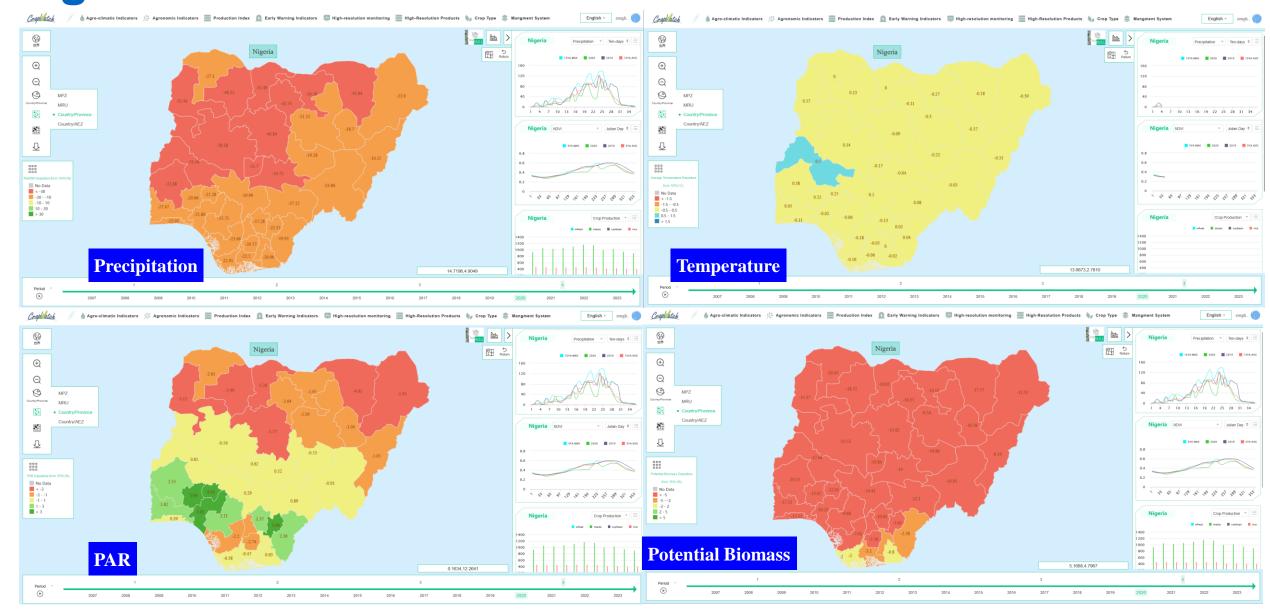
Information at country- Nigeria



Provide province's information for 173 countries

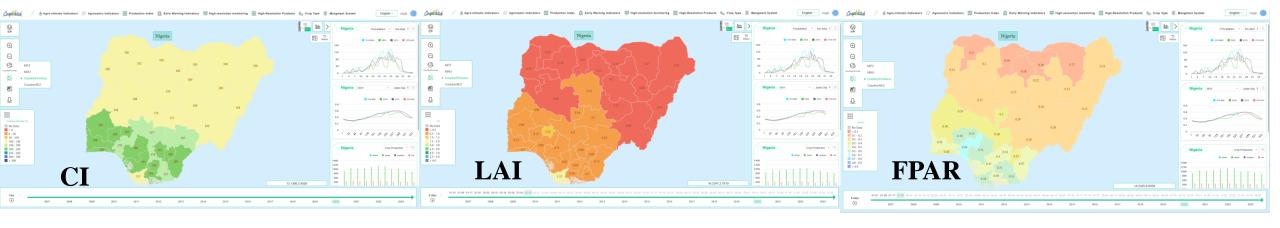


Agro-climatic information at province level of Nigeria

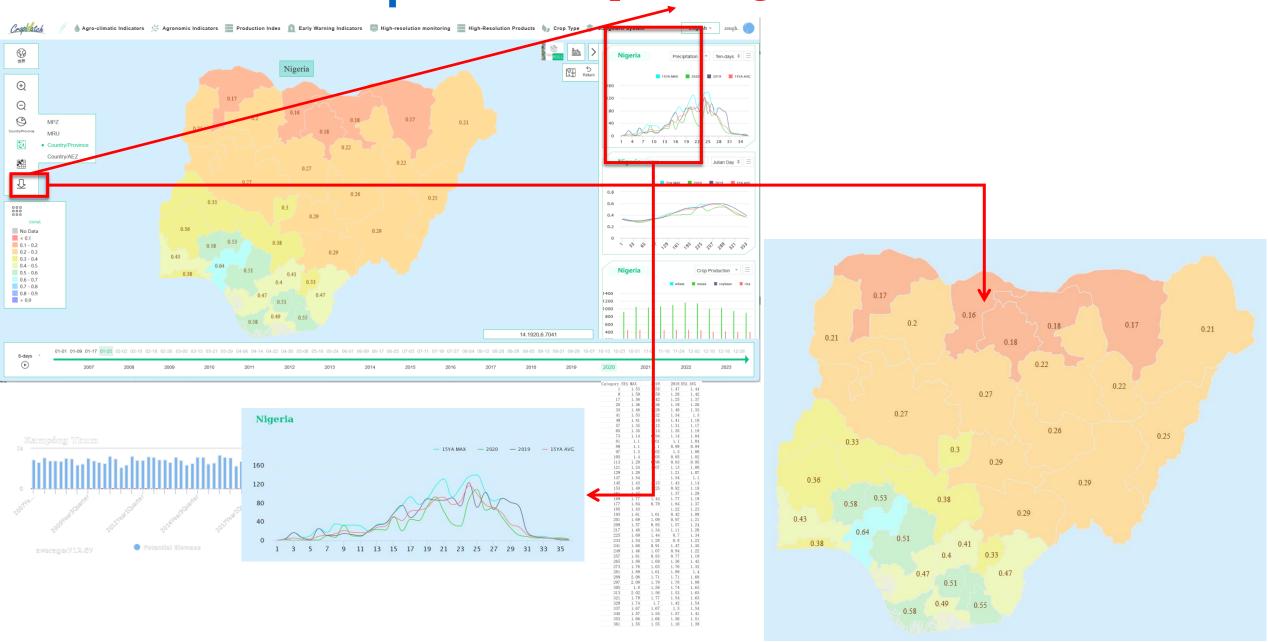


