

Expert meeting on statistical methodologies for measuring illicit financial flows

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Advances in building a statistical framework to measure IFFs

**Enrico Bisogno** 

Chief, Data Development and Dissemination Unit Research and Trends Analysis Branch

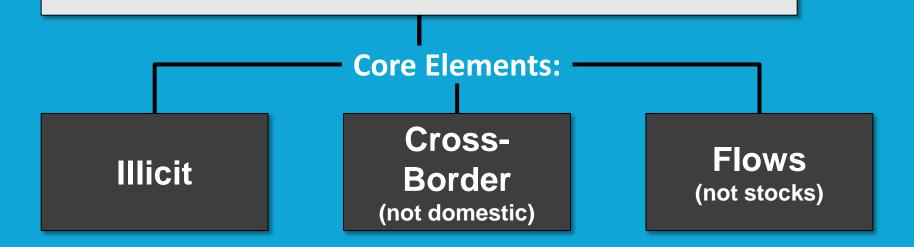




## **Defining IFFs for statistical purposes**

# Monetary measure of:

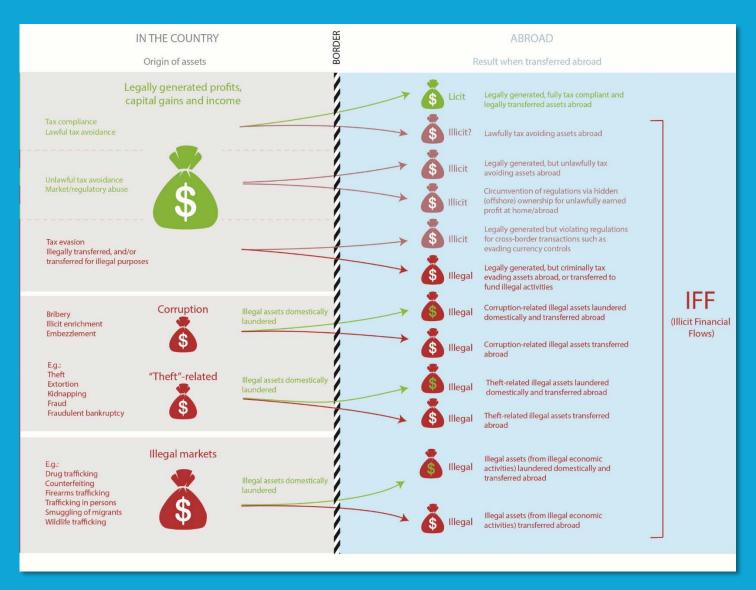
- International transfers of illicitly earned capital
- (Originally) legal capital transferred internationally for illicit purposes
- (Originally) legal capital transferred illicitly







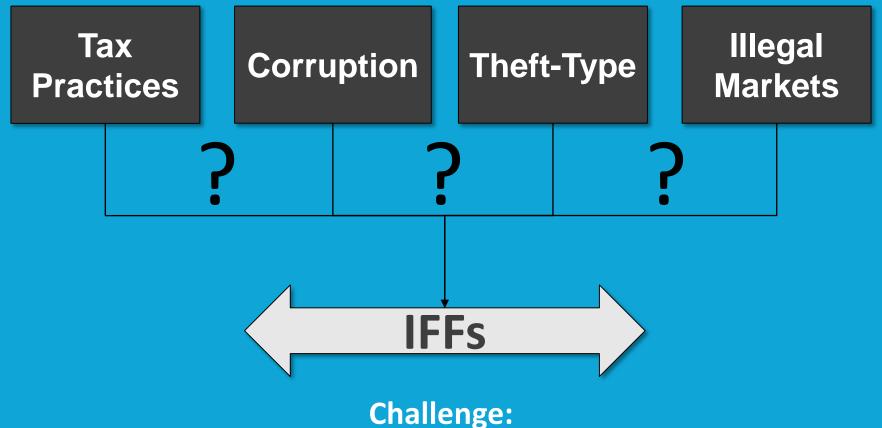
## **Case-based identification of IFFs**







