### WORKSHOP ON SUSTAINABLE AND EFFECTIVE SUBSTITUTES AND ALTERNATIVES FOR PLASTICS

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Session 2: Minimum criteria for life cycle analysis

Megan Jungwiwattanaporn Officer, Conservation Support The Pew Charitable Trusts



# BREAKING THE PLASTIC WAVE

## Breaking the Plastic Wave

A COMPREHENSIVE ASSESSMENT OF PATHWAYS TOWARDS STOPPING OCEAN PLASTIC POLLUTION

















### SUITE OF SOLUTIONS TO THE PLASTIC POLLUTION PROBLEM

Leakage to the ocean under different scenarios, Mt per year



#### Figure 28: Utility demand in 2016 and 2040, and how it is met by the Substitute levers in the System Change Scenario

The System Change Scenario shows 17 per cent of plastic production substituted with alternatives by 2040

450 400 125 350 Million metric tons of plastic utility 18 300 14 250 39 420 200 150 224 215 100 50 0 2016 2040 Reduce Compostables Paper Coated Remaining plastic utility plastic utility Intervention paper plastic demand waste demand generated

This figure shows plastic utility demand in 2016, 2040, and in 2040 after the Reduce and Substitute levers are applied.

🚯 Reduce 🔤 Substitute

### SUBSTITUTE INTERVENTION

Six plastic

subcategories with

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the largest

substitute potential

by mass

Plastics subcategories	Per cent & mass of plastic subcategory substituted in 2040	Paper and compostable substitutes
Monomaterial films	41% 45 million metric tons	<ul> <li>Paper/coated paper where water barrier properties not necessary</li> <li>compostable plastic, cellulosics, alginates transparency is essential</li> </ul>
Other rigid monomaterial packaging	<ul><li>23%</li><li>9.5 million metric tons</li></ul>	• Paper and compostable substitutes available for expanded polystyrene and other protective packaging
Sachets and multilayer films	7% 4 million metric tons	• Coated paper and compostable alternatives
Carrier bags	13% 4 million metric tons	<ul> <li>Compostable bags water resistance required (for meat, fish, etc.)</li> <li>paper bags widespread today</li> </ul>
Pots, tubs, and trays	12% 3 million metric tons	<ul><li>Paper punnets for fresh produce;</li><li>coated paper for other</li></ul>
Food service disposables	17% 2 million metric tons	• Widely available alternatives, e.g., bamboo cutlery, paper/coated paper clamshells and cups, banana leaf wraps



### CAVEAT ON COMPOSTABLES AND BIOPLASTICS



#### FEASIBILITY FRAMEWORK CRITERIA

#### a Technology test

What is the technology readiness level (TRL)?

#### b Performance test

Does the intervention satisfy performance & health requirements?

#### c Affordability test

What is cost impact on consumers?

#### d Convenience test

Is it acceptable for lifestyle and convenience?



### LCA CONSIDERATIONS

- Sustainability of sourcing raw materials
- Presence of waste infrastructure to collect and process substitutes
- Overall GHG emissions
- Likelihood of being litter or ending up in the environment
- Impacts to people and nature after entering the environment
- Health concerns









Changing the plastic system – many single-use plastic products would be eliminated or replaced by reusable items and new delivery models.

Nonrecyclable and hard-to-recycle plastics could be substituted to paper or compostable materials.

The remaining plastic waste being recycled at much higher rates, resulting in much less plastic polluting the environment.



# THANK YOU

pewtrusts.org/plastics Any questions? - mjungwi@pewtrusts.org