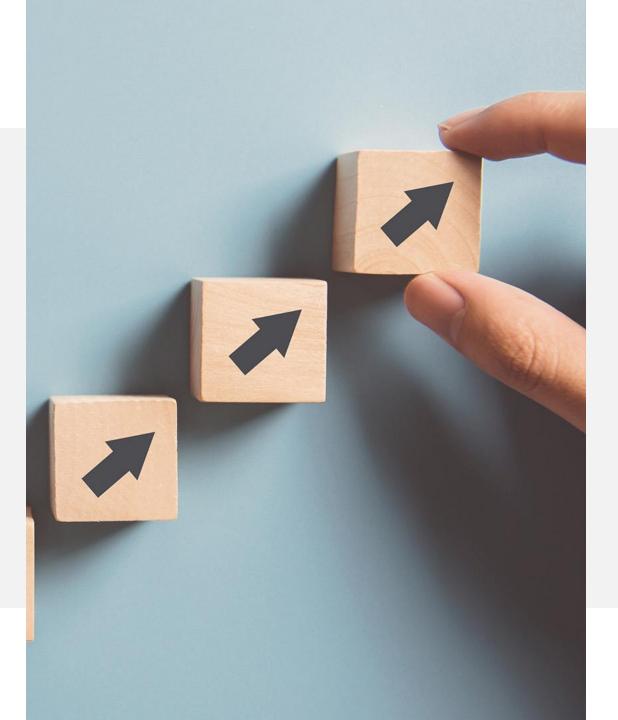
Agronomic information at province





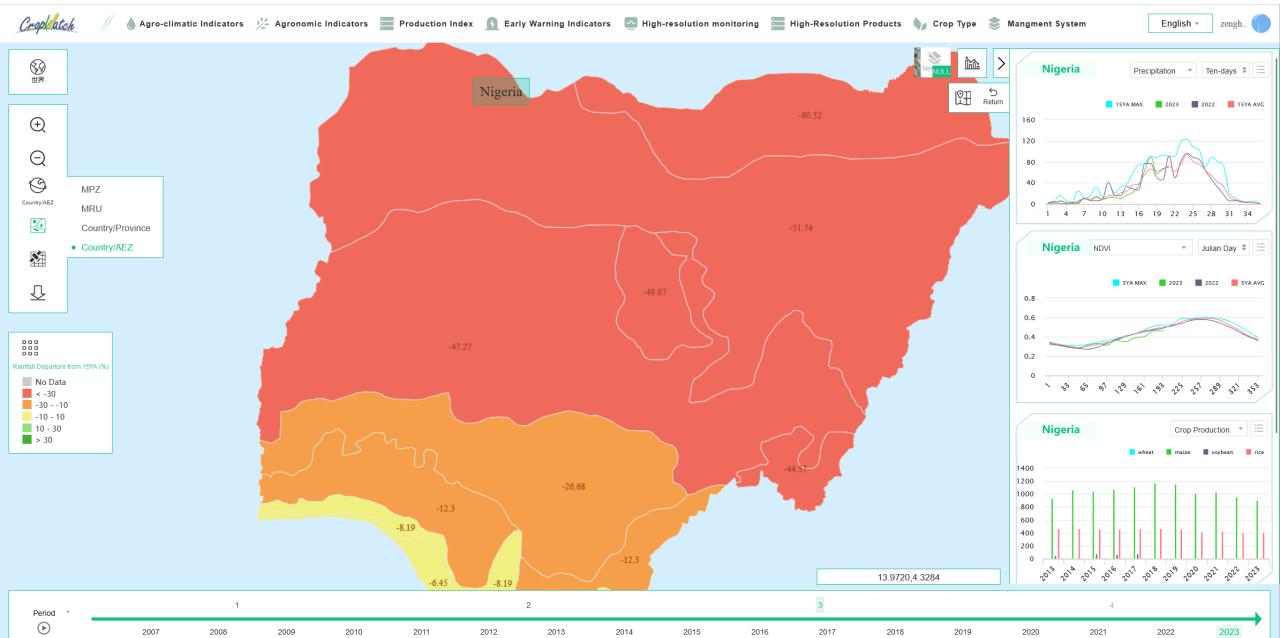
Information exports Export Image



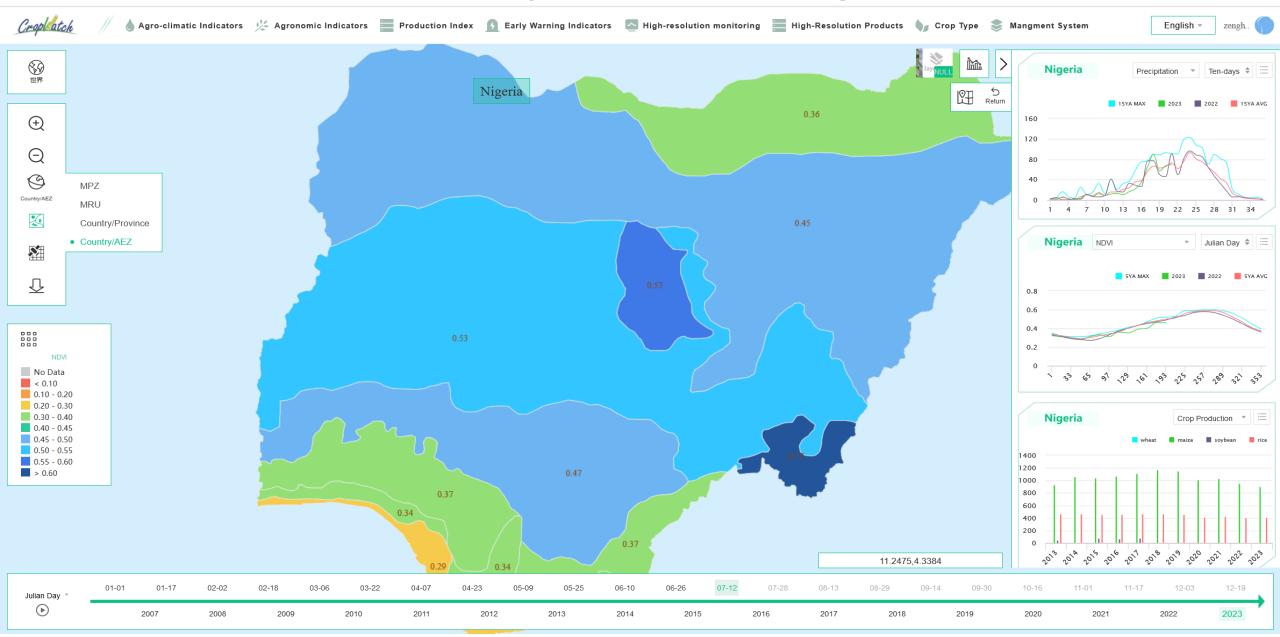


Information at country Level(AEZ)

Information at the country Level(AEZ)-Agroclimatic Info.