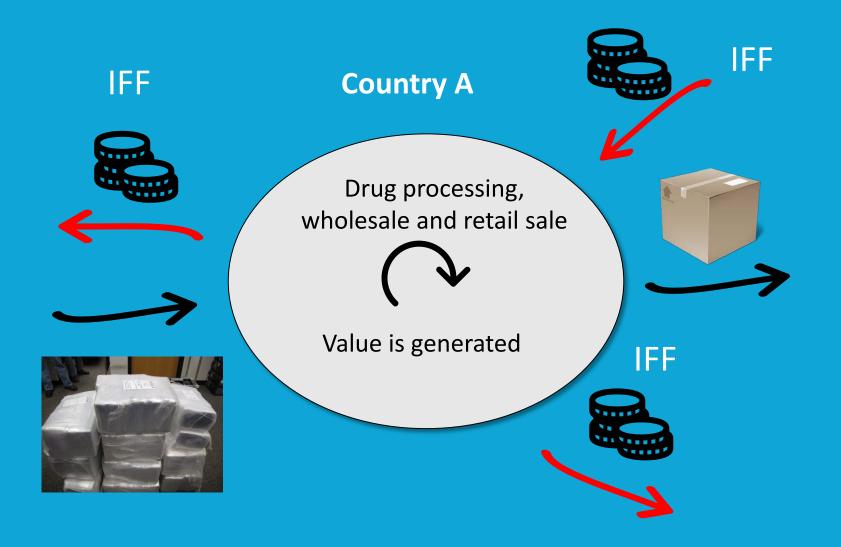
## Distinguishing four types of IFFs:



Moving from a case-based identification of IFFs to a comprehensive measurement framework for statistical purposes (country-based)



# An example, drug trafficking







# Conceptualizing a Statistical Framework for Measuring IFFs

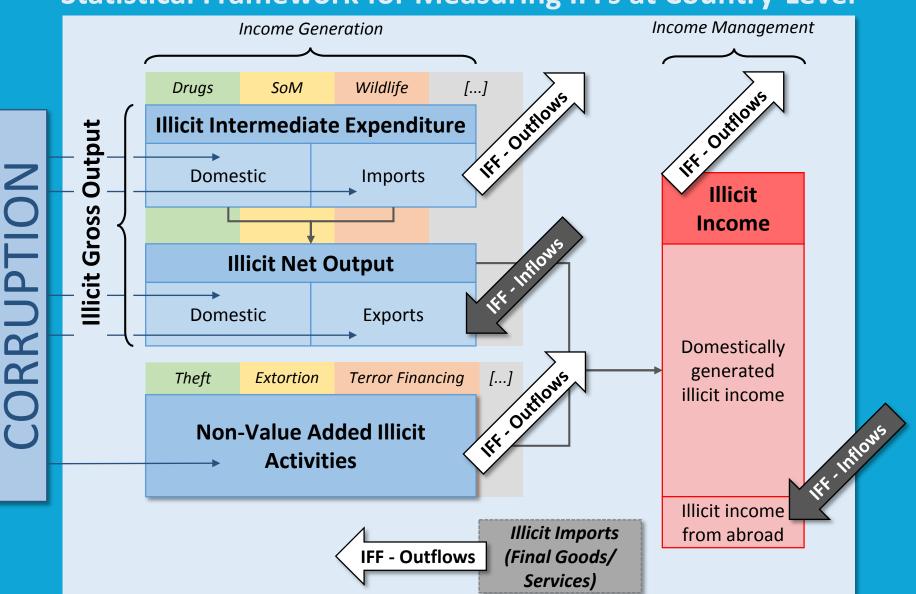
#### **Key requirements:**

- Country-Level: Allows to measure IFFs at the level of countries (in line with SDG indicator framework)
- Comprehensive: Encompasses both IFFs and underlying illicit markets as well as all types of illicit activities that cause IFFs
- Compatible: Aligns to established concepts and standards from economics and accounting





