UNCTAD Ad Hoc Expert Meeting on Assessing Port Performance

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The Capacity in Container Port Terminals

by

Ms. Ana M. Martín Soberón R&D Project Manager Port Development Department Fundación Valenciaport

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INTRO	DUCTION	V: Categories to measure port performance
Category		Definition
	Output	It expresses the amount of cargo a terminal handles over a period of time, without specifying the resources utilised. When output is expressed in monetary units, financial indicators are built. Examples: Annual traffic or throughput (t/year; TEUs/year)
Operational port performance	Productivity	It is related to the work rate of the various resources a terminal has. That is, productivity can be defined as the <u>amount of cargo (output) that a terminal handles</u> <u>per unit of time and resource.</u> Examples: Berthing facility productivity (TEUs/m y year); Vessel productivity at port (TEUs/h); Crane productivity (movements/h)
	Utilisation	It is the ratio (expressed in percentage form) between the utilisation of a given resource and the maximum utilisation possible over a period of time.
Efficiency		Examples: Berth facility utilisation (% of occupancy) It is the utilisation of ratios that express the coefficient between a result (output) – traffic- and a resource (input) –infrastructure and equipment
Capacity		It is the maximum traffic a port terminal can handle in a given scenario.
Level of Service	9	It provides a measure of the quality perceived by system clients and users.
ource: Monfort et Ad Hoc Expert M	al. (2011) leeting on Assessing	Port Performance, Geneva, 12 December 2012











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	LEVEL OF SERVICE	Relative waiting time		LEVELS O	F SERVICE		
	D	> 0,2	-	-	-	-	
	С	0,1 - 0,2	-	СС	BC	AC	
	В	0,05 - 0,1	-	СВ	BB	AB	
	А	up to 0,05	-	CA	BA	AA	
				35-50	50-65	> 65	
			Annual avera	age productivity o	of vessel at berth	(P) (cont./h)	
			D	С	В	А	
			LEVEL OF SERVICE				
	Source: Monfort	et al. (2011)					
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		$C_B = n$	хфхt _{year} хР
DREWRY RECOMMENDATION F	OR C _B		
BERTH CAPACITY	(TEU per me	tre of quay p.a.)	
Mixed arrival schedule, competition encouraged, free-market tariff, gateway port	1.300	1.600	1.700
Mixed arrival schedule, regulated tariff, high berth occupancy, common user facility, gateway port	1.000	1.200	1.500
Tightly scheduled ship arrivals, low priority given to competition policy, high transhipment activity	800	1.000	1.200
	S	IZE OF THE TERM	IINAL
SCENARIO	Small > 250 m < 500 m	Medium > 500 m < 1.000 m	Large > 1.000 m
Source: Drewry (2002 y 2010)			
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FVP RE	ECOMME	ENDATION	N FOR C _B	Lenght of Relative v Number o Traffic cha Average n	berth vaiting time of berths aractisation umber of c	and system	n byed
March and Ann posts			BERTHI CAPACITY - CONTAINER TERMINAL (containers) metric of berth and year) Length of each berth - goo m, t _{im} = fl.flag th Relative waiting time: T _i /T _i = 0.og = 0.ta - 0.30				
Liter Tabla ste Aset sa	1.4	275-799-399	997-1429-1459	1,210 - 1,459 - 1,655	1405-1600-1295	1319-3480 1.895	1,599 - 3,378 - 1,591
	1 10 1	441-645-665	105-1,065-1,2M	1,085-1,299-1,452	1,199-1,419-1,579	1,230 - 2,424 - 2,620	2,390 - 1,590 - 1,690
	~	589-535-340	760-903-5.085	915-1,085-1,140	1090-1210-1345	1,147-3,859-2,670	1,190 - 1,399 - 1,459
		945-646-840	615-766-945	151-305-1121	$0_{75}\cdot x_{4}ssg\cdot x_{5}zzm$	201-2,058-2,155	(300 - 1,-105 - 1,-110
MILAN Nordere Mersensen Norder		san-alte-alte	Sto-305-885	yes-sector	945-3,445-3,394	6489-6499-5499	4,465-4,359-1,539
	4	10-140-135	495-San-Rat	101-R45-1,451	810-985-1.175	530-1,all5-1,25e	1,000-1,155-1,310
	1 10 1	(100) (000 - 34 <u>3</u>)	985-515-205	pilo - pog - Rpg.	615-840-975	775-945-1,454	835-945-6,090
		Bu-afai-175	314-645-950	add star-yes	940-655-780	Ras- pag-Ban	665-178-875
				-		1	













<u></u>		C _γ ≠#gro	und_slot x h x _3
FVP RECOMMENDA For each type of yard Area density x Operat	TION FOR C _B equipment: ional average stackin	g height = <mark>Static capac</mark>	ity (C _s)
Equipment (wide; nominal stacking height)	Area density (ground slots ha)	Operational average stacking height (h)	System density or static capacity (C _s) (TEU/ha)
Chasis	150 - 250	1,00	150 - 200
Forklift (–; 3)	130 - 190	1,80	234 - 300
Reachstacker (–; 3)	200 – 260	1,80	360 - 450
SC (–; 3+1)	265 – 330	1,80	475 - 500
RTG (6; 4+1)	260 - 300	2,40	650 - 670
RTG (7; 5+1)	290 - 310	2,75	800 - 850
RTG (8; 5+1)	300 - 350	2,75	825 – 965
RMG (9; 4+1)	340 - 430	2,80	1.100 - 1.200
Source: Monfort et al. (2	2011)		
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