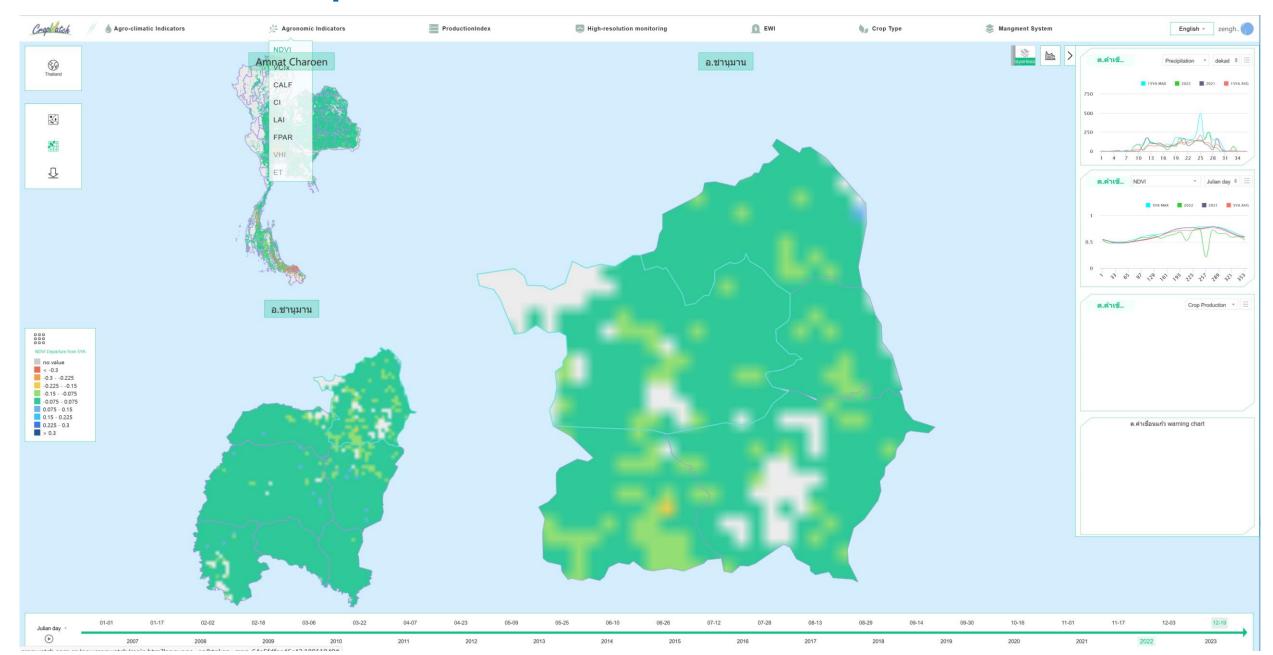
Information at the country Level(AEZ) - Agronomic Info



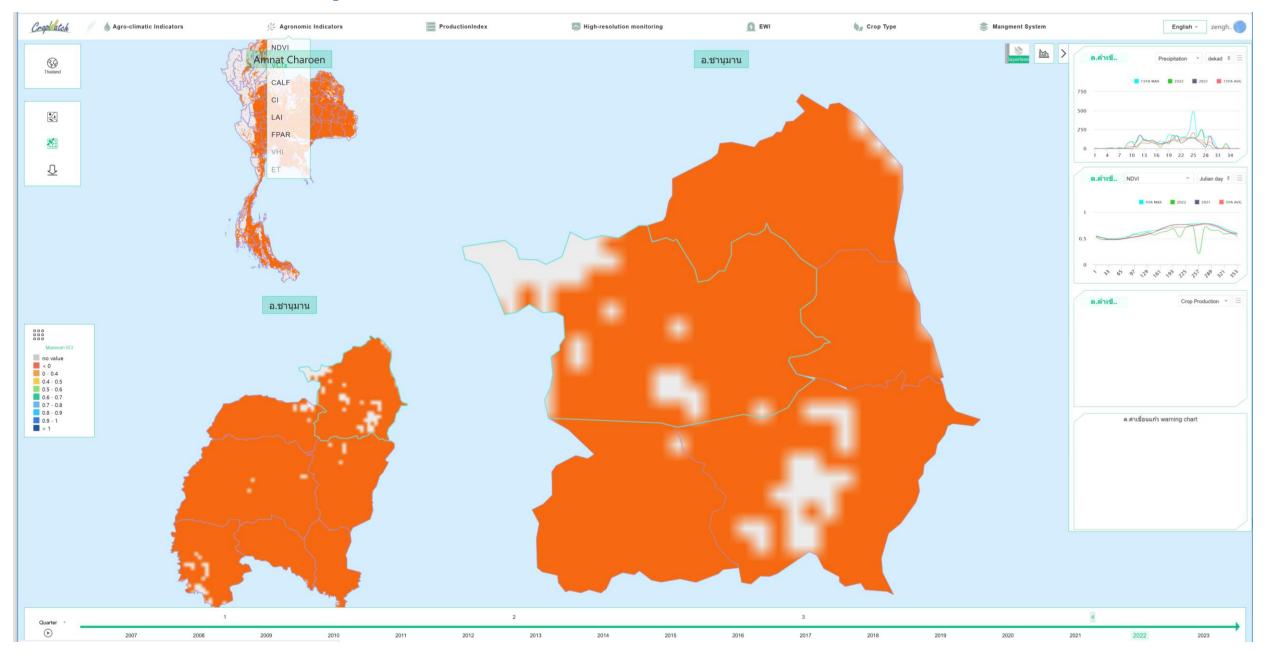
Information for special country



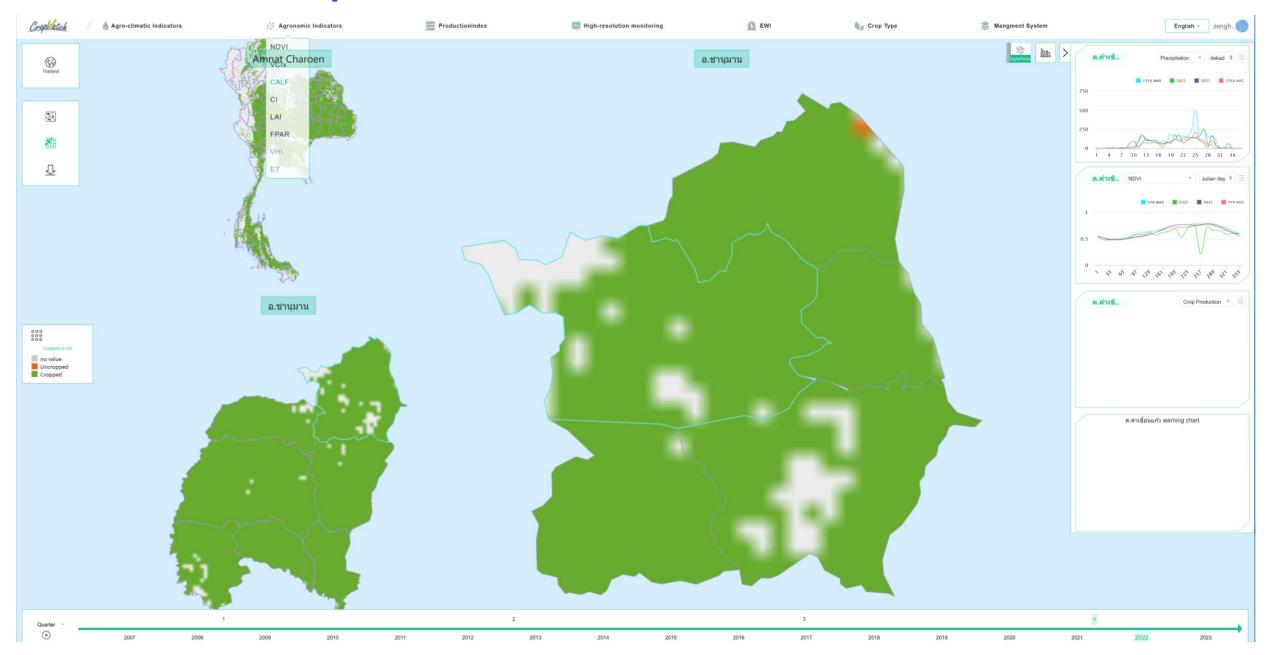
Interface of CropWatch for Thailand-NDVI



