SESSION 3

5th United Nations Ocean Forum

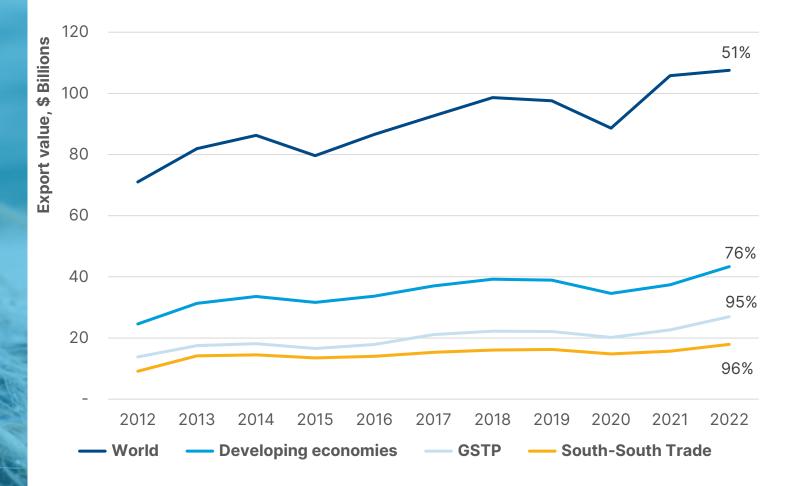
Harnessing the GSTP potential to enhance South-South trade in fisheries and aquaculture products

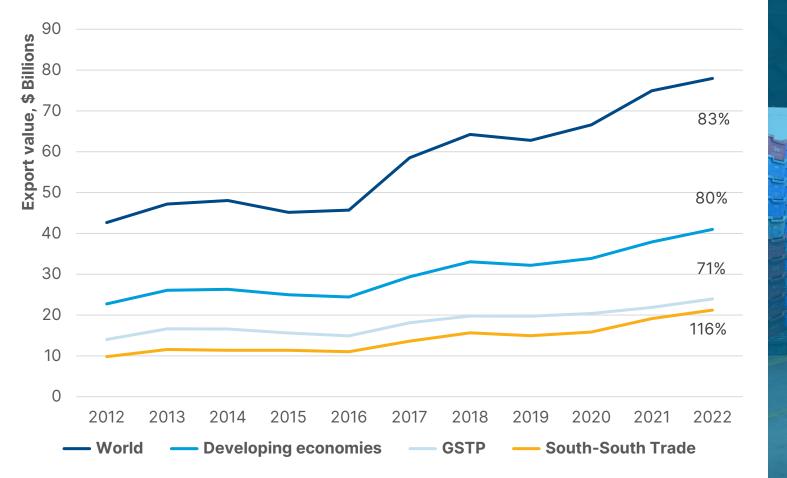
UNCTAD Secretariat





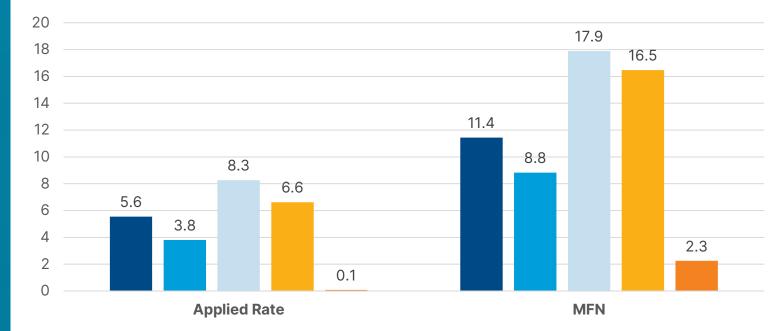
Developing countries and GSTP participants export growth rates in primary marine fisheries and aquaculture surpasses global rates over the last decade (2012– 2022).





South-South trade in seafood processed products has outpaced global exports of primary products in the last decade (2012-2022).





■ Fish, crustaceans, molluscs

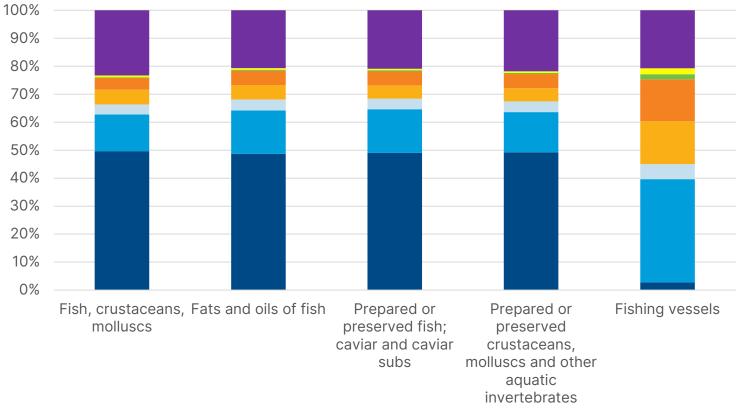
Fats and oils of fish

Prepared or preserved fish; caviar and caviar subs

Prepared or preserved crustaceans, molluscs and other aquatic invertebrates

Fishing vessels; factory ships and other vessels

Tariff reductions could support intra-GSTP trade growth in ocean-based products particularly on an inter-regional basis.



SPS TBT Pre-shipment Quantity control Price control Finance Other Export

SPS and TBT strongly affect food products, while vessels face TBT and quantity control measures.

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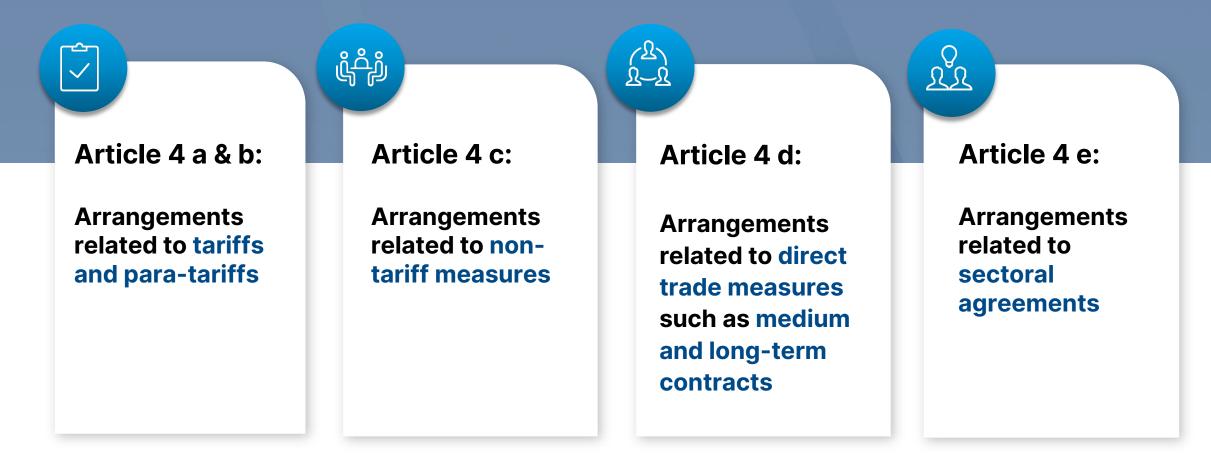


A large number of GSTP participants have a comparative advantage in oceanbased products, with limited overlapping.





Recommendation: Make use of the GSTP or other forms of South-South trade cooperation under the WTO Enabling clause to secure diversification & resilience under an uncertain geopolitical scenario



Thank you