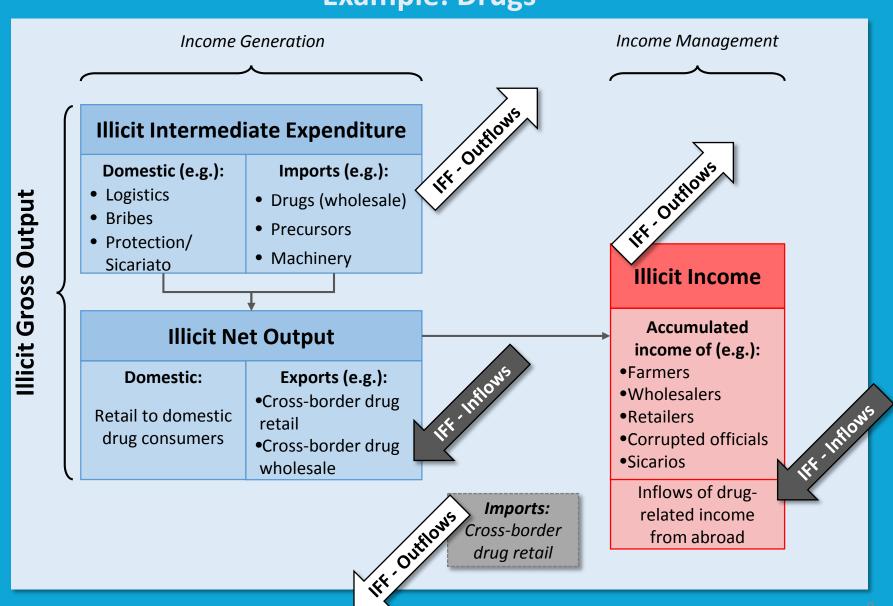
#### Statistical Framework for Measuring IFFs at Country-Level







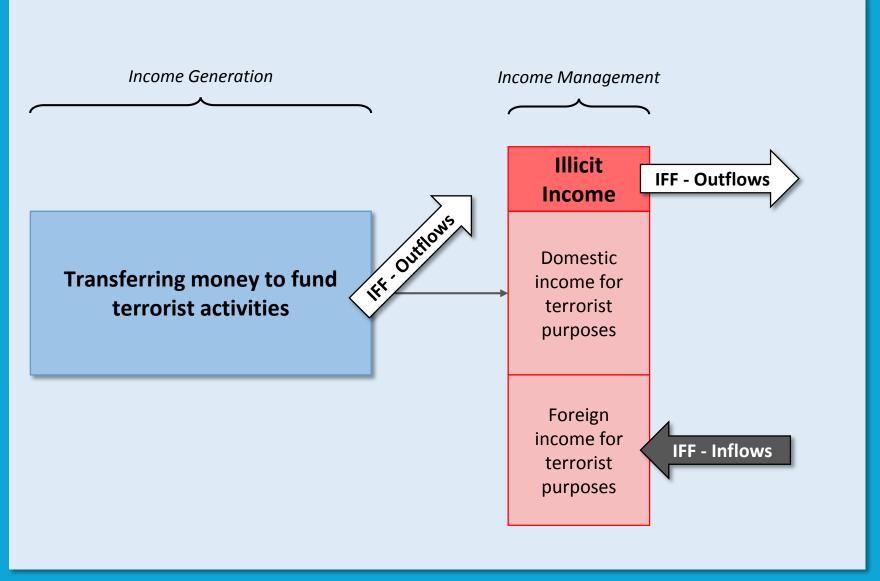
#### **Example: Drugs**







## **Example: Financing of Terrorism**







# **Dual Focus in Measuring IFFs**

#### **Income Generation**

- Various types of illicit markets and activities
- Functioning of illicit value chains
- Supply and demand of illicit goods and services
- Prices of illicit goods and services

## **Income Management**

- Distribution of income among different types of illicit actors
- Consumption and investment patterns of illicit actors
- Illicit finance and wealth management





Thank you.

enrico.bisogno@un.org