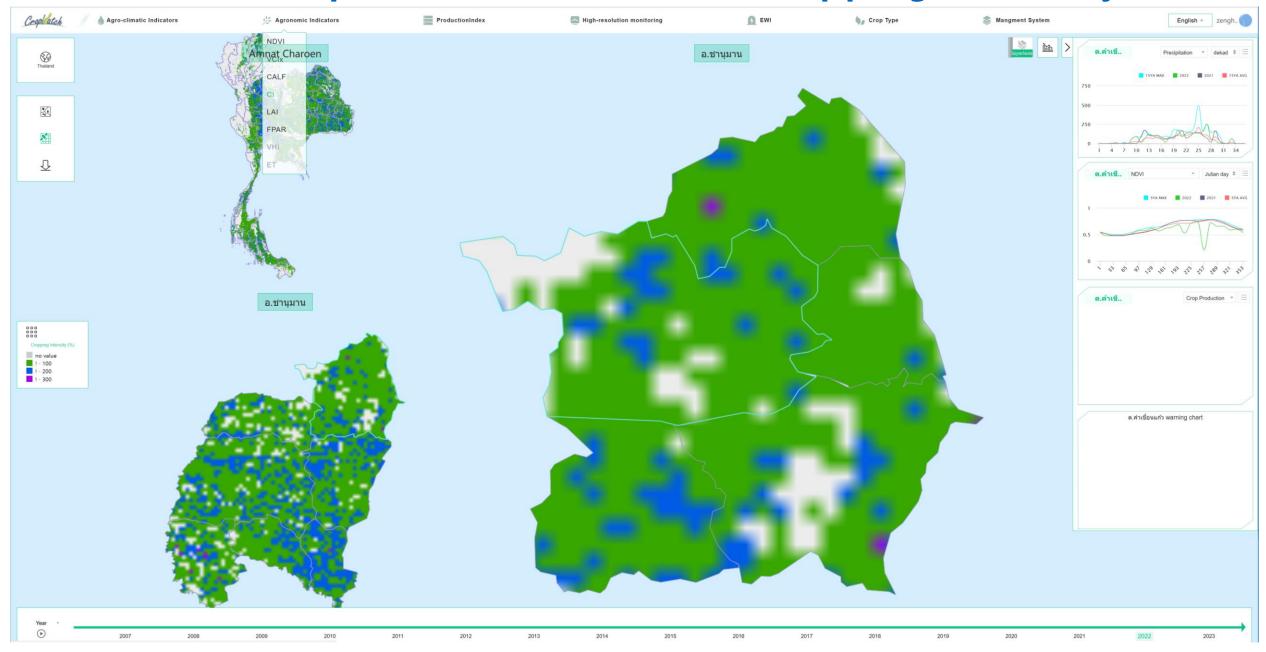
Interface of CropWatch for Thailand-VCIx



Interface of CropWatch for Thailand-CALF



Interface of CropWatch for Thailand-Cropping Intensity





How to provide information for specific countries

Identify information needs

Provide basic data: borders, crop masks, etc.

Training courses: basic skills





Conclusion and Outlook

Conclusion

This presentation introduces the functions of CropWatch Explorer and how to use it to search and download information (images and tables) at MPZ, MRU, national and provincial (AEZ) level, and details of special countries.

We hope that every colleague will understand and master this function.

Outlook

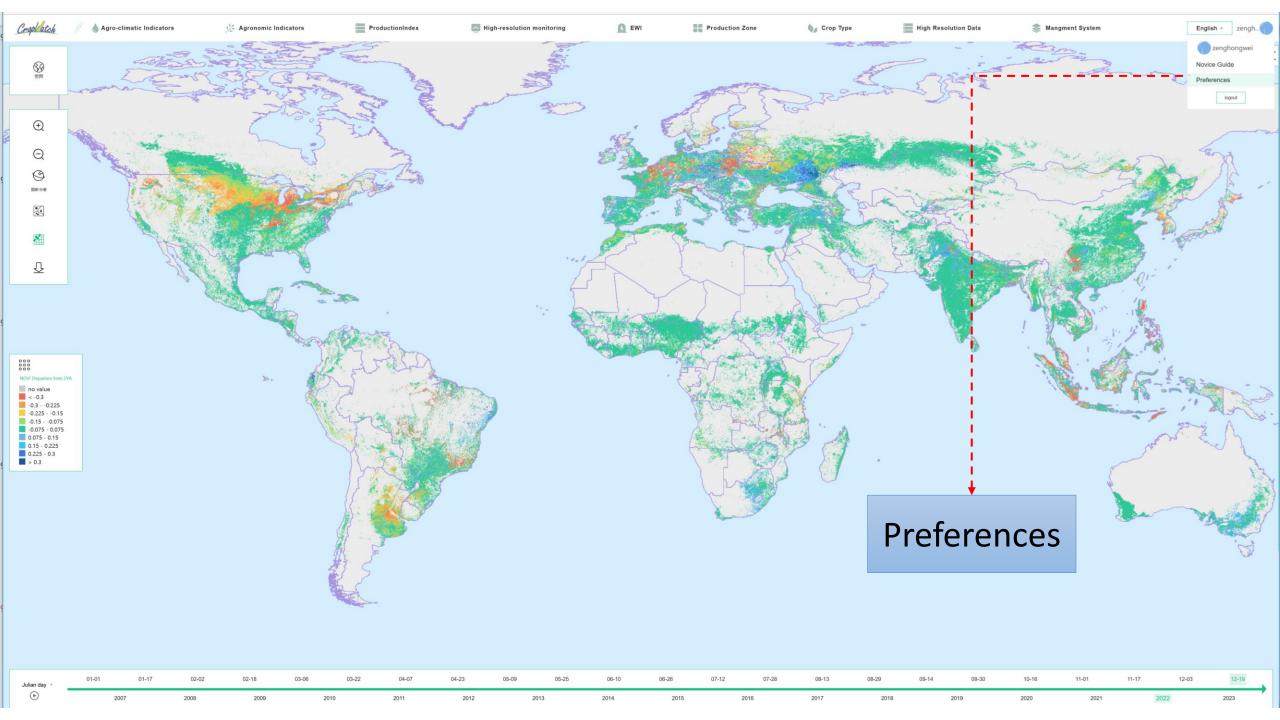
All information generated by CropWatch Pro will be displayed in CropWatch Explorer, including raster information.

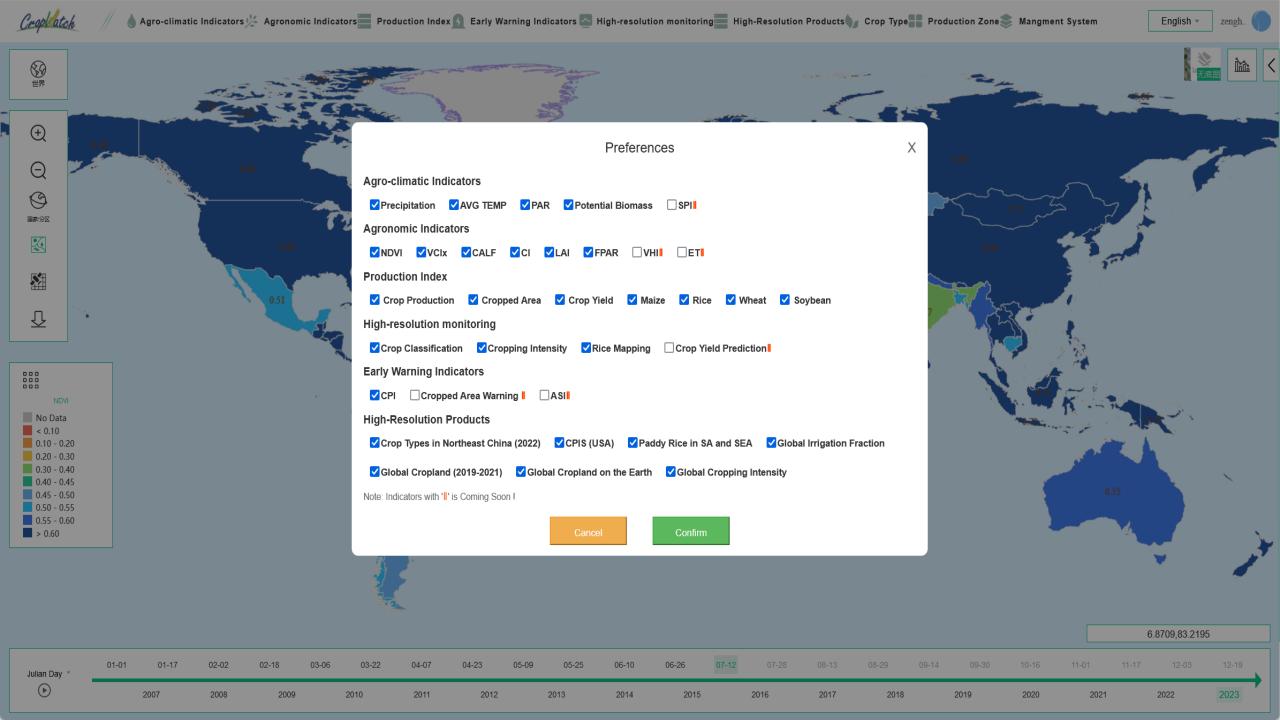
O2. CropWatch Explorer will provide information personalised to the specific needs of the user (any region, any time, anyone).

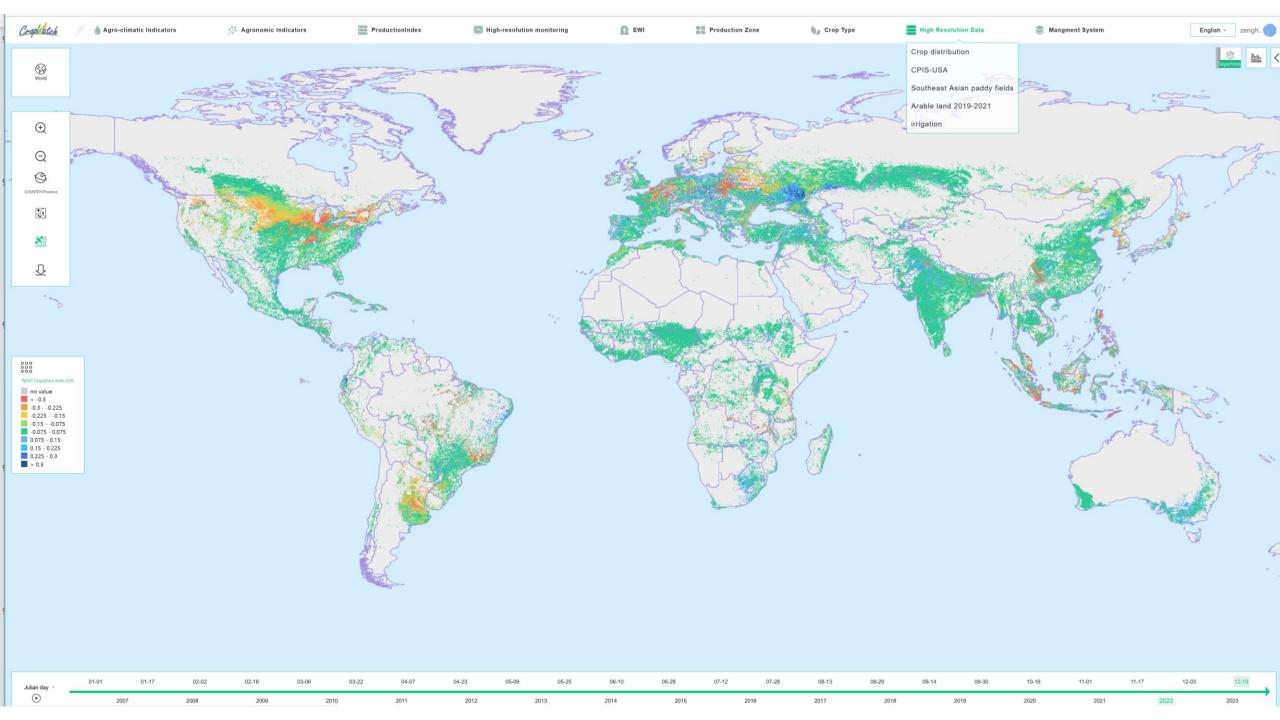


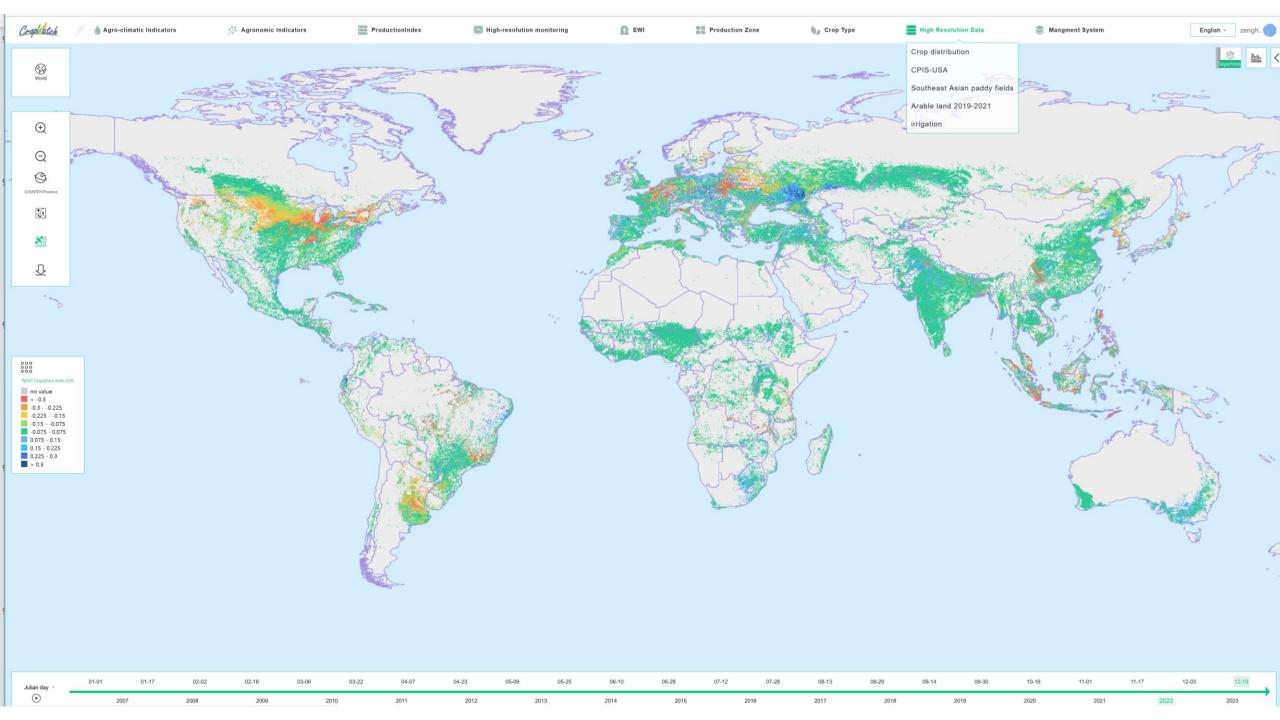
Practices

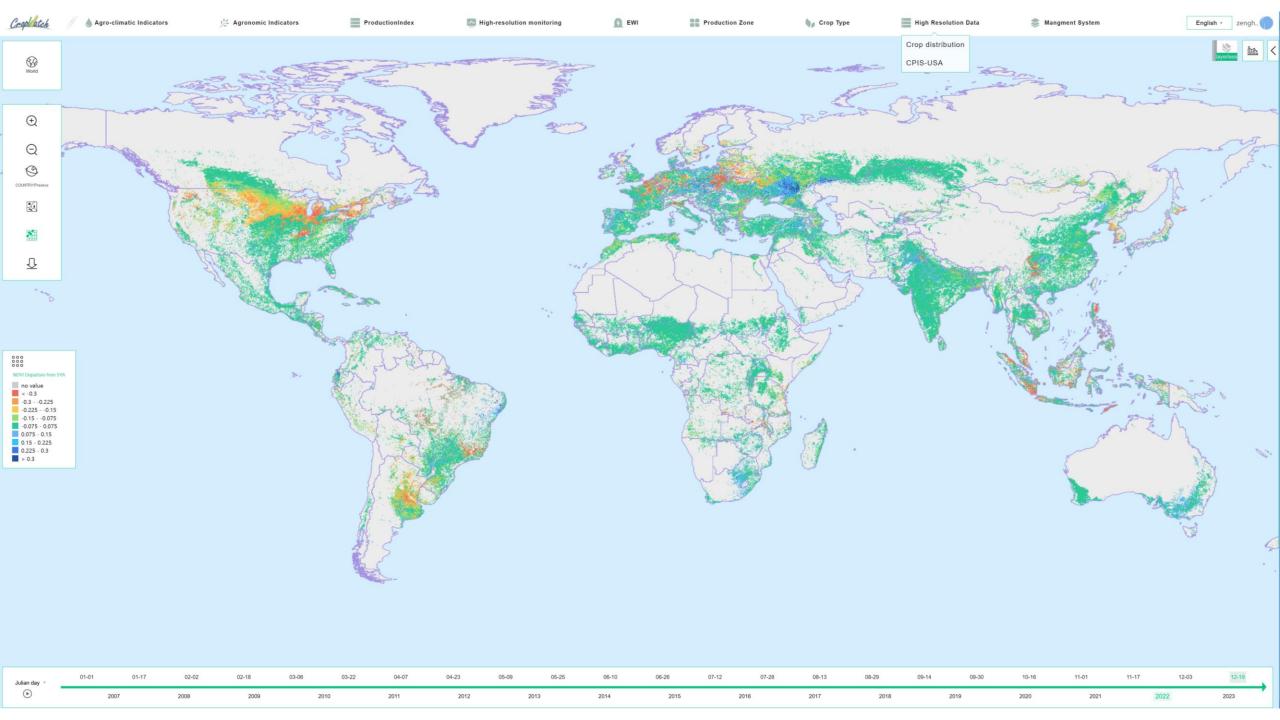




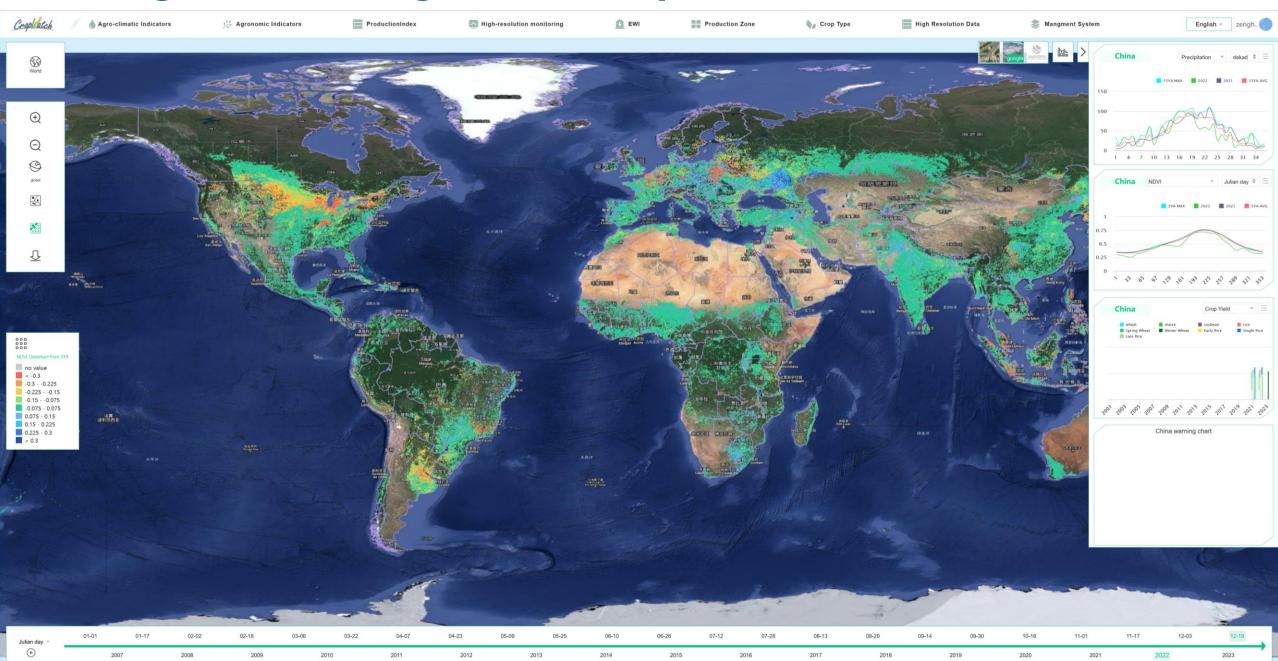




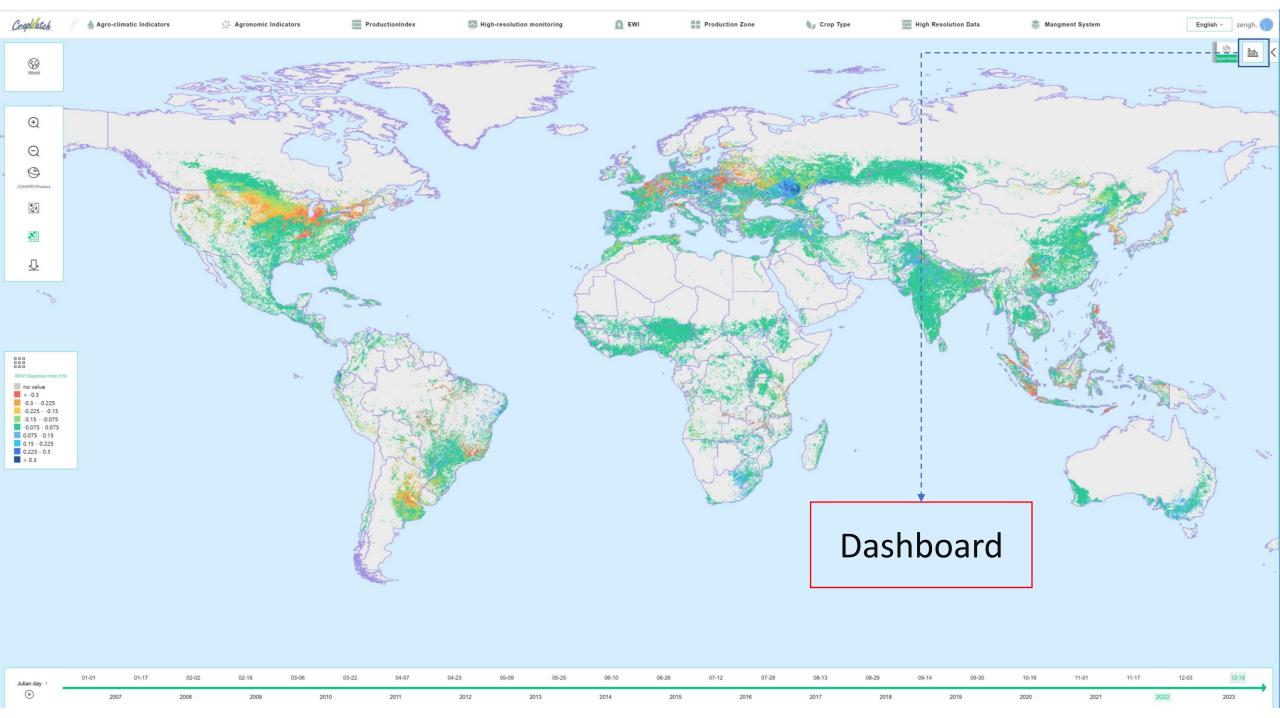


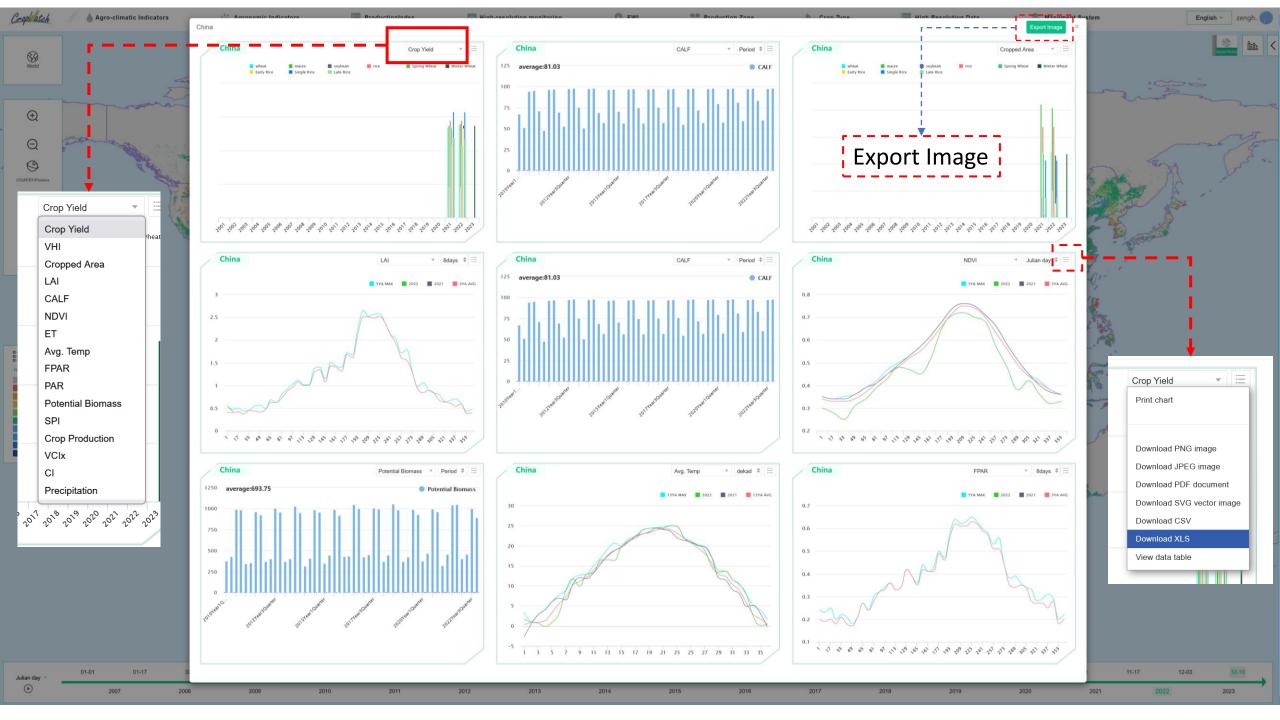


Change the background map



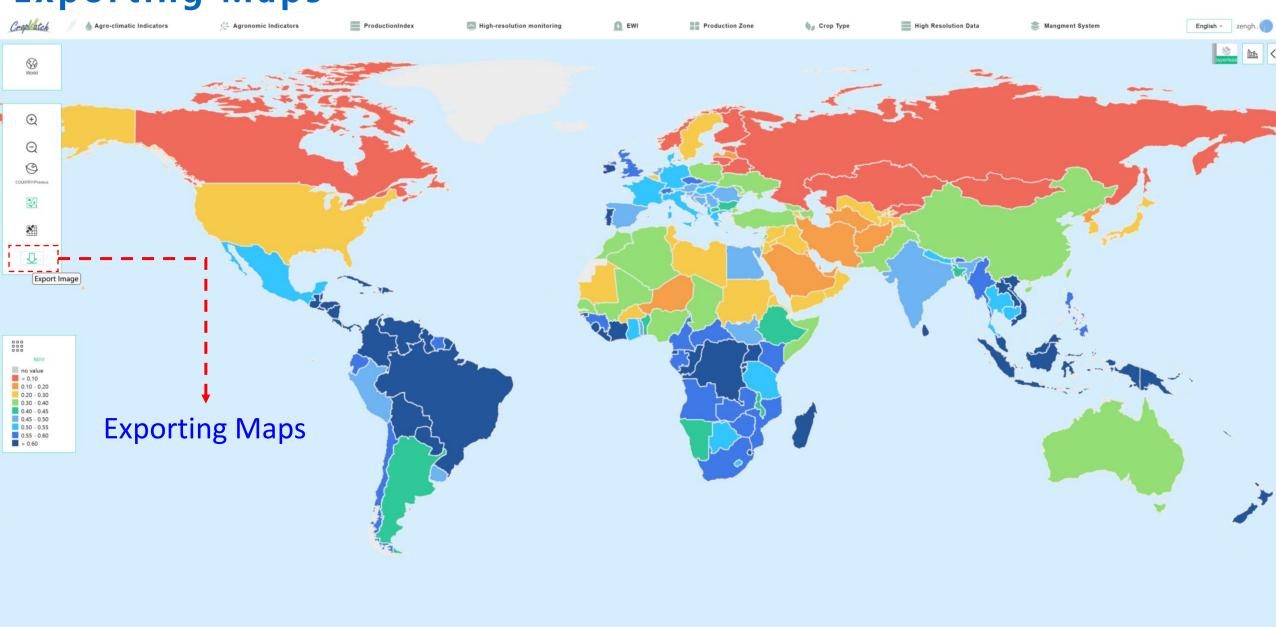




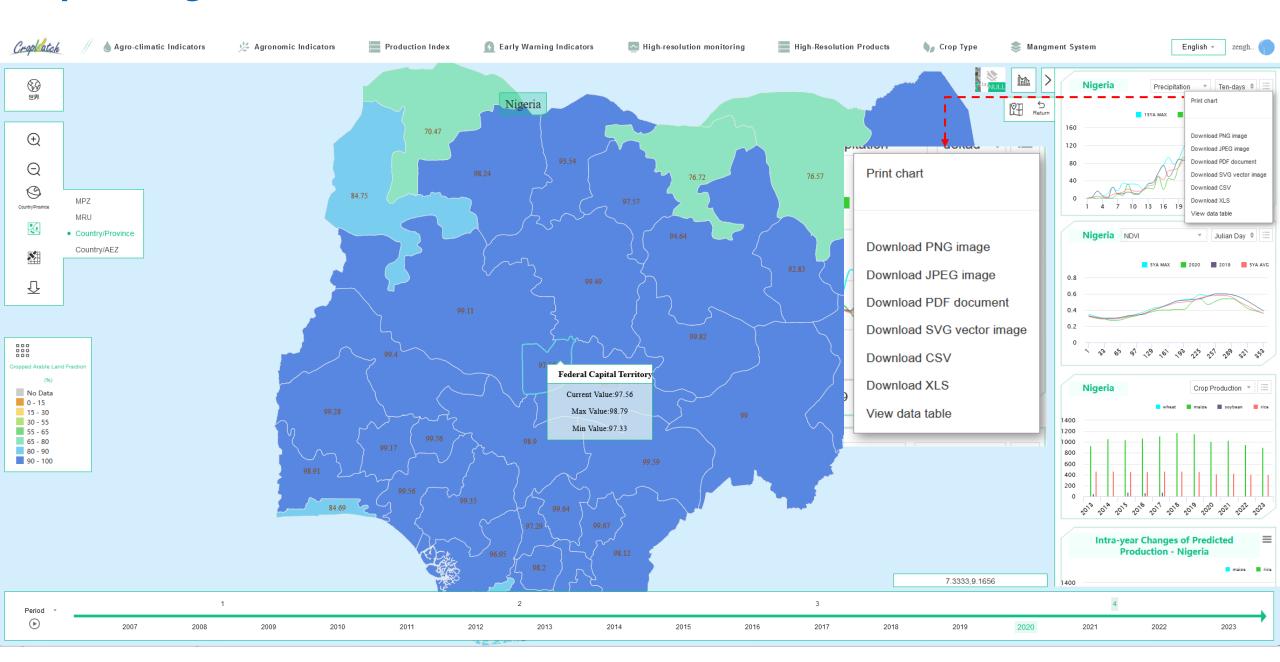




Exporting Maps



Exporting Tables



Welcome to join us!!!

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ANSO project(No. ANSO-SBA-2022-02) **NSFC-UNEP Project(No. 41861144019)** CropWatch4GEOGLAM(No.2019YFE0126900